







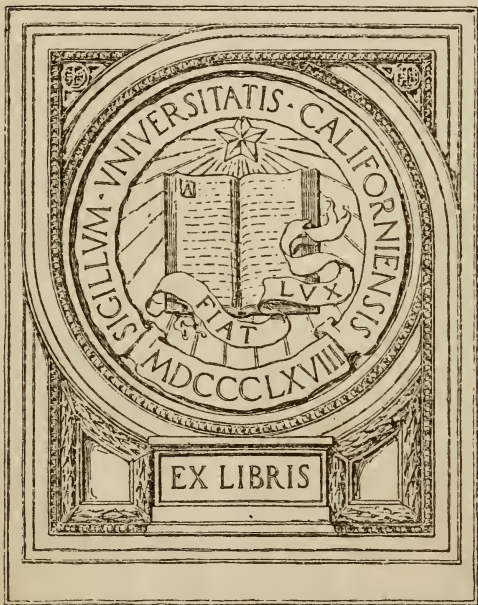








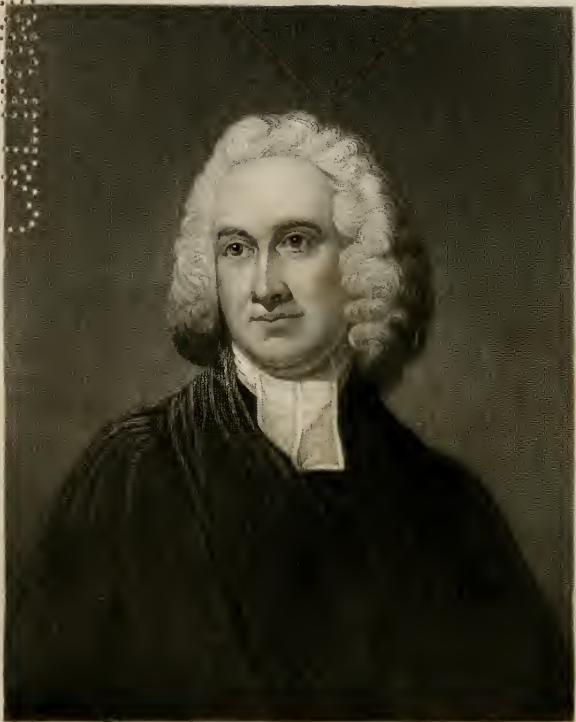
IN MEMORIAM  
Mary J. L. McDonald



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THE  
COMPLAINT;  
OR,  
NIGHT-THOUGHTS  
ON  
LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALITY.

BY  
EDWARD YOUNG, LL.D.

~~~~~  
Sunt lacrymæ rerum, et mentem mortalia tangunt.  
~~~~~  
VIRGIL.

NEW YORK:  
ROBERT CARTER & BROTHERS,  
No. 530 BROADWAY.

1868.

To  
Messrs. J. P. & S. Donald

~~~~~  
THOMAS B. SMITH, STEREOTYPER,  
216 WILLIAM STREET, N. Y.



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# MEMOIR

OF

EDWARD YOUNG, LL.D.

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EDWARD YOUNG was born at Upham, near Winchester in June, 1681. He was placed by his father, Dr. Edward YOUNG, dean of Sarum, upon the foundation at Winchester College; and, in 1703, was entered an independent member of New College. Afterward he removed to Corpus Christi, where he entered himself a gentleman commoner. In 1708 Archbishop Tenison nominated him to a law-fellowship at All Souls.

On the 23d of April, 1714, Young took his degree of bachelor of civil law, and his doctor's degree on the 10th of June, 1719.

In 1721 he was ambitious of a seat in parliament, and stood candidate for Cirencester, but failed;—this circumstance, it is said, he constantly regretted in after life.

When he was almost fifty, Young entered into orders; and was appointed chaplain to George II. in 1728.

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In 1730 he was presented by his college to the rectory of Welwyn, in Hertfordshire; and in the following year was married to Lady Elizabeth Lee, daughter to the Earl of Lichfield, and widow of Colonel Lee, who brought him a son and heir.

Of his wife he was deprived in 1741; and to this event the public are indebted for the composition of his 'Night Thoughts,' in which he frequently refers to this afflictive dispensation. He had previously lost his daughter-in-law and her husband, whom he so pathetically laments under the names of Narcissa and Philander. It has generally been supposed that Lorenzo, the man of the world, represents his own son; but (if he had any particular individual in view,) with greater probability, Young intended to characterize one of the companions of the Duke of Wharton, with whom, in the earlier part of his life, he was very intimate.

This production appears to have been considered by his author as incomparably his best work; and certain it is, that, whatever celebrity Young might derive from his other writings, during his lifetime, to the 'Night Thoughts' alone he will owe his fame with future generations.

Dr. Young was a favorite of the Prince of Wales, father of George III.; and, for some time, was a pretty constant attendant at court; but, upon the Prince's death, all his

hopes of obtaining preferment were at an end; and the very desire of it, as appears from a passage in the 'Night Thoughts,' seemed to be laid aside; however in 1761 he was made Clerk of the Closet to the Princess-dowager of Wales. He died in the parsonage-house at Welwyn, April 12, 1765, in the eighty-fourth year of his age, and was buried under the altar-piece of that church, by the side of his wife.

The turn of Dr. Young's mind was naturally solemn: and he usually spent many hours in a day, when at home in the country, walking among the tombs in his own church-yard;—yet he was fond of innocent sports and amusements. His wit was ever poignant, and always levelled at those who showed any contempt for decency and religion. He was a popular preacher, and much followed for the grace and animation of his delivery. His writings were numerous, but their uniform tendency was the promotion of virtue, and the discouragement of vice.



# THE COMPLAINT.

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## NIGHT I.

### ON LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALITY.

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TO THE RIGHT HONORABLE ARTHUR ONSLOW,  
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Tired Nature's sweet restorer, balmy Sleep!  
He, like the world, his ready visit pays  
Where Fortune smiles; the wretched he forsakes;  
Swift on his downy pinion flies from woe,  
And lights on lids unsullied with a tear.

From short (as usual) and disturbed repose  
I wake: how happy they who wake no more!  
Yet that were vain, if dreams infest the grave.  
I wake, emerging from a sea of dreams  
Tumultuous; where my wreck'd, desponding thought  
From wave to wave of fancied misery

*Ed. G. ...*

At random drove, her helm of reason lost :  
Though now restored, 'tis only change of pain,  
(A bitter change !) severer for severe.  
The day too short for my distress ; and night,  
E'en in the zenith of her dark domain,  
Is sunshine to the color of my fate.

Night, sable goddess ! from her ebon throne,  
In rayless majesty, now stretches forth  
Her leaden sceptre o'er a slumb'ring world.  
Silence how dead ! and darkness how profound !  
Nor eye nor list'ning ear an object finds ;  
Creation sleeps. 'Tis as the general pulse  
Of life stood still, and Nature made a pause ;  
An awful pause ! prophetic of her end.  
And let her prophecy be soon fulfill'd :  
Fate ! drop the curtain ; I can lose no more.

Silence and Darkness ! solemn sisters ! twins  
From ancient Night, who nurse the tender thought  
To reason, and on reason build resolve,  
(That column of true majesty in man,)  
Assist me ; I will thank you in the grave ;  
The grave your kingdom : there this frame shall fall

A victim sacred to your dreary shrine.

But what are ye ?

Thou, who didst put to flight  
Primeval Silence, when the morning stars,  
Exulting, shouted o'er the rising ball ;  
O Thou, whose word from solid darkness struck  
That spark, the sun, strike wisdom from my soul ;  
My soul, which flies to thee, her trust, her treasure,  
As misers to their gold, while others rest.

Through this opaque of nature and of soul,  
This double night, transmit one pitying ray,  
To lighten and to cheer. O lead my mind,  
(A mind that fain would wander from its woe,)  
Lead it through various scenes of life and death,  
And from each scene the noblest truths inspire.  
Nor less inspire my conduct than my song ;  
Teach my best reason, reason ; my best will  
Teach rectitude ; and fix my firm resolve  
Wisdom to wed, and pay her long arrear ;  
Nor let the phial of thy vengeance, pour'd  
On this devoted head, be pour'd in vain.

The bell strikes one. We take no note of time

But from its loss : to give it then a tongue  
Is wise in man. As if an angel spoke,  
I feel the solemn sound. If heard aright,  
It is the knell of my departed hours.  
Where are they ? With the years beyond the flood.  
It is the signal that demands despatch :  
How much is to be done ! My hopes and fears  
Start up alarm'd, and o'er life's narrow verge  
Look down—on what ? A fathomless abyss ;  
A dread eternity ! how surely mine !  
And can eternity belong to me,  
Poor pensioner on the bounties of an hour ?  
How poor, how rich, how abject, how august,  
How complicate, how wonderful is man !  
How passing wonder HE who made him such !  
Who center'd in our make such strange extremes !  
From diff'rent natures, marvellously mix'd,  
Connection exquisite of distant worlds !  
Distinguish'd link in being's endless chain !  
Midway from nothing to the Deity !  
A beam ethereal, sullied and absorb'd !  
Though sullied and dishonor'd, still divine !



Dim miniature of greatness absolute ! —  
An heir of glory ! a frail child of dust ! —  
Helpless immortal ! insect infinite ! —  
A worm ! a god !—I tremble at myself, —  
And in myself am lost. At home a stranger,  
Thought wanders up and down, surprised, aghast,  
And wond'ring at her own. How reason reels !  
O what a miracle to man is man, —  
Triumphantly distress'd ! what joy ! what dread !  
Alternately transported and alarm'd ! —  
What can preserve my life ? or what destroy ? —  
An angel's arm can't snatch me from the grave :  
Legions of angels can't confine me there.  
✓ 'Tis past conjecture ; all things rise in proof :  
While o'er my limbs sleep's soft dominion spreads,  
What though my soul fantastic measures trod  
O'er fairy fields, or mourn'd along the gloom  
Of pathless woods, or down the craggy steep  
Hurl'd headlong, swam with pain the mantled pool,  
Or scaled the cliff, or danced on hollow winds  
With antic shapes, wild natives of the brain ?  
Her ceaseless flight, tho' devious, speaks her nature

Of subtler essence than the trodden clod,  
Active, aërial, towering, unconfined,  
Unfetter'd with her gross companion's fall.  
E'en silent night proclaims my soul immortal :  
E'en silent night proclaims eternal day.  
For human weal Heav'n husbands all events :  
Dull sleep instructs, nor sport vain dreams in vain.

Why then their loss deplore that are not lost ?  
Why wanders wretched thought their tombs around  
In infidel distress ? Are angels there ?  
Slumbers, raked up in dust, ethereal fire ?

They live ! they greatly live a life on earth  
Unkindled, unconceived ; and from an eye  
Of tenderness let heav'nly pity fall  
On me, more justly number'd with the dead.  
This is the desert, this the solitude :  
How populous, how vital is the grave !  
This is creation's melancholy vault,  
The vale funereal, the sad cypress gloom,  
The land of apparitions, empty shades !  
All, all on earth is shadow, all beyond

Is substance ; the reverse is folly's creed :  
How solid all, where change shall be no more !

This is the bud of being, the dim dawn,  
The twilight of our day, the vestibule.  
Life's theatre as yet is shut, and Death,  
Strong Death, alone can heave the massy bar,  
This gross impediment of clay remove,  
And make us embryos of existence free.

From real life, but little more remote  
Is he, not yet a candidate for light,  
The future embryo, slumb'ring in his sire.

Embryos we must be till we burst the shell,  
Yon ambient azure shell, and spring to life,  
The life of gods (O transport !) and of man.

Yet man, fool man, here buries all his thoughts ;  
Inters celestial hopes without one sigh :  
Pris'ner of earth, and pent beneath the moon,  
Here pinions all his wishes ; wing'd by Heav'n  
To fly at infinite, and reach it there,  
Where seraphs gather immortality,  
On life's fair tree, fast by the throne of God.  
What golden joys ambrosial clust'ring glow

In his full beam, and ripen for the just,  
 Where momentary ages are no more!  
 Where Time, and Pain, and Chance, and Death expire!  
 And is it in the flight of threescore years  
 To push eternity from human thought,  
 And smother souls immortal in the dust?  
 A soul immortal, spending all her fires,  
 Wasting her strength in strenuous idleness,  
 Thrown into tumult, raptur'd or alarm'd  
 At aught this scene can threaten or indulge,  
 Resembles ocean into tempest wrought,  
 To waft a feather or to drown a fly.

Where falls this censure? It o'erwhelms myself.  
 How was my heart incrust'd by the world!  
 O how self-fetter'd was my grov'ling soul!  
 How like a worm was I wrapt round and round  
 In silken thought, which reptile Fancy spun,  
 Till darken'd Reason lay quite clouded o'er  
 With soft conceit of endless comfort here,  
 Nor yet put forth her wings to reach the skies!

Night visions may befriend (as sung above):  
 Our waking dreams are fatal. How I dreamt

Of things impossible! (could sleep do more?)

Of joys perpetual in perpetual change!

Of stable pleasures on the tossing wave!

Eternal sunshine in the storms of life!

How richly were my noontide trances hung

With gorgeous tapestries of pictured joys!

Joy behind joy, in endless perspective!

Till at Death's toll, whose restless iron tongue

Calls daily for his millions at a meal,

Starting I woke, and found myself undone.

Where now my frenzy's pompous furniture?

The cobwebb'd cottage, with its ragged wall

Of mould'ring mud, is royalty to me!

The spider's most attenuated thread

Is cord, is cable, to man's tender tie

On earthly bliss; it breaks at every breeze.

O ye blest scenes of permanent delight!

Full above measure! lasting beyond bound!

A perpetuity of bliss is bliss.

Could you, so rich in rapture, fear an end,

That ghastly thought would drink up all your joy,

And quite unparadise the realms of light.

Safe are you lodged above these rolling spheres ;  
The baleful influence of whose giddy dance  
Sheds sad vicissitude on all beneath.

Here teem the revolutions every hour,  
And rarely for the better ; or the best,  
More mortal than the common births of Fate.

Each Moment has its sickle, emulous  
Of Time's enormous scythe, whose ample sweep  
Strikes empires from the root : each Moment plays  
His little weapon in the narrower sphere  
Of sweet domestic comfort, and cuts down  
The fairest bloom of sublunary bliss.

Bliss ! sublunary bliss !—proud words and vain !  
Implicit treason to divine decree !  
A bold invasion of the rights of Heav'n !  
I clasp'd the phantoms, and I found them air.  
O had I weigh'd it ere my fond embrace !  
What darts of agony had miss'd my heart !  
Death ! great proprietor of all ! 'tis thine  
To tread out empire, and to quench the stars.  
The sun himself by thy permission shines,  
And, one day, thou shalt pluck him from his sphere.

Amidst such mighty plunder, why exhaust  
Thy partial quiver on a mark so mean ?  
Why thy peculiar rancor wreak'd on me ?  
Insatiate archer ! could not one suffice ?  
Thy shaft flew thrice, and thrice my peace was slain ;  
And thrice, ere thrice yon moon had filled her horn.  
O Cynthia ! why so pale ? dost thou lament  
Thy wretched neighbor ? grieve to see thy wheel  
Of ceaseless change outwhirl'd in human life ?  
How wanes my borrow'd bliss ! from Fortune's smile,  
Precarious courtesy ! not Virtue's sure,  
Self-given, solar ray of sound delight.

In ev'ry varied posture, place, and hour,  
How widow'd ev'ry thought of ev'ry joy !  
Thought, busy thought ! too busy for my peace !  
Through the dark postern of time long elapsed,  
Led softly, by the stillness of the night,  
Led, like a murderer (and such it proves !)  
Strays (wretched rover !) o'er the pleasing past ;  
In quest of wretchedness perversely strays ;  
And finds all desert now ; and meets the ghosts  
Of my departed joys, a num'rous train !



I rue the riches of my former fate ;  
Sweet Comfort's blasted clusters I lament ;  
I tremble at the blessings once so dear,  
And ev'ry pleasure pains me to the heart.

Yet why complain ? or why complain for one ?  
Hangs out the sun his lustre but for me,  
The single man ? are angels all beside ?  
I mourn for millions : 'tis the common lot ;  
In this shape, or in that, has Fate entail'd  
The mother's throes on all of woman born,  
Not more the children than sure heirs of pain.

War, famine, pest, volcano, storm, and fire,  
Intestine broils, Oppression, with her heart  
Wrapt up in triple brass, besiege mankind.  
God's image, disinherited of day,  
Here, plunged in mines, forgets a sun was made ;  
There, beings, deathless as their haughty lord,  
Are hammer'd to the galling oar for life ;  
And plough the winter's wave, and reap despair,  
Some for hard masters, broken under arms,  
In battle lopp'd away, with half their limbs,  
Beg bitter bread through realms their valor saved,



If so the tyrant or his minion doom.  
Want, and incurable disease, (fell pair !)  
On hopeless multitudes remorseless seize  
At once, and make a refuge of the grave.  
How groaning hospitals eject their dead !  
What numbers groan for sad admission there !  
What numbers, once in Fortune's lap high fed,  
Solicit the cold hand of charity !  
To shock us more, solicit it in vain !  
Ye silken sons of Pleasure ! since in pains  
You rue more modish visits, visit here,  
And breathe from your debauch ; give, and reduce  
Surfeit's dominion o'er you : but so great  
Your impudence, you blush at what is right.

Happy ! did sorrow seize on such alone :  
Not prudence can defend, or virtue save ;  
Disease invades the chastest temperance,  
And punishment the guiltless ; and alarm,  
Through thickest shades, pursues the fond of peace.  
Man's caution often into danger turns,  
And, his guard falling, crushes him to death.  
Not Happiness herself makes good her name :

Our very wishes give us not our wish.  
How distant oft the thing we dote on most  
From that for which we dote, felicity!  
The smoothest course of Nature has its pains;  
And truest friends, through error, wound our rest.  
Without misfortune, what calamities!  
And what hostilities, without a foe!  
Nor are foes wanting to the best on earth.  
But endless is the list of human ills,  
And sighs might sooner fail than cause to sigh.  
A part how small of the terraqueous globe  
Is tenanted by man! the rest a waste,  
Rocks, deserts, frozen seas, and burning sands:  
Wild haunts of monsters, poisons, stings, and death.  
Such is earth's melancholy map! but, far  
More sad! this earth is a true map of man:  
So bounded are its haughty lord's delights  
To woe's wide empire, where deep troubles toss,  
Loud sorrows howl, envenom'd passions bite,  
Rav'nous calamities our vitals seize,  
And threat'ning Fate wide opens to devour.  
What then am I, who sorrow for myself?

In age, in infancy, from others' aid  
Is all our hope ; to teach us to be kind.  
That, Nature's first, last lesson to mankind :  
The selfish heart deserves the pain it feels.  
More gen'rous sorrow, while it sinks, exalts ;  
And conscious virtue mitigates the pang.  
Nor virtue more than prudence bids me give  
Swoll'n thought a second channel ; who divide,  
They weaken, too, the torrent of their grief.  
Take, then, O world ! thy much-indebted tear ;  
How sad a sight is human happiness  
To those whose thought can pierce beyond an hour !  
O thou ! whate'er thou art, whose heart exults !  
Wouldst thou I should congratulate thy fate ?  
I know thou wouldst ; thy pride demands it from me.  
Let thy pride pardon, what thy nature needs,  
The salutary censure of a friend.  
Thou happy wretch ! by blindness art thou blest ;  
By dotage dandled to perpetual smiles !  
Know, smiler ! at thy peril art thou pleased ;  
Thy pleasure is the promise of thy pain. ✓  
Misfortune, like a creditor severe,

But rises in demand for her delay ;  
She makes a scourge of past prosperity,  
To sting thee more, and double thy distress.  
Lorenzo, Fortune makes her court to thee :  
Thy fond heart dances while the siren sings.  
Dear is thy welfare ; think me not unkind ;  
I would not damp, but to secure, thy joys.  
Think not that fear is sacred to the storm ;  
Stand on thy guard against the smiles of Fate.  
Is heav'n tremendous in its frowns ? most sure !  
And in its favors formidable too :  
Its favors here are trials, not rewards ;  
A call to duty, not discharge from care ;  
And should alarm us full as much as woes ;  
Awake us to their cause and consequence,  
And make us tremble, weigh'd with our desert ;  
Awe nature's tumult, and chastise her joys,  
Lest while we clasp, we kill them ; nay, invert  
To worse than simple misery their charms.  
Revolted joys, like foes in civil war,  
Like bosom friendships to resentment sour'd,  
With rage envenom'd rise against our peace.

Beware what earth calls happiness; beware

All joys but joys that never can expire.

Who builds on less than an immortal base,

Fond as he seems, condemns his joys to death.

Mine died with thee, Philander! thy last sigh

Dissolved the charm: the disenchanted earth

Lost all her lustre. Where her glitt'ring towers?

Her golden mountains where? all darken'd down

To naked waste; a dreary vale of tears:

The great magician's dead! Thou poor, pale piece

Of outcast earth, in darkness! what a change

From yesterday! Thy darling hope so near,

(Long labor'd prize!) O how ambition flush'd

Thy glowing cheek! ambition, truly great,

Of virtuous praise. Death's subtle seed within,

(Sly, treach'rous miner!) working in the dark,

Smiled at thy well-concerted scheme, and beckon'd

The worm to riot on that rose so red,

Unfaded ere it fell; one moment's prey!

Man's foresight is conditionally wise;

Lorenzo! wisdom into folly turns

Oft the first instant; its idea fair

To laboring thought is born. How dim our eye!  
The present moment terminates our sight;  
Clouds, thick as those on doomsday, drown the next;  
We penetrate, we prophesy in vain.  
Time is dealt out by particles, and each,  
Ere mingled with the streaming sands of life,  
By Fate's inviolable oath is sworn  
Deep silence, "Where eternity begins."

By Nature's law, what may be, may be now;  
There's no prerogative in human hours.  
In human hearts what bolder thought can rise  
Than man's presumption on to-morrow's dawn?  
Where is to-morrow? In another world.  
For numbers this is certain: the reverse  
Is sure to none; and yet on this Perhaps,  
This Peradventure, infamous for lies,  
As on a rock of adamant, we build  
Our mountain hopes, spin our eternal schemes,  
As we the Fatal Sisters could outspin,  
And, big with life's futurities, expire.  
Not e'en Philander had bespoke his shroud,  
Nor had he cause, a warning was denied:

How many fall as sudden, not as safe ;  
As sudden, though for years admonish'd home !  
Of human ills the last extreme beware ;  
Beware, Lorenzo ! a slow-sudden death.  
How dreadful that deliberate surprise !  
Be wise to-day ; 'tis madness to defer :  
Next day the fatal precedent will plead ;  
Thus on, till wisdom is push'd out of life.  
Procrastination is the thief of time ;  
Year after year it steals, till all are fled,  
And to the mercies of a moment leaves  
The vast concerns of an eternal scene.  
If not so frequent, would not this be strange ?  
That 'tis so frequent, this is stranger still.

Of man's miraculous mistakes, this bears  
The palm, " That all men are about to live,"  
Forever on the brink of being born.  
All pay themselves the compliment to think  
They, one day, shall not drivel ; and their pride  
On this reversion takes up ready praise ;  
At least their own ; their future selves applauds :  
How excellent that life they ne'er will lead !

Time lodged in their own hands is Folly's vails ;  
That lodged in Fate's, to wisdom they consign ;  
The thing they can't but purpose they postpone :  
'Tis not in folly not to scorn a fool ;  
And scarce in human wisdom to do more.

All promise is poor dilatory man,  
And that through ev'ry stage : when young, indeed,  
In full content we sometimes nobly rest,  
Unanxious for ourselves, and only wish,  
As duteous sons, our fathers were more wise.  
At thirty, man suspects himself a fool ;  
Knows it at forty, and reforms his plan ;  
At fifty, chides his infamous delay,  
Pushes his prudent purpose to resolve ;  
In all the magnanimity of thought  
Resolves, and re-resolves ; then dies the same.

And why ? because he thinks himself immortal.  
All men think all men mortal but themselves ;  
Themselves, when some alarming shock of fate  
Strikes thro' their wounded hearts the sudden dread ;  
But their hearts wounded, like the wounded air,  
Soon close ; where pass'd the shaft no trace is found.



As from the wing no scar the sky retains,  
The parted wave no furrow from the keel,  
So dies in human hearts the thought of death.  
E'en with the tender tear which nature sheds  
O'er those we love, we drop it in their grave.  
Can I forget Philander? that were strange!  
O my full heart!—But should I give it vent,  
The longest night, though longer far, would fail,  
And the lark listen to my midnight song.

The sprightly lark's shrill matin wakes the morn;  
Grief's sharpest thorn hard pressing on my breast,  
I strive, with wakeful melody, to cheer  
The sullen gloom, sweet Philomel! like thee,  
And call the stars to listen: ev'ry star  
Is deaf to mine, enamor'd of thy lay.  
Yet be not vain; there are who thine excel,  
And charm through distant ages. Wrapt in shade,  
Pris'ner of darkness! to the silent hours  
How often I repeat their rage divine,  
To lull my griefs, and steal my heart from woe!  
I roll their raptures, but not catch their flames.  
Dark, though not blind, like thee, Mæonides!

Or, Milton, thee! ah, could I reach your strain!  
Or his who made Mæonides our own.  
Man, too, he sung; immortal man I sing.  
Oft bursts my song beyond the bounds of life;  
What now but immortality can please?  
O had he pressed his theme, pursued the track  
Which opens out of darkness into day!  
O had he, mounted on his wing of fire,  
Soar'd where I sink, and sung immortal man,  
How had it blest mankind, and rescued me!

## NIGHT II.

ON TIME, DEATH, AND FRIENDSHIP.

---

TO THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE EARL OF WILMINGTON.

WHEN the cock crew, he wept,—smote by that Eye *huge*  
Which looks on me, on all; that Pow'r who bids  
This midnight sentinel, with clarion shrill  
(Emblem of that which shall awake the dead),  
Rouse souls from slumber into thoughts of heav'n.  
Shall I too weep? where then is fortitude?  
And, fortitude abandon'd, where is man?  
I know the terms on which he sees the light;  
He that is born is listed: life is war;  
Eternal war with woe: who bears it best  
Deserves it least.—On other themes I'll dwell.  
Lorenzo! let me turn my thoughts on thee:  
And thine on themes may profit; profit there

Where most thy need : themes, too, the genuine growth  
Of dear Philander's dust. He thus, though dead,  
May still befriend.—What themes? Time's wondrous  
price,

Death, friendship, and Philander's final scene!

So could I touch these themes as might obtain  
Thine ear, nor leave thy heart quite disengaged,  
The good deed would delight me; half impress  
On my dark cloud an Iris, and from grief  
Call glory.—Dost thou mourn Philander's fate?  
I know thou say'st it; says thy life the same?  
He mourns the dead, who lives as they desire.  
Where is that thrift, that avarice of time,  
(O glorious avarice!) thought of death inspires,  
As rumor'd robberies endear our gold?  
O Time! than gold more sacred; more a load  
Than lead to fools, and fools reputed wise.  
What moment granted man without account?  
What years are squander'd, wisdom's debt unpaid!  
Our wealth in days all due to that discharge.  
Haste, haste, he lies in wait, he's at the door,  
Insidious death! should his strong hand arrest,

No composition sets the pris'ner free.

Eternity's inexorable chain

Fast binds, and vengeance claims the full arrear.

How late I shudder'd on the brink! how late  
Life call'd for her last refuge in despair!

That time is mine, O Mead! to thee I owe;

Fain would I pay thee with eternity;

But ill my genius answers my desire:

My sickly song is mortal, past thy cure:

Accept the will;—it dies not with my strain.

For what calls thy disease, Lorenzo? Not

For Esculapian, but for moral aid.

Thou think'st it folly to be wise too soon.

Youth is not rich in time; it may be poor;

Part with it as with money, sparing: pay

No moment, but in purchase of its worth;

And what its worth, ask death-beds; they can tell.

Part with it as with life, reluctant; big

With holy hope of nobler time to come:

Time higher aim'd, still nearer the great mark

Of men and angels; virtue more divine.

Is this our duty, wisdom, glory, gain?

(These Heav'n benign in vital union binds)  
 And sport we like the natives of the bough,  
 When vernal suns inspire? Amusement reigns  
 Man's great demand: to trifle is to live:  
 And is it then a trifle, too, to die?

Thou say'st I preach, Lorenzo! 'Tis confest:  
 What if, for once, I preach thee quite awake?  
 Who wants amusement in the flame of battle?  
 Is it not treason to the soul immortal,  
 Her foes in arms, eternity the prize?  
 Will toys amuse when med'cines cannot cure?  
 When spirits ebb, when life's enchanting scenes  
 Their lustre lose, and lessen in our sight,  
 (As lands, and cities with their glitt'ring spires,  
 To the poor shatter'd bark, by sudden storm  
 Thrown off to sea, and soon to perish there,)  
 Will toys amuse? No; thrones will then be toys,  
 And earth and skies seem dust upon the scale.

Redeem we time?—Its loss we dearly buy.  
 What pleads Lorenzo for his high-prized sports?  
 He pleads time's num'rous blanks; he loudly pleads  
The straw-like trifles on life's common stream.

From whom these blanks and trifles, but from thee?  
No blank, no trifle, Nature made, or meant.  
Virtue, or purposed virtue, still be thine;  
This cancels thy complaint at once; this leaves  
In act no trifle, and no blank in time.  
This greatens, fills, immortalizes all;  
This the blest art of turning all to gold:  
This the good heart's prerogative to raise  
A royal tribute from the poorest hours;  
Immense revenue! ev'ry moment pays.  
If nothing more than purpose in thy pow'r,  
Thy purpose firm is equal to the deed:  
Who does the best his circumstance allows,  
Does well, acts nobly; angels could no more.  
Our outward act, indeed, admits restraint:  
'Tis not in things o'er thought to domineer;  
Guard well thy thought: our thoughts are heard in  
Heav'n.

On all-important time, through every age,  
Tho' much, and warm, the wise have urg'd, the man  
Is yet unborn who duly weighs an hour.  
"I've lost a day"—the prince who nobly cried,

Had been an emperor without his crown ;  
Of Rome ? say rather lord of human race !  
He spoke as if deputed by mankind.  
So should all speak ; so reason speaks in all :  
From the soft whispers of that God in man,  
Why fly to folly, why to frenzy fly  
For rescue from the blessings we possess ?  
Time, the supreme !—Time is eternity :  
Pregnant with all eternity can give :  
Pregnant with all that makes archangels smile.  
Who murders Time, he crushes in the birth  
A pow'r ethereal, only not adored.

Ah ! how unjust to Nature and himself  
Is thoughtless, thankless, inconsistent man !  
Like children babbling nonsense in their sports,  
We censure Nature for a span too short ;  
That span too short we tax as tedious too ;  
Torture invention, all expedients tire,  
To lash the lingering moments into speed,  
And whirl us (happy riddance !) from ourselves.  
Art, brainless Art ! our furious charioteer  
(For Nature's voice unstifled would recall,)



Drives headlong towards the precipice of death,  
Death most our dread; death thus more dreadful  
made ;

O what a riddle of absurdity !

Leisure is pain ; takes off our chariot-wheels.

How heavily we drag the load of life !

Blest leisure is our curse ; like that of Cain,

It makes us wander, wander earth around,

To fly that tyrant Thought. As Atlas groan'd

The world beneath, we groan beneath an hour.

We cry for mercy to the next amusement ;

The next amusement mortgages our fields ;

Slight inconvenience ! prisons hardly frown,

From hateful time if prisons set us free.

Yet when Death kindly tenders us relief,

We call him cruel ; years to moments shrink,

Ages to years. The telescope is turn'd.

To man's false optics (from his folly false)

Time, in advance, behind him hides his wings,

And seems to creep, decrepit with his age :

Behold him when past by ; what then is seen

But his broad pinions swifter than the winds ?

And all mankind, in contradiction strong,  
Rueful, aghast! cry out on his career.

Leave to thy foes these errors, and these ills ;  
To Nature just, their cause and cure explore.  
Not short Heav'n's bounty ; boundless our expense ;  
No niggard, Nature ; men are prodigals.

We waste, not use, our time : we breathe, not live.  
Time wasted is existence, used is life.

And bare existence, man, to live ordain'd,  
Wrings, and oppresses with enormous weight.

And why ? since time was given for use, not waste,  
Enjoin'd to fly ; with tempest, tide, and stars,  
To keep his speed, nor ever wait for man ;

Time's use was doom'd a pleasure, waste a pain ;  
That man might feel his error, if unseen,

And, feeling, fly to labor for his cure ;

Not, blund'ring, split on idleness for ease.

Life's cares are comforts ; such by Heav'n design'd ;

He that has none must make them, or be wretched.

Cares are employments ; and without employ

The soul is on a rack ; the rack of rest,

To souls most adverse ; action all their joy.

Here then the riddle mark'd above unfolds ;  
Then time turns torment, when man turns a fool.  
We rave, we wrestle with great Nature's plan ;  
We thwart the Deity, and 'tis decreed  
Who thwart his will shall contradict their own.  
Hence our unnatural quarrel with ourselves ;  
Our thoughts at enmity ; our bosom-broil ;  
We push Time from us, and we wish him back ,  
Lavish of lustrums, and yet fond of life ;  
Life we think long and short ; death seek and shun ;  
Body and-soul, like peevish man and wife,  
United jar, and yet are loth to part.

O the dark days of vanity ! while here  
How tasteless, and how terrible when gone !  
Gone ! they ne'er go ; when past, they haunt us still ;  
The spirit walks of ev'ry day deceas'd,  
And smiles an angel, or a fury frowns.  
Nor death nor life delight us. If time past  
And time possest doth pain us, what can please ?  
That which the Deity to please ordain'd,  
Time used. The man who consecrates his hours  
By vig'rous effort and an honest aim,

At once he draws the sting of life and death ;  
He walks with Nature, and her paths are peace.

Our error's cause and cure are seen : see next  
Time's nature, origin, importance, speed ;  
And thy great gain from urging his career.—  
All-sensual man, because untouch'd, unseen,  
He looks on Time as nothing. Nothing else  
Is truly man's : 'tis Fortune's.—Time 's a god.  
Thou hast ne'er heard of Time's omnipotence?  
For, or against, what wonders can he do !  
And will : to stand blank neuter he disdains.  
Not on those terms was Time (Heav'n's stranger !) sent  
On his important embassy to man.  
Lorenzo ! no : on the long-destined hour,  
From everlasting ages growing ripe,  
That memorable hour of wondrous birth,  
When the dread Sire, on emanation bent,  
And big with Nature, rising in his might,  
Call'd forth Creation (for then Time was born)  
By Godhead streaming through a thousand worlds ;  
Not on those terms, from the great days of heav'n,  
From old Eternity's mysterious orb,

Was Time cut off, and cast beneath the skies ;  
The skies, which watch him in his new abode,  
Measuring his motions by revolving spheres ;  
That horologe machinery divine:  
Hours, days, and months, and years, his children, play,  
Like num'rous wings, around him, as he flies :  
Or rather, as unequal plumes, they shape  
His ample pinions, swift as darted flame,  
To gain his goal, to reach his ancient rest,  
And join anew Eternity his sire ;  
In his immutability to nest,  
When worlds, that count his circles now, unhinged,  
(Fate the loud signal sounding,) headlong rush  
To timeless night, and chaos, whence they rose.

Why spur the speedy ? why with levities  
New-wing thy short, short day's too rapid flight ?  
Know'st thou, or what thou dost, or what is done ?  
Man flies from time, and time from man ; too soon  
In sad divorce this double flight must end ;  
And then where are we ? where, Lorenzo, then  
Thy sports, thy pomps ? I grant thee, in a state  
Not unambitious ; in the ruffled shroud,

---

Thy Parian tomb's triumphant arch beneath.  
Has Death his fopperies? Then well may Life  
Put on her plume, and in her rainbow shine.

Ye well array'd! ye lilies of our land!  
Ye lilies male! who neither toil nor spin  
(As sister lilies might), if not so wise  
As Solomon, more sumptuous to the sight!  
Ye delicate! who nothing can support,  
Yourselves most insupportable! for whom  
The winter rose must blow, the sun put on  
A brighter beam in Leo; silky-soft  
Favonius breathe still softer, or be chid;  
And other worlds send odors, sauce, and song,  
And robes, and notions, framed in foreign looms  
O ye Lorenzos of our age! who deem  
One moment unamused a misery  
Not made for feeble man; who call aloud  
For ev'ry bauble drivell'd o'er by sense,  
For rattles and conceits of every cast;  
For change of follies, and relays of joy,  
To drag you patient through the tedious length  
Of a short winter's day—say, sages, say!

Wit's oracles ; say, dreamers of gay dreams ;  
How will you weather an eternal night,  
Where such expedients fail ?

O treach'rous Conscience ! while she seems to sleep  
On rose and myrtle, lull'd with siren song ;  
While she seems nodding o'er her charge, to drop  
On headlong appetite the slacken'd rein,  
And give us up to license, unrecall'd,  
Unmark'd ;—see, from behind her secret stand,  
The sly informer minutes ev'ry fault,  
And her dread diary with horror fills.  
Not the gross act alone employs her pen :  
She reconnoitres Fancy's airy band,  
A watchful foe ! the formidable spy,  
List'ning, o'erhears the whispers of our camp,  
Our dawning purposes of heart explores,  
And steals our embryos of iniquity.  
As all-rapacious usurers conceal  
Their doomsday-book from all-consuming heirs ;  
Thus, with indulgence most severe, she treats  
Us spendthrifts of inestimable time ;  
Unnoted, notes each moment misapplied ;

In leaves more durable than leaves of brass  
Writes our whole history, which Death shall read  
In ev'ry pale delinquent's private ear ;  
And Judgment publish ; publish to more worlds  
Than this ; and endless Age in groans resound.  
Lorenzo, such that sleeper in thy breast !  
Such is her slumber, and her vengeance such  
For slighted counsel : such thy future peace !  
And think'st thou still thou canst be wise too soon ?

But why on time so lavish is my song ?

On this great theme kind Nature keeps a school,  
To teach her sons herself. Each night we die ;  
Each morn are born anew ; each day a life !  
And shall we kill each day ? If trifling kills,  
Sure vice must butcher. O what heaps of slain  
Cry out for vengeance on us ! Time destroy'd  
Is suicide, where more than blood is spilt.

Time flies, death urges, knells call, heav'n invites,  
Hell threatens ; all exerts ; in effort all ;  
More than creation labors !—labors more !  
And is there in creation, what, amidst  
This tumult universal, wing'd despatch,



And ardent energy, supine y yawns?—  
Man sleeps, and man alone; and man, whose fate,  
Fate irreversible, entire, extreme,  
Endless, hair-hung, breeze-shaken, o'er the gulf  
A moment trembles; drops! and man, for whom  
All else is in alarm; man, the sole cause  
Of this surrounding storm! and yet he sleeps,  
As the storm rock'd to rest.—Throw years away?  
Throw empires, and be blameless. Moments seize,  
Heav'n's on their wing; a moment we may wish,  
When worlds want wealth to buy. Bid day stand still,  
Bid him drive back his car, recall, retake  
Fate's hasty prey: implore him reimpart  
The period past, regive the given hour.  
Lorenzo, more than miracles we want;  
Lorenzo—O for yesterdays to come!

Such is the language of the man awake;  
His ardor such for what oppresses thee.  
And is his ardor vain, Lorenzo? No;  
That more than miracle the gods indulge:  
To-day is yesterday return'd; return'd,  
Full pow'r'd to cancel, expiate, raise, adorn,

And reinstate us on the rock of peace.  
Let it not share its predecessor's fate,  
Nor like its elder sisters, die a fool.  
Shall it evaporate in fume, fly off  
Fuliginous, and stain us deeper still?  
Shall we be poorer for the plenty pour'd?  
More wretched for the clemencies of Heav'n?

Where shall I find him? angels, tell me where:

You know him; he is near you; point him out.  
Shall I see glories beaming from his brow,  
Or trace his footsteps by the rising flowers?  
Your golden wings, now hovering o'er him, shed  
Protection; now are waving in applause  
To that blest son of foresight—lord of fate!  
That awful independent on to-morrow!  
Whose work is done; who triumphs in the past;  
Whose yesterdays look backwards with a smile;  
Nor, like the Parthian, wound him as they fly:  
That common but opprobrious lot! Past hours,  
If not by guilt, yet wound us by their flight,  
If folly bounds our prospect by the grave,  
All feeling of futurity benumb'd;

All god-like passion for eternal quench'd ;  
 All relish of realities expired ;  
 Renounced all correspondence with the skies ;  
 Our freedom chain'd ; quite wingless our desire ;  
 In sense dark-prison'd all that ought to soar !  
 Prone to the centre ; crawling in the dust :  
 Dismounted ev'ry great and glorious aim ;  
 Embruted ev'ry faculty divine ;  
 Heart-buried in the rubbish of the world,  
 The world, that gulf of souls, immortal souls,  
 Souls elevate, angelic, wing'd with fire  
 To reach the distant skies, and triumph there  
 On thrones which shall not mourn their masters changed ;  
 Though we from earth ; ethereal, they that fell.  
 Such veneration due, O man, to man.

Who venerate themselves, the world despise.  
 For what, gay friend, is this escutcheon'd world,  
 Which hangs out death in one eternal night ?  
 A night that glooms us in the noon-tide ray,  
 And wraps our thought, at banquets, in the shroud.  
Life's little stage is a small eminence, *shakespeare*  
 Inch-high the grave above ; that home of man,

Where dwells the multitude : we gaze around ;  
We read their monuments ; we sigh ; and while  
We sigh, we sink ; and are what we deplored :  
Lamenting, or lamented, all our lot !

Is Death at distance ? No : he has been on thee ;  
And giv'n sure earnest of his final blow .  
Those hours which lately smiled, where are they now ?  
Pallid to thought, and ghastly ! drown'd, all drown'd,  
In that great deep, which nothing disembogues !  
And dying, they bequeathed thee small renown.  
The rest are on the wing : how fleet their flight !  
Already has the fatal train took fire ;  
A moment, and the world's blown up to thee ;  
The sun is darkness, and the stars are dust.

'Tis greatly wise to talk with our past hours ;  
And ask them what report they bore to heav'n ;  
And how they might have borne more welcome news.  
Their answers form what men experience call ;  
If Wisdom's friend, her best ; if not, worst foe.  
O reconcile them ! kind Experience cries,  
" There's nothing here, but what as nothing weighs :  
The more our joy, the more we know it vain ;

And by success are tutor'd to despair."

Nor is it only thus, but must be so.

Who knows not this, though gray, is still a child.

Loose then from earth the grasp of fond desire,

Weigh anchor, and some happier clime explore.

Art thou so moor'd thou canst not disengage,

Nor give thy thoughts a ply to future scenes ?

Since by life's passing breath, blown up from earth,

Light as the summer's dust, we take in air

A moment's giddy flight, and fall again ;

Join the dull mass, increase the trodden soil,

And sleep, till earth herself shall be no more ;

Since then (as emmets, their small world o'erthrown)

We, sore amaz'd, from out earth's ruins crawl,

And rise to fate extreme of foul or fair,

As man's own choice (controller of the skies,)

As man's despotic will, perhaps one hour,

(O how omnipotent is time !) decreés ;

Should not each warning give a strong alarm ?

Warning, far less than that of bosom torn

From bosom, bleeding o'er the sacred dead ;

Should not each dial strike us as we pass,

Portentous, as the written wall which struck,  
O'er midnight bowls, the proud Assyrian pale,  
Erewhile high flush'd with insolence and wine?  
Like that the dial speaks, and points to thee,  
Lorenzo! loth to break the banquet up.

“O man! thy kingdom is departing from thee;  
And, while it lasts, is emptier than my shade.”

Its silent language such; nor need'st thou call  
Thy magi to decipher what it means.

Know, like the Median, Fate is in thy walls;  
Dost ask how? whence? Belshazzar-like amazed.  
Man's make encloses the sure seeds of death;  
Life feeds the murderer; ingrate! he thrives  
On her own meal, and then his nurse devours.

But here, Lorenzo, the delusion lies;  
That solar shadow, as it measures life,  
It life resembles too: life speeds away  
From point to point, though seeming to stand still.  
The cunning fugitive is swift by stealth;  
Too subtle is the movement to be seen;  
Yet soon man's hour is up, and we are gone.  
Warnings point out our danger; gnomons, time;

As these are useless when the sun is set,  
So those, but when more glorious reason shines.  
Reason should judge in all ; in reason's eye,  
That sedentary shadow travels hard :  
But such our gravitation to the wrong,  
So prone our hearts to whisper what we wish,  
'Tis later with the wise than he's aware :  
A Wilmington goes slower than the sun ;  
And all mankind mistake their time of day ;  
Ev'n age itself. Fresh hopes are hourly sown  
In furrow'd brows. So gentle life's descent,  
We shut our eyes, and think it is a plain.  
We take fair days in winter for the spring,  
And turn our blessings into bane. Since oft  
Man must compute that age he cannot feel,  
He scarce believes he's older for his years :  
Thus at life's latest eve, we keep in store  
One disappointment sure, to crown the rest—  
The disappointment of a promised hour.

On this or similar, Philander, thou,  
Whose mind was moral as the preacher's tongue ;  
And strong to wield all science worth the name ;

How often we talk'd down the summer's sun,  
And cool'd our passions by the breezy stream !  
How often thaw'd and shorten'd winter's eve,  
By conflict kind, that struck out latent truth,  
Best found so sought ; to the recluse more coy !  
Thoughts disentangle, passing o'er the lip ;  
Clean runs the thread ; if not, 'tis thrown away,  
Or kept to tie up nonsense for a song ;  
Song, fashionably fruitless ; such as strains  
The fancy, and unhallow'd passion fires,  
Chiming her saints to Cytherea's fane.

Know'st thou, Lorenzo, what a friend contains ?  
As bees mix'd nectar draw from fragrant flow'rs,  
So men from friendship, wisdom and delight ;  
Twins tied by nature ; if they part, they die.  
Hast thou no friend to set thy mind abroad ?  
Good sense will stagnate. Thoughts shut up, want air,  
And spoil, like bales unopened to the sun.  
Had thought been all, sweet speech had been denied ;  
Speech, thought's canal, speech, thought's criterion  
too !

Thought in the mine may come forth gold or dross ;



When coin'd in words, we know its real worth :  
If sterling, store it for thy future use ;  
'Twill buy thee benefit, perhaps renown.  
Thought, too, deliver'd, is the more possess'd ;  
'Teaching we learn, and giving we retain  
The births of intellect; when dumb, forgot.  
Speech ventilates our intellectual fire ;  
Speech burnishes our mental magazine ;  
Brightens for ornament, and whets for use.  
What numbers, sheath'd in erudition, lie  
Plunged to the hilts in venerable tomes,  
And rusted in ; who might have borne an edge,  
And play'd a sprightly beam, if born to speech !  
If born blest heirs of half their mother's tongue !  
'Tis thought's exchange, which, like th' alternate push  
Of waves conflicting, breaks the learned scum,  
And defecates the student's standing pool.  
In contemplation is his proud resource ?  
'Tis poor as proud, by converse unsustain'd :  
Rude thought runs wild in contemplation's field ;  
Converse, the menage, breaks it to the bit  
Of due restraint, and emulation's spur

Gives graceful energy, by rivals awed.  
'Tis converse qualifies for solitude,  
As exercise for salutary rest ;  
By that untutor'd, contemplation raves,  
A lunar prince, or famish'd beggar dies ;  
And nature's fool by wisdom's is outdone.

Wisdom, though richer than Peruvian mines,  
And sweeter than the sweet ambrosial hive,  
What is she but the means of happiness ?  
That, unobtain'd, than folly more a fool ;  
A melancholy fool, without her bells.  
Friendship the means, and friendship richly gives  
The precious end which makes our wisdom wise.  
Nature, in zeal for human amity,  
Denies or damps an undivided joy.  
Joy is an import ; joy is an exchange ;  
Joy flies monopolists ; it calls for two :  
Rich fruit ! heav'n-planted ! never pluck'd by one.  
Needful auxiliars are our friends, to give  
To social man true relish of himself.  
Full on ourselves descending in a line,  
Pleasure's bright beam is feeble in delight :

Delight intense is taken by rebound ;  
Reverberated pleasures fire the breast.

Celestial happiness ! whene'er she stoops  
To visit earth, one shrine the goddess finds,  
And one alone, to make her sweet amends  
For absent heav'n—the bosom of a friend ;  
Where heart meets heart, reciprocally soft,  
Each other's pillow to repose divine.  
Beware the counterfeit ; in passion's flame  
Hearts melt, but melt like ice, soon harder freeze.  
True love strikes root in reason, passion's foe ;  
Virtue alone entenders us for life ;  
I wrong her much—entenders us forever.  
Of friendship's fairest fruits, the fruit most fair  
Is virtue kindling at a rival fire,  
And emulously rapid in her race.  
O the soft enmity ! endearing strife !  
This carries friendship to her noon-tide point  
And gives the rivet of eternity.

From Friendship, which outlives my former haunts,  
Glorious survivor of old Time and Death !  
From friendship thus, that flower of heav'nly seed,

The wise extract earth's most Hyblean bliss,  
Superior wisdom, crown'd with smiling joy.  
For joy, from friendship born, abounds in smiles.  
O store it in the soul's most golden cell!

But for whom blossoms this Elysian flower?

Abroad they find, who cherish it at home.

Lorenzo, pardon what my love extorts,

An honest love, and not afraid to frown,

Though choice of follies fasten on the great,

None clings more obstinate than fancy fond,

That sacred friendship is their easy prey,

Caught by the wafture of a golden lure,

Or fascination of a high-born smile.

Their smiles, the great and the coquet throw out

For others' hearts, tenacious of their own;

And we no less of ours, when such the bait.

Ye fortune's cofferers! ye powers of wealth!

You do your rent-rolls most felonious wrong,

By taking our attachment to yourselves.

Can gold gain friendship? Impudence of hope!

As well mere man an angel might beget.

Love, and love only, is the loan for love.

Lorenzo, pride repress, nor hope to find  
A friend, but what has found a friend in thee.  
All like the purchase, few the price will pay :  
And this makes friends such miracles below.

What if (since daring on so nice a theme)  
I show thee friendship delicate as dear,  
Of tender violations apt to die ?  
Reserve will wound it, and distrust destroy.  
Deliberate on all things with thy friend :  
But since friends grow not thick on every bough,  
Nor ev'ry friend unrotten at the core ;  
First on thy friend delib'rate with thyself ;  
Pause, ponder, sift ; not eager in the choice,  
Nor jealous of the chosen : fixing, fix :  
Judge before friendship, then confide till death.  
Well for thy friend, but nobler far for thee :  
How gallant danger for earth's highest prize !  
A friend is worth all hazards we can run.  
"Poor is the friendless master of a world :  
A world in purchase for a friend is gain."

So sung he, (angels hear that angel sing !  
Angels from friendship gather half their joy !)

So sung Philander, as his friend went round  
In the rich ichor, in the gen'rous blood  
Of Bacchus, purple god of joyous wit,  
A brow solute, and ever-laughing eye.  
He drank long health and virtue to his friend ;  
His friend ! who warm'd him more, who more in-  
spired.

Friendship 's the wine of life ; but friendship new  
(Not such was his) is neither strong nor pure.  
O ! for the bright complexion, cordial warmth,  
And elevating spirit of a friend,  
For twenty summers ripening by my side ;  
All feculence of falsehood long thrown down ;  
All social virtues rising in his soul ;  
As crystal clear, and smiling as they rise !  
Here nectar flows ! it sparkles in our sight ;  
Rich to the taste, and genuine from the heart.  
High flavor'd bliss for gods ! on earth how rare !  
On earth how lost !—Philander is no more.

Think'st thou the theme intoxicates my song ?  
Am I too warm ? Too warm I cannot be.  
I loved him much, but now I love him more.

Like birds, whose beauties languish, half conceal'd,  
Till, mounted on the wing, their glossy plumes  
Expanded shine with azure, green, and gold ;  
How blessings brighten as they take their flight !  
His flight Philander took : his upward flight !  
If ever soul ascended. Had he dropt,  
(That eagle genius !) O had he let fall  
One feather as he flew, I then had wrote  
What friends might flatter, prudent foes forbear,  
Rivals scarce damn, and Zoilus reprieve.  
Yet what I can I must : it were profane  
To quench a glory lighted at the skies,  
And cast in shadows his illustrious close.  
Strange ! the theme most affecting, most sublime,  
Momentous most to man, should sleep unsung !  
And yet it sleeps, by genius unawaked,  
Paynim or Christian ; to the blush of wit.  
Man's highest triumph, man's profoundest fall,  
The death-bed of the just ! is yet undrawn  
By mortal hand ; it merits a divine :  
Angels should paint it, angels ever there ;  
There, on a post of honor and of joy.

Dare I presume, then? but Philander bids,  
And glory tempts, and inclination calls.  
Yet am I struck, as struck the soul beneath  
Aërial groves' impenetrable gloom,  
Or in some mighty ruin's solemn shade,  
Or gazing, by pale lamps, on high-born dust  
In vaults, thin courts of poor unflattered kings,  
Or at the midnight altar's hallow'd flame.  
It is religion to proceed: I pause—  
And enter, awed, the temple of my theme.  
Is it his death-bed? No; it is his shrine  
Behold him, there, just rising to a god.

The chamber where the good man meets his fate  
Is privileged beyond the common walk  
Of virtuous life, quite in the verge of Heav'n.  
Fly, ye profane! if not, draw near with awe;  
Receive the blessing, and adore the chance  
That threw in this Bethesda your disease:  
If unrestored by this, despair your cure:  
For here resistless demonstration dwells:  
A death-bed's a detector of the heart.  
Here tired Dissimulation drops her mask,



Through life's grimace, that mistress of the scene!  
Here real and apparent are the same.  
You see the man, you see his hold on Heav'n;  
If sound his virtue; as Philander's, sound.  
Heav'n waits not the last moment; owns her friends  
On this side death, and points them out to men;  
A lecture silent, but of sov'reign pow'r!  
To vice confusion, and to virtue peace.

Whatever farce the boastful hero plays,  
Virtue alone has majesty in death,  
And greater still, the more the tyrant frowns.  
Philander! he severely frown'd on thee;  
"No warning giv'n: unceremonious fate!  
A sudden rush from life's meridian joys!  
A wrench from all we love! from all we are!  
A restless bed of pain! a plunge opaque  
Beyond conjecture! feeble Nature's dread!  
Strong Reason's shudder at the dark unknown!  
A sun extinguish'd! a just opening grave!  
And, oh! the last, last—what? (can words express;  
Thought reach?) the last, last—silence of a friend!"  
Where are those horrors, that amazement where,

This hideous group of ills (which singly shock)  
Demands from man?—I thought him man till now.

Thro' nature's wreck, thro' vanquish'd agonies,  
(Like the stars struggling thro' this midnight gloom)  
What gleams of joy! what more than human peace!  
Where the frail mortal? the poor abject worm?  
No, not in death the mortal to be found.

His conduct is a legacy for all,  
Richer than Mammon's for his single heir.  
His comforters he comforts; great in ruin,  
With unreluctant grandeur gives, not yields,  
His soul sublime, and closes with his fate.

How our hearts burnt within us at the scene!  
Whence this brave bound o'er limits fix'd to man?  
His God sustains him in his final hour!  
His final hour brings glory to his God!  
Man's glory Heav'n vouchsafes to call her own.  
We gaze, we weep! mix'd tears of grief and joy!  
Amazement strikes! devotion bursts to flame!  
Christians adore! and infidels believe.

As some tall tow'r, or lofty mountain's brow,  
Detains the sun, illustrious from its height,

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While rising vapors, and descending shades,  
With damps, and darkness, drown the spacious vale ;  
Undamp'd by doubt, undarken'd by despair,  
Philander thus augustly rears his head,  
At that black hour, which gen'ral horror sheds  
On the low level of th'inglorious throng :  
Sweet peace, and heav'nly hope, and humble joy,  
Divinely beam on his exalted soul ;  
Destruction gild, and crown him for the skies,  
With incommunicable lustre bright.

# NIGHT III.

## NARCISSA.

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Ignoscenda quidem, scirent si ignoscere manes.—*Virg.*  
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TO HER GRACE THE DUCHESS OF P——.

FROM dreams, where thought in fancy's maze runs mad,  
To reason, that heav'n-lighted lamp in man,  
Once more I wake, and at the destined hour,  
Punctual as lovers to the moment sworn,  
I keep my assignation with my woe.

O! lost to virtue, lost to manly thought,  
Lost to the noble sallies of the soul!  
Who think it solitude to be alone.  
Communion sweet! communion large and high!  
Our reason, guardian angel, and our God!  
Then nearest these, when others most remote,  
And all, ere long, shall be remote but these.  
How dreadful, then, to meet them all alone,

A stranger! unacknowledged! unapproved!  
Now woo them, wed them, bind them to thy breast;  
To win thy wish, creation has no more.

Or if we wish a fourth, it is a friend——

But friends, how mortal! dangerous the desire.

Take Phœbus to yourselves, ye basking bards!

Inebriate at fair Fortune's fountain-head;

And reeling through the wilderness of joy,

Where sense runs savage, broke from reason's chain,

And sings false peace, till smother'd by the pall.

My fortune is unlike; unlike my song;

Unlike the Deity my song invokes.

I to Day's soft-eyed sister pay my court,

(Endymion's rival) and her aid implore;

Now first implored in succor to the muse.

Thou, who didst lately borrow\* Cynthia's form,

And modestly forego thine own! O thou,

Who didst thyself, at midnight hours, inspire!

Say, why not Cynthia patroness of song?

As thou her crescent, she thy character

Assumes, still more a goddess by the change.

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\* At the Duke of Norfolk's masquerade.

Are there demurring wits, who dare dispute  
This revolution in the world inspired ?  
Ye train Pierian ! to the lunar sphere,  
In silent hour, address your ardent call  
For aid immortal, less her brother's right.  
She with the spheres harmonious nightly leads  
The mazy dance, and hears their matchless strain ;  
A strain for gods, denied to mortal ear.  
Transmit it heard, thou silver queen of heav'n !  
What title or what name endears thee most ?  
Cynthia ! Cyllene ! Phœbe !—or dost hear  
With higher gust, fair P——d of the skies ?  
Is that the soft enchantment calls thee down,  
More pow'rful than of old Circean charm ?  
Come, but from heav'nly banquets with thee bring  
The soul of song, and whisper in mine ear  
The theft divine ; or in propitious dreams  
(For dreams are thine) transfuse it thro' the breast  
Of thy first votary——but not thy last,  
If, like thy namesake, thou art ever kind.

And kind thou wilt be, kind on such a theme :

A theme so like thee, a quite lunar theme,

Soft, modest, melancholy, female, fair !  
A theme that rose all pale, and told my soul  
'Twas night ; on her fond hopes perpetual night ;  
A night which struck a damp, a deadlier damp  
Than that which smote me from Philander's tomb.  
Narcissa follows ere his tomb is closed.  
Woes cluster ; rare are solitary woes ;  
They love a train ; they tread each other's heel ;  
Her death invades his mournful right, and claims  
The grief that started from my lids for him ;  
Seizes the faithless alienated tear,  
Or share it ere it falls. So frequent death,  
Sorrow he more than causes ; he confounds ;  
For human sights his rival strokes contend,  
And make distress distraction. O Philander !  
What was thy fate ? a double fate to me ;  
Portent and pain ! a menace and a blow !  
Like the black raven hov'ring o'er my peace,  
Not less a bird of omen than of prey.  
It call'd Narcissa long before her hour :  
It call'd her tender soul, by break of bliss,  
From the first blossom, from the buds of jey ;

Those few our noxious fate unblasted leaves  
In this inclement clime of human life.

Sweet harmonist ! and beautiful as sweet !  
And young as beautiful ! and soft as young !  
And gay as soft ! and innocent as gay !  
And happy (if ought happy here) as good !  
For fortune fond had built her nest on high.  
Like birds, quite exquisite of note and plume,  
Transfix'd by Fate (who loves a lofty mark,)  
How from the summit of the grove she fell,  
And left it unharmonious ! all its charm  
Extinguish'd in the wonders of her song !  
Her song still vibrates in my ravish'd ear,  
Still melting there, and with voluptuous pain  
(O to forget her !) thrilling through my heart !

Song, beauty, youth, love, virtue, joy ! this group  
Of bright ideas, flow'rs of Paradise,  
As yet unforfeit ! in one blaze we bind,  
Kneel, and present it to the skies, as all  
We guess of Heav'n ; and these were all her own ;  
And she was mine ; and I was—was !—most blest—  
Gay title of the deepest misery !



As bodies grow more pond'rous, robb'd of life,  
Good lost weighs more in grief than gain'd in joy.  
Like blossom'd trees o'erturn'd by vernal storm,  
Lovely in death the beauteous ruin lay ;  
And if in death still lovely, lovelier there,  
Far lovelier ! Pity swells the tide of love.  
And will not the severe excuse a sigh ?  
Scorn the proud man that is ashamed to weep ;  
Our tears indulged, indeed deserve our shame.  
Ye that e'er lost an angel, pity me !

Soon as the lustre languish'd in her eye,  
Dawning a dimmer day on human sight ;  
And on her cheek, the residence of spring,  
Pale Omen sat ; and scatter'd fears around  
On all that saw (and who would cease to gaze  
That once had seen ?) with haste, parental haste,  
I flew, I snatch'd her from the rigid north,  
Her native bed, on which bleak Boreas blew,  
And bore her nearer to the sun : the sun  
(As if the sun could envy) check'd his beam,  
Denied his wonted succor ; nor with more

Regret beheld her drooping than the bells  
Of lilies ; fairest lilies not so fair !

Queen lilies ! and ye painted populace !  
Who dwell in fields, and lead ambrosial lives !  
In morn and evening dew your beauties bathe,  
And drink the sun which gives your cheeks to glow,  
And out-blush (mine excepted) ev'ry fair ;  
You gladlier grew, ambitious of her hand,  
Which often cropt your odors, incense meet  
To thought so pure ; her flow'ry state of mind  
In joy unfall'n. Ye lovely fugitives !  
Coeval race with man ! for man you smile ;  
Why not smile at him to ? You share, indeed,  
His sudden pass, but not his constant pain.  
So man is made, nought ministers delight,  
But what his glowing passions can engage ;  
And glowing passions bent on aught below,  
Must, soon or late, with anguish turn the scale ;  
And anguish after rapture, how severe !  
Rapture ! bold man ! who tempts the wrath divine,  
By plucking fruit denied to mortal taste,  
While here, presuming on the rights of Heav'n.

For transport dost thou call on ev'ry hour,  
Lorenzo ? At thy friend's expense be wise :  
Lean not on earth : 'twill pierce thee to the heart ;  
A broken reed at best ; but oft a spear :  
On its sharp point peace bleeds, and hope expires.

Turn, hopeless thought ! turn from her :—thought  
repell'd,

Resenting rallies, and wakes ev'ry woe.  
Snatch'd ere thy prime ! and in thy bridal hour !  
And when kind fortune, with thy lover, smil'd !  
And when high-flavor'd thy fresh op'ning joys !  
And when blind man pronounc'd thy bliss complete !  
And on a foreign shore where strangers wept !  
Strangers to thee, and, more surprising still,  
Strangers to kindness, wept. Their eyes let fall  
Inhuman tears ! strange tears ! that trickled down  
From marble hearts ! obdurate tenderness !  
A tenderness that call'd them more severe,  
In spite of nature's soft persuasion steel'd ;  
While nature melted, superstition rav'd !  
That mourn'd the dead, and this denied a grave.  
Their sighs incensed ; sighs foreign to the will !

Their will the tiger suck'd, outrag'd the storm :  
For, oh ! the curs'd ungodliness of zeal !  
While sinful flesh relented, spirit nursed  
In blind infallibility's embrace,  
The sainted spirit petrified the breast ;  
Denied the charity of dust to spread  
O'er dust ! a charity their dogs enjoy.  
What could I do ? what succor ? what resource ?  
With pious sacrilege a grave I stole ;  
With impious piety that grave I wrong'd :  
Short in my duty, coward in my grief !  
More like her murderer than friend, I crept  
With soft suspended step, and, muffled deep  
In midnight darkness, whisper'd my last sigh.  
I whisper'd what should echo through their realms :  
Nor writ her name, whose tomb should pierce the skies.  
Presumptuous fear ! how durst I dread her foes,  
While nature's loudest dictates I obey'd ?  
Pardon necessity, blest shade ! of grief  
And indignation rival bursts I pour'd ;  
Half execration mingled with my prayer ;  
Kindled at man, while I his God adored :

Sore grudged the savage land her sacred dust ;  
Stamp'd the cursed soil ; and with humanity  
(Denied Narcissa) wish'd them all a grave.

Glows my resentment into guilt ? What guilt  
Can equal violations of the dead ?

The dead how sacred ? Sacred is the dust  
Of this heav'n-labor'd form, erect, divine !  
This heav'n-assumed majestic robe of earth  
He deign'd to wear, who hung the vast expanse  
With azure bright, and clothed the sun in gold.

When ev'ry passion sleeps that can offend ;  
When strikes us ev'ry motive that can melt ;  
When man can wreak his rancor uncontroll'd,  
That strongest curb on insult and ill-will ;

Then, spleen to dust ? the dust of innocence ?  
An angel's dust ! This Lucifer transcends ;  
When he contended for the patriarch's bones.

'Twas not the strife of malice, but of pride ;  
The strife of pontiff pride, not pontiff gall.

Far less than this is shocking in a race  
Most wretched, but from streams of mutual love ;  
And uncreated, but for love divine ;

And but for love divine, this moment lost,  
By fate resorb'd, and sunk in endless night.  
Man hard of heart to man! of horrid things  
Most horrid! 'mid stupendous, highly strange!  
Yet oft his courtesies are smoother wrongs;  
Pride brandishes the favors he confers,  
And contumelious his humanity:  
What then his vengeance? Hear it not, ye stars!  
And thou, pale moon! turn paler at the sound;  
Man is to man the sorest, surest ill.

A previous blast foretells the rising storm;  
O'erwhelming turrets threaten ere they fall;  
Volcanoes bellow ere they disembogue;  
Earth trembles ere her yawning jaws devour;  
And smoke betrays the wide-consuming fire:  
Ruin from man is most conceal'd when near,  
And sends the dreadful tidings in the blow.  
Is this the flight of fancy? Would it were!  
Heav'n's Sovereign saves all beings, but himself,  
That hideous sight, a naked human heart.

Fir'd is the muse? And let the muse be fir'd:  
Who not inflam'd, when what he speaks he feels,

And in the nerve most tender, in his friends ?  
Shame to mankind ! Philander had his foes ;  
He felt the truths I sing, and I in him :  
But he nor I feel more. Past ills, Narcissa !  
Are sunk in thee, thou recent wound of heart !  
Which bleeds with other cares, with other pangs ;  
Pangs num'rous as the num'rous ills that swarm'd  
O'er thy distinguish'd fate, and, clust'ring there,  
Thick as the locust on the land of Nile,  
Made death more deadly, and more dark the grave.  
Reflect (if not forgot my touching tale)  
How was each circumstance with aspics arm'd ?  
An aspic, each ; and all, an hydra-woe.  
What strong Herculean virtue could suffice ?—  
Or is it virtue to be conquer'd here ?  
This hoary cheek a train of tears bedews ;  
And each tear mourns its own distinct distress ;  
And each distress, distinctly mourn'd, demands  
Of grief still more, as heighten'd by the whole,  
A grief like this proprietors excludes :  
Not friends alone such obsequies deplore ;  
They make mankind the mourner ; carry sighs

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Far as the fatal Fame can wing her way,  
And turn the gayest thought of gayest age,  
Down their right channel, through the vale of death.

The vale of death! that hush'd Cimmerian vale,  
Where darkness, brooding o'er unfinish'd fates,  
With raven wing incumbent, waits the day  
(Dread day!) that interdicts all future change.  
That subterranean world, that land of ruin!  
Fit walk, Lorenzo, for proud human thought!  
There let my thought expatiate; and explore  
Balsamic truths, and healing sentiments,  
Of all most wanted, and most welcome here.  
For gay Lorenzo's sake, and for thy own,  
My soul! "the fruits of dying friends survey;  
Expose the vain of life; weigh life and death:  
Give death his eulogy; thy fear subdued;  
And labor that first palm of noble minds,  
A manly scorn of terror from the tomb."

This harvest reap from thy Narcissa's grave,  
As poets feign'd from Ajax' streaming blood  
Arose, with grief inscrib'd, a mournful flow'r;  
Let wisdom blossom from my mortal wound.



And first, of dying friends ; what fruit from these ?  
It brings us more than triple aid ; an aid  
To chase our thoughtlessness, fear, pride, and guilt.

Our dying friends come o'er us like a cloud,  
To damp our brainless ardors ; and abate  
That glare of life, which often blinds the wise.  
Our dying friends are pioneers, to smoothe  
Our rugged pass to death ; to break those bars  
Of terror, and abhorrence, nature throws  
Cross our obstructed way ; and, thus, to make  
Welcome, as safe, our port from ev'ry storm.  
Each friend by fate snatch'd from us, is a plume  
Pluck'd from the wing of human vanity,  
Which makes us stoop from our aëreal heights,  
And, damp'd with omen of our own decease,  
On drooping pinions of ambition lower'd,  
Just skim earth's surface, ere we break it up,  
O'er putrid pride to scratch a little dust,  
And save the world a nuisance. Smitten friends  
Are angels sent on errands full of love ;  
For us they languish, and for us they die :  
And shall they languish, shall they die in vain ?

Ungrateful, shall we grieve their hov'ring shades,  
Which wait the revolution in our hearts ?  
Shall we disdain their silent, soft address ;  
Their posthumous advice, and pious prayer ?  
Senseless, as herds that graze their hallow'd graves,  
Tread under foot their agonies and groans ;  
Frustrate their anguish, and destroy their deaths ?

Lorenzo ! no ; the thought of death indulge ;  
Give it its wholesome empire ; let it reign,  
That kind chastiser of the soul to joy !  
Its reign will spread thy glorious conquests far,  
And still the tumults of thy ruffled breast :  
Auspicious era ! golden days, begin !  
The thought of death, shall, like a god, inspire.  
And why not think of death ? Is life the theme  
Of ev'ry thought ? and wish of ev'ry hour ?  
And song of ev'ry joy ? Surprising truth !  
The beaten spaniel's fondness not so strange.  
To wave the numerous ills that seize on life  
As their own property, their lawful prey ;  
Ere man has measur'd half his weary stage,  
His luxuries have left him no reserve,

No maiden relishes, unbroach'd delights ;  
On cold-served repetitions he subsists,  
And in the tasteless present chews the past ;  
Disgusted chews, and scarce can swallow down.  
Like lavish ancestors, his earlier years  
Have disinherited his future hours,  
Which starve on orts, and glean their former field.

Live ever here, Lorenzo ?—shocking thought !  
So shocking, they who wish, disown it too ;  
Disown from shame, what they from folly crave.  
Live ever in the womb, nor see the light ?  
For what live ever here ?—with laboring step  
To tread our former footsteps ? pace the round  
Eternal ? to climb daily life's worn wheel,  
Which draws up nothing new ? to beat and beat,  
The beaten track ? to bid each wretched day  
The former mock ? to surfeit on the same,  
And yawn our joys ? or thank a misery  
For change, though sad ? to see what we have seen ?  
Hear, till unheard, the same old slabber'd tale ?  
To taste the tasted, and at each return  
Less tasteful ? o'er our palates to decant

Another vintage? strain a flatter year,  
Through loaded vessels, and a laxer tone?  
Crazy machines to grind earth's wasted fruits!  
Ill-ground, and worse concocted! load, not life!  
The rational foul kennels of excess!  
Still-streaming thoroughfares of dull debauch  
Trembling each gulp, lest death should snatch the  
bowl.

Such of our fine ones is the wish refin'd!  
So would they have it: elegant desire!  
Why not invite the bellowing stalls, and wilds?  
But such examples might their riot awe.  
Through want of virtue, that is, want of thought,  
(Though on bright thought they father all their flights)  
To what are they reduced? To love, and hate,  
The same vain world; to censure, and espouse,  
This painted shrew of life, who calls them fool  
Each moment of each day; to flatter bad  
Through dread of worse; to cling to this rude rock,  
Barren, to them, of good, and sharp with ills,  
And hourly blacken'd with impending storms,  
And infamous for wrecks of human hope——

Scar'd at the gloomy gulf, that yawns beneath.  
Such are their triumphs! such their pangs of joy!  
'Tis time, high time to shift this dismal scene.  
This hugg'd, this hideous state, what art can cure?  
One only; but that one, what all may reach;  
Virtue—she, wonder-working goddess! charms  
That rock to bloom; and tames the painted shrew;  
And what will more surprise, Lorenzo! gives  
To life's sick, nauseous iteration, change;  
And straitens nature's circle to a line.  
Believ'st thou this, Lorenzo? lend an ear,  
A patient ear, thou 'lt blush to disbelieve.  
A languid, leaden iteration reigns,  
And ever must, o'er those, whose joys are joys  
Of sight, smell, taste; the cuckoo-seasons sing  
The same dull note to such as nothing prize,  
But what those seasons, from the teeming earth,  
To doating sense indulge. But nobler minds,  
Which relish fruits unripen'd by the sun,  
Make their days various; various as the dyes  
On the dove's neck, which wanton in his rays.  
On minds of dove-like innocence possess'd,

On light'ned minds, that bask in virtue's beams,  
Nothing hangs tedious, nothing old revolves  
In that, for which they long ; for which they live.  
Their glorious efforts, wing'd with heav'nly hope,  
Each rising morning sees still higher rise ;  
Each bounteous dawn its novelty presents  
To worth maturing, new strength, lustre, fame ;  
While nature's circle, like a chariot-wheel  
Rolling beneath their elevated aims,  
Makes their fair prospect fairer ev'ry hour ;  
Advancing virtue in a line to bliss ;  
Virtue, which Christian motives best inspire !  
And bliss, which Christian schemes alone ensure !

And shall we then, for virtue's sake, commence  
Apostates ? and turn infidels for joy ?

A truth it is, few doubt, but fewer trust,  
" He sins against this life, who slights the next."  
What is this life ? how few their fav'rite know ?  
Fond in the dark, and blind in our embrace,  
By passionately loving life we make  
Lov'd life unlovely ; hugging her to death.  
We give to time eternity's regard ;

And dreaming, take our passage for our port.  
Life has no value as an end, but means ;  
An end deplorable ! a means divine !  
When 'tis our all, 'tis nothing ; worse than nought ;  
A nest of pains ; when held as nothing, much ;  
Like some fair hum'rists, life is most enjoy'd,  
When courted least ; most worth, when disesteem'd ;  
Then 'tis the seat of comfort, rich in peace ;  
In prospect, richer far ; important ! awful !  
Not to be mention'd but with shouts of praise !  
Not to be thought on, but with tides of joy !  
The mighty basis of eternal bliss !

Where now the barren rock ? the painted shrew ?  
Where now, Lorenzo ! life's eternal round ?  
Have I not made my triple promise good ?  
Vain is the world ; but only to the vain.  
To what compare we then this varying scene,  
Whose worth ambiguous rises, and declines ?  
Waxes, and wanes ? (in all propitious, Night,  
Assist me here) compare it to the moon ;  
Dark in herself, and indigent ; but rich  
In borrow'd lustre from a higher sphere :

When gross guilt interposes, lab'ring earth,  
O'ershadow'd, mourns a deep eclipse of joy ;  
Her joys, at brightest, pallid, to that font  
Of full effulgent glory, whence they flow.

Nor is that glory distant: oh Lorenzo !  
A good man, and an angel ! These between  
How thin the barrier ? what divides their fate ?  
Perhaps a moment ; or perhaps a year ;  
Or, if an age, it is a moment still ;  
A moment, or eternity 's forgot.  
Then be, what once they were, who now are gods :  
Be what Philander was, and claim the skies.  
Starts timid Nature at the gloomy pass ?  
The soft transition call it ; and be cheer'd :  
Such it is often, and why not to thee ?  
To hope the best is pious, brave, and wise ;  
And may itself procure, what it presumes.  
Life is much flatter'd, Death is much traduc'd ;  
Compare the rivals, and the kinder crown.  
“ Strange competition ! ”—True, Lorenzo ! strange !  
So little life can cast into the scale.

Life makes the soul dependent on the dust ;



Death gives her wings to mount above the spheres.  
Through chinks, styl'd organs, dim life peeps at light ;  
Death bursts th' involving cloud, and all is day ;  
All eye, all ear, the disembodied power.

Death has feign'd evils, Nature shall not feel ;  
Life, ill's substantial, wisdom cannot shun.

Is not the mighty mind, that son of Heaven !  
By tyrant life dethron'd, imprison'd, pain'd ?  
By death enlarg'd, ennobled, deified ?  
Death but intombs the body ; life the soul.

“ Is death then guiltless ? How he marks his way  
With dreadful waste of what deserves to shine !  
Art, genius, fortune, elevated power !  
With various lustres these light up the world,  
Which death puts out, and darkens human race.”

I grant, Lorenzo ! this indictment just :  
The sage, peer, potentate, king, conqueror !  
Death humbles these ; more barb'rous life, the man.  
Life is the triumph of our mould'ring clay ;  
Death of the spirit infinite ! divine !  
Death has no dread, but what frail life imparts ;  
Nor life true joy, but what kind death improves.

No bliss has life to boast, till death can give  
Far greater ; life 's a debtor to the grave,  
Dark lattice ! letting in eternal day.

Lorenzo ! blush at fondness for a life  
Which sends celestial souls on errands vile,  
To cater for the sense ; and serve at boards,  
Where ev'ry ranger of the wilds, perhaps  
Each reptile, justly claims our upper hand.  
Luxurious feast ! a soul, a soul immortal,  
In all the dainties of a brute bemir'd !  
Lorenzo ! blush at terror for a death,  
Which gives thee to repose in festive bowers,  
Where nectars sparkle, angels minister,  
And more than angels share, and raise, and crown,  
And eternize, the birth, bloom, bursts of bliss.  
What need I more ? O death, the palm is thine.

Then welcome, death ! thy dreaded harbingers,  
Age, and disease ; disease, though long my guest ;  
That plucks my nerves, those tender strings of life ;  
Which, pluck'd a little more, will toll the bell,  
That calls my few friends to my funeral ;  
Where feeble nature drops, perhaps, a tear,

While reason and religion, better taught,  
Congratulate the dead, and crown his tomb  
With wreath triumphant. Death is victory ;  
It binds in chains the raging ills of life :  
Lust and ambition, wrath and avarice,  
Dragg'd at his chariot-wheel, applaud his powers.  
That ills corrosive, cares importunate,  
Are not immortal too, O death ! is thine.  
Our day of dissolution !—name it right ;  
'Tis our great pay-day ; 'tis our harvest, rich  
And ripe : what tho' the sickle, sometimes keen,  
Just scars us, as we reap the golden grain ?  
More than thy balm, O Gilead ! heals the wound.  
Birth's feeble cry, and death's deep dismal groan,  
Are slender tributes low-tax'd Nature pays  
For mighty gain : the gain of each, a life !  
But O ! the last the former so transcends,  
Life dies, compar'd ; life lives beyond the grave.  
And feel I, Death ! no joy from thought of thee ?  
Death, the great counsellor, who man inspires  
With ev'ry nobler thought, and fairer deed !  
Death, the deliverer, who rescues man !

Death, the rewarder, who the rescu'd crowns !  
Death, that absolves my birth ; a curse without it !  
Rich death, that realizes all my cares,  
Toils, virtues, hopes ! without it, a chimera !  
Death, of all pain the period, not of joy :  
Joy's source, and subject, still subsist unhurt ;  
One, in my soul ; and one, in her great sire ;  
Tho' the four winds were warring for my dust.  
Yes, and from winds, and waves, and central night,  
Tho' prison'd there, my dust too I reclaim,  
(To dust when drop proud Nature's proudest spheres)  
And live entire. Death is the crown of life :  
Was death denied, poor man would live in vain ;  
Was death deny'd, to live would not be life ;  
Was death denied, ev'n fools would wish to die.  
Death wounds to cure : we fall ; we rise ; we reign !  
Spring from our fetters ; fasten in the skies ;  
Where blooming Eden withers in our sight :  
Death gives us more than was in Eden lost.  
This king of terrors is the prince of peace.  
When shall I die to vanity, pain, death ?  
When shall I die,—when shall I live forever ?

# NIGHT IV.

## THE CHRISTIAN TRIUMPH:

CONTAINING OUR ONLY CURE FOR THE FEAR OF DEATH;  
AND PROPER SENTIMENTS OF HEART ON THAT  
INESTIMABLE OCCASION.

---

TO THE HONORABLE MR. YORKE.

A MUCH-INDEBTED muse, O Yorke! intrudes.

Amid the smiles of fortune, and of youth,

Thine ear is patient of a serious song.

How deep implanted in the breast of man

The dread of Death? I sing its sov'reign cure.

Why start at Death? Where is he? Death arriv'd,

Is past; not come, or gone, he's never here,

Ere hope, sensation fails; black-boding man

Receives, not suffers death's tremendous blow.

The knell, the shroud, the mattock, and the grave;

*2014*  
The deep damp vault, the darkness, and the worm ;  
These are the bugbears of a winter's eve,  
The terrors of the living, not the dead.  
Imagination's fool, and error's wretch,  
Man makes a death, which Nature never made ;  
Then on the point of his own fancy falls ;  
And feels a thousand deaths, in fearing one.

But was Death frightful, what has Age to fear ?  
If prudent, Age should meet the friendly foe,  
And shelter in his hospitable gloom.  
I scarce can meet a monument, but holds  
My younger ; every date cries—" Come away."  
And what recalls me ? look the world around,  
And tell me what ? The wisest cannot tell.  
Should any born of woman give his thought  
Full range, on just dislike's unbounded field ;  
Of things, the vanity ; of men, the flaws ;  
Flaws in the best ; the many, flaw all o'er,  
As leopards spotted, or, as Ethiops, dark ;  
Vivacious ill ; good dying immature ;  
(How immature, Narcissa's marble tells)  
And at its death bequeathing endless pain ;

His heart, tho' bold, would sicken at the sight,

And spend itself in sighs for future scenes.

But grant to life (and just it is to grant  
To lucky life) some perquisites of joy ;  
A time there is, when, like a thrice-told tale,  
And that of no great moment, or delight,  
Long-rifled, life of sweet can yield no more,  
But from our comment on the comedy,  
Pleasing reflections on parts well sustain'd,  
Or purpos'd emendations where we fail'd,  
Or hopes of plaudits from our candid judge,  
When, on their exit, souls are bid unrobe,  
Toss fortune back her tinsel, and her plume,  
And drop this mask of flesh behind the scene.

With me that time is come ; my world is dead ;  
A new world rises, and new manners reign :  
Foreign comedians, a spruce band ! arrive,  
To push me from the scene, or hiss me there.  
What a pert race starts up ! the strangers gaze,  
And I at them ; my neighbor is unknown ;  
Nor that the worst : ah me ! the dire effect  
Of loit'ring here, of death defrauded long ;

Of old so gracious (and let that suffice),  
My very master knows me not.—

Shall I dare say, peculiar is the fate?  
I've been so long remember'd, I'm forgot.  
An object ever pressing dims the sight,  
And hides behind its ardor to be seen.  
When in his courtiers' ears I pour my plaint,  
They drink it as the nectar of the great;  
And squeeze my hand, and beg me come to-morrow!  
Refusal! canst thou wear a smoother form?

Indulge me, nor conceive I drop my theme:  
Who cheapens life, abates the fear of death:  
Twice-told the period spent on stubborn Troy,  
Court-favor, yet untaken, I besiege;  
Ambition's ill-judg'd effort to be rich.  
Alas! ambition makes my little, less;  
Embitt'ring the possess'd. Why wish for more?  
Wishing, of all employments, is the worst;  
Philosophy's reverse! and health's decay!  
Was I as plump, as stall'd theology,  
Wishing would waste me to this shade again.  
Was I as wealthy as a South-Sea dream,



Wishing is an expedient to be poor.

Wishing, that constant hectic of a fool ;

Caught at a court ; purg'd off by purer air,

And simpler diet ; gifts of rural life !

Blest be that Hand divine, which gently laid  
My heart at rest, beneath this humble shed.

The world's a stately bark, on dang'rous seas,

With pleasure seen, but boarded at our peril :

Here, on a single plank, thrown safe ashore,

I hear the tumult of the distant throng,

As that of seas remote, or dying storms ;

And meditate on scenes more silent still ;

Pursue my theme, and fight the fear of death,

Here, like a shepherd gazing from his hut,

Touching his reed, or leaning on his staff,

Eager ambition's fiery chase I see ;

I see the circling hunt, of noisy men,

Burst law's inclosure, leap the mounds of right,

Pursuing, and pursued, each other's prey ;

As wolves, for rapine ; as the fox, for wiles ;

Till Death, that mighty hunter, earths them all.

Why all this toil for triumphs of an hour ?

What, tho' we wade in wealth, or soar in fame?  
Earth's highest station ends in, "Here he lies;"  
And "Dust to dust" concludes her noblest song.  
If this song lives, posterity shall know  
One, tho' in Britain born, with courtiers bred,  
Who thought e'en gold might come a day too late;  
Nor on his subtle death-bed plann'd his scheme  
For future vacancies in church or state;  
Some avocation deeming it—to die;  
Unbit by rage canine of dying rich;  
Guilt's blunder! and the loudest laugh of Hell.

O my coëvals! remnants of yourselves!  
Poor human ruins, tott'ring o'er the grave!  
Shall we, shall aged men, like aged trees,  
Strike deeper their vile root, and closer cling,  
Still more enamor'd of this wretched soil?  
Shall our pale, wither'd hands be still stretch'd out,  
Trembling, at once, with eagerness and age?  
With av'rice, and convulsions grasping hard?  
Grasping at air! for what has earth beside?  
Man wants but little; nor that little, long;  
How soon must he resign his very dust;

Which frugal Nature lent him for an hour !  
Years unexperienc'd rush on num'rous ills ;  
And soon as man, expert from time, has found  
The key of life, it opes the gates of death.

When in this vale of years I backward look,  
And miss such numbers, numbers too of such,  
Firmer in health, and greener in their age,  
And stricter on their guard, and fitter far  
To play life's subtle game, I scarce believe  
I still survive. And am I fond of life,  
Who scarce can think it possible, I live ?  
Alive by miracle ! or, what is next,  
Alive by Mead ! if I am still alive,  
Who long have buried what gives life to live,  
Firmness of nerve, and energy of thought.  
Life's lee is not more shallow, than impure,  
And vapid ; sense and reason show the door,  
Call for my bier, and point me to the dust.

O thou great Arbiter of life and death !  
Nature's immortal, immaterial sun !  
Whose all-prolific beam late call'd me forth  
From darkness, teeming darkness, where I lay

The worm's inferior, and, in rank, beneath  
The dust I tread on, high to bear my brow,  
To drink the spirit of the golden day,  
And triumph in existence; and couldst know  
No motive, but my bliss; and hast ordain'd  
A rise in blessing! with the patriarch's joy,  
Thy call I follow to the land unknown;  
I trust in thee, and know in whom I trust;  
Or life, or death, is equal; neither weighs;  
All weight in this—O let me live to Thee!

Though nature's terrors thus may be repress,  
Still frowns grim Death; Guilt points the tyrant's  
spear.

And whence all human guilt? from Death forgot.  
Ah me! too long I set at nought the swarm  
Of friendly warnings, which around me flew;  
And smil'd, unsmitten: small my cause to smile!  
Death's admonitions, like shafts upwards shot,  
More dreadful by delay, the longer ere  
They strike our hearts, the deeper is their wound.  
O think how deep, Lorenzo! here it stings:  
Who can appease its anguish? how it burns!

What hand the barb'd, envenom'd thought can draw ?  
What healing hand can pour the balm of peace ?  
And turn my sight undaunted on the tomb ?

With joy,—with grief, that healing hand I see ;  
Ah ! too conspicuous ! it is fix'd on high.  
On high ?—What means my phrensy ? I blaspheme ;  
Alas ! how low ! how far beneath the skies ?  
The skies it form'd ; and now it bleeds for me—  
But bleeds the balm I want—yet still it bleeds ;  
Draw the dire steel—Ah no !—the dreadful blessing  
What heart or can sustain, or dares forego ?  
There hangs all human hope : that nail supports  
Our falling universe : That gone, we drop ;  
Horror receives us, and the dismal wish  
Creation had been smother'd in her birth—  
Darkness his curtain, and his bed the dust ;  
When stars and sun are dust beneath his throne !  
In heav'n itself can such indulgence dwell ?  
O what a groan was there ? a groan not his.  
He seiz'd our dreadful right ; the load sustain'd ;  
And heav'd the mountain from a guilty world.  
A thousand worlds, so bought, were bought too dear.

Sensations new in angels' bosoms rise :  
Suspend their song ; and make a pause in bliss.

O for their song to reach my lofty theme !  
Inspire me, Night ! with all thy tuneful spheres inspire ;  
Whilst I with seraphs, share seraphic themes,  
And show to men, the dignity of man ;  
Lest I blaspheme my subject with my song.  
Shall pagan pages glow celestial flame,  
And Christian languish ? on our hearts, not heads,  
Falls the foul infamy : my heart ! awake.  
What can awake thee, unawak'd by this,  
"Expended Deity on human weal ?"  
Feel the great truths, which burst the tenfold night  
Of heathen error, with a golden flood  
Of endless day : to feel, is to be fir'd ;  
And to believe, Lorenzo ! is to feel.

Thou most indulgent, most tremendous Power !  
Still more tremendous, for thy wond'rous love !  
That arms, with awe more awful, thy commands ;  
And foul transgression dips in sevenfold night ;  
How our hearts tremble at thy love immense !  
In love immense, inviolably just !

Thou, rather than thy justice should be stain'd  
 Didst stain the cross; and, work of wonders, far  
 The greatest, that thy dearest far might bleed.

Bold thought! shall I dare speak it? or repress?  
 Should man more execrate, or boast, the guilt  
 Which rous'd such vengeance? which such love in-  
 flam'd?

O'er guilt (how mountainous!) with outstretch'd arms,  
 Stern justice, and soft-smiling love, embrace,  
 Supporting, in full majesty, thy throne,  
 When seem'd its majesty to need support,  
 Or that, or man, inevitably lost.  
 What, but the fathomless of thought divine,  
 Could labor such expedient from despair,  
 And rescue both? both rescue! both exalt!  
 O how are both exalted by the deed!  
 The wond'rous deed! or shall I call it more?

A wonder in omnipotence itself!

A mystery, no less to gods than men!

Not, thus, our infidels th' Eternal draw,  
 A God all o'er, consummate, absolute,  
 Full-orb'd, in his whole round of rays complete;

They set at odds Heav'n's jarring attributes ;  
And, with one excellence, another wound ;  
Maim Heav'n's perfection, break its equal beams,  
Bid Mercy triumph over—God himself,  
Undeified by their opprobrious praise :  
A God all mercy, is a God unjust.

Ye brainless wits ! ye baptiz'd infidels !  
Ye worse for mending ! wash'd to fouler stains !  
The ransom was paid down ; the fund of Heaven,  
Heav'n's inexhaustible, exhausted fund,  
Amazing, and amaz'd, pour'd forth the price,  
All price beyond : though curious to compute,  
Archangels fail'd to cast the mighty sum :  
Its value vast, ungrasp'd by minds create,  
Forever hides, and glows in, the Supreme.

And was the ransom paid ? It was : and paid  
(What can exalt the bounty more ?) for you.  
The sun beheld it—no, the shocking scene  
Drove back his chariot : midnight veil'd his face ;  
Not such as this ; not such as Nature makes ;  
A midnight Nature shudder'd to behold ;  
A midnight new ! a dread eclipse (without



Opposing spheres) from her Creator's frown !  
Sun ! didst thou fly thy Maker's pain ? or start  
At that enormous load of human guilt,  
Which bow'd his blessed head ; o'erwhelm'd his cross ;  
Made groan the centre ; burst earth's marble womb,  
With pangs, strange pangs ! deliver'd of her dead ?  
Hell howl'd ; and Heav'n that hour let fall a tear ;  
Heav'n wept, that men might smile ! Heav'n bled, that  
man

Might never die !—

And is devotion virtue ? 'Tis compell'd :  
What heart of stone, but glows at thoughts like these ?  
Such contemplations mount us ; and should mount  
The mind still higher ; nor ever glance on man,  
Unraptur'd, uninflam'd.—Where roll my thoughts  
To rest from wonders ? other wonders rise ;  
And strike where'er they roll : my soul is caught :  
Heav'n's sov'reign blessings, clust'ring from the cross,  
Rush on her in a throng, and close her round,  
The pris'ner of amaze !—In His blest life,  
I see the path, and in His death the price,  
And in His great ascent, the proof supreme

Of immortality.—And did He rise ?

Hear, O ye nations ! hear it, O ye dead !

He rose ! He rose ! He burst the bars of death.

Lift up your heads, ye everlasting gates !

And give the King of Glory to come in !

Who is the King of Glory ? He who left

His Throne of Glory, for the pang of death :

Lift up your heads, ye everlasting gates !

And give the King of Glory to come in.

Who is the King of Glory ? He who slew

The rav'nous foe, that gorg'd all human race !

The King of Glory, He, whose glory fill'd

Heav'n with amazement at his love to man ;

And with divine complacency beheld

Pow'rs most illumin'd, wilder'd in the theme.

The theme, the joy, how then shall man sustain ?

Oh the burst gates ! crush'd sting ! demolish'd throne !

Last gasp ! of vanquish'd Death. Shout earth and  
heaven !

This sum of good to man : whose nature, then,

Took wing, and mounted with him from the tomb !

Then, then, I rose ; then first humanity

Triumphant pass'd the crystal ports of light,  
(Stupendous guest !) and seiz'd eternal youth,  
Seiz'd in our name. E'er since 'tis blasphemous  
To call man mortal. Man's mortality  
Was, then, transferr'd to death ; and heav'n's duration  
Unalienably seal'd to this frail frame,  
This child of dust.—Man, all immortal, hail !  
Hail, Heav'n ! all-lavish of strange gifts to man !  
Thine all the glory ; man's the boundless bliss.

Where am I rapt by this triumphant theme,  
On Christian joy's exulting wing, above  
Th' Aonian mount ?—Alas, small cause for joy !  
What if to pain, immortal ? If extent  
Of being, to preclude a close of woe ?  
Where, then, my boast of immortality ?  
I boast it still, though cover'd o'er with guilt :  
For guilt, not innocence, His life He pour'd ;  
'T is guilt alone can justify His death ;  
Nor that, unless His death can justify  
Relenting guilt in Heaven's indulgent sight.  
If, sick of folly, I relent ; He writes  
My name in Heav'n, with that inverted spear

(A spear deep dipt in blood !) which pierc'd His side,  
And open'd there a font for all mankind  
Who strive, who combat crimes, to drink, and live:  
This, only this, subdues the fear of death.

And what is this ?—Survey the wond'rous cure ;  
And at each step, let higher wonder rise !  
“ Pardon for infinite offence ! and pardon  
Through means that speak its value infinite !  
A pardon bought with blood ! with blood divine !  
With blood divine of Him I made my foe !  
Persisted to provoke ! though woo'd, and aw'd,  
Blest, and chastis'd, a flagrant rebel still !  
A rebel 'midst the thunders of his throne !  
Nor I alone ! a rebel universe !  
My species up in arms ! not one exempt !  
Yet for the foulest of the foul, He dies.  
Most joy'd for the redeem'd from deepest guilt !  
As if our race was held of highest rank ;  
And Godhead dearer, as more kind to man !”  
Bound, ev'ry heart ! and, ev'ry bosom, burn !  
Oh what a scale of miracles is here !  
Its lowest round, high-planted on the skies ;

Its tow'ring summit lost beyond the thought  
Of man or angel! Oh that I could climb  
The wonderful ascent, with equal praise!  
Praise! flow forever, (if astonishment  
Will give thee leave) my praise! forever flow;  
Praise ardent, cordial, constant, to high heav'n  
More fragrant than Arabia sacrific'd,  
And all her spicy mountains in a flame.

So dear, so due to heav'n, shall praise descend  
With her soft plume, (from plausible angel's wing  
First pluck'd by man) to tickle mortal ears,  
Thus diving in the pockets of the great?  
Is praise the perquisite of ev'ry paw,  
Though black as Hell, that grapples well for gold?  
Oh love of gold! thou meanest of amours!  
Shall praise her odors waste on Virtue's dead,  
Embalm the base, perfume the stench of guilt,  
Earn dirty bread by washing Ethiops fair,  
Removing filth, or sinking it from sight,  
A scavenger in scenes where vacant posts,  
Like gibbets yet untenanted, expect  
Their future ornaments? from courts and thrones,

Return, apostate praise! Thou vagabond!  
Thou prostitute! to thy first Love return,  
Thy first, thy greatest, once unrivall'd theme.

There flow redundant; like Meander flow,  
Back to thy fountain; to that Parent Power,  
Who gives the tongue to sound, the thought to soar,  
The soul to be. Men homage pay to men,  
Thoughtless beneath whose dreadful eye they bow  
In mutual awe profound, of clay to clay,  
Of guilt to guilt, and turn their backs on thee,  
Great Sire! whom thrones celestial ceaseless sing;  
To prostrate angels, an amazing scene!  
O the presumption of man's awe for man!  
Man's Author! End! Restorer! Law! and Judge!  
Thine, all; day thine, and thine this gloom of night,  
With all her wealth, with all her radiant worlds:  
What, night eternal, but a frown from thee?  
What, Heav'n's meridian glory, but thy smile?  
And shall not praise be thine? not human praise?  
While Heav'n's high host on hallelujahs live?

O may I breathe no longer, than I breathe  
My soul in praise to him who gave my soul,

And all her infinite of prospect fair,  
Cut thro' the shades of hell, great Love! by thee!  
Oh most adorable! most unador'd!  
Where shall that praise begin, which ne'er should end?  
Where'er I turn, what claim on all applause!  
How is night's sable mantle labor'd o'er,  
How richly wrought, with attributes divine!  
What wisdom shines! what love! this midnight pomp,  
This gorgeous arch, with golden worlds inlay'd!  
Built with divine ambition! nought to thee;  
For others this profusion: thou, apart,  
Above, beyond! Oh tell me, mighty mind!  
Where art thou? shall I dive into the deep?  
Call to the sun, or ask the roaring winds,  
For their Creator? shall I question loud  
The thunder, if in that th' Almighty dwells?  
Or holds He furious storms in straighten'd reins,  
And bids fierce whirlwinds wheel his rapid car?  
What mean these questions?—Trembling I retract:  
My prostrate soul adores the present God:  
Praise I a distant Deity? he tunes  
My voice (if tun'd); the nerve that writes sustains:

Wrapp'd in his being, I resound his praise :  
But tho' past all diffus'd, without a shore,  
His essence, local is his throne (as meet,)  
To gather the dispers'd (as standards call  
The listed from afar) ; to fix a point,  
A central point, collective of his sons,  
Since finite ev'ry nature but his own.

The nameless He, whose nod is nature's birth ;  
And nature's shield, the shadow of his hand ;  
Her dissolution, his suspended smile !  
The great First-last ! pavilion'd high he sits  
In darkness, from excessive splendor, borne,  
By gods unseen, unless through lustre lost.  
His glory, to created glory, bright,  
As that to central horrors ; he looks down  
On all that soars ; and spans immensity.

Though night unnumber'd worlds unfolds to view,  
Boundless creation ! what art thou ? a beam,  
A mere effluvium of his Majesty :  
And shall an atom of this atom-world  
Mutter, in dust and sin, the theme of Heaven ?  
Down to the centre should I send my thought



Through beds of glitt'ring ore, and glowing gems,  
Their beggar'd blaze wants lustre for my lay ;  
Goes out in darkness. If, on tow'ring wing,  
I send it through the boundless vault of stars ;  
(The stars, tho' rich, what dross their gold to thee,  
Great! good! wise! wonderful! eternal King !)  
If to those conscious stars thy throne around,  
Praise ever-pouring, and imbibing bliss ;  
And ask their strain ; they want it, more they want,  
Poor their abundance, humble their sublime,  
Languid their energy, their ardor cold,  
Indebted still, their highest rapture burns  
Short of its mark, defective, tho' divine.

Still more—this theme is man's, and man's alone ;  
Their vast appointments reach it not : they see  
On earth a bounty not indulg'd on high ;  
And downward look for heav'n's superior praise !  
First-born of ether ! high in fields of light !  
View man, to see the glory of your God !  
Could angels envy, they had envy'd here ;  
And some did envy ; and the rest, tho' gods,  
Yet still gods unredeemed (there triumphs man,

Tempted to weigh the dust against the skies)  
They less would feel, tho' more adorn, my theme.  
They sung creation (for in that they shar'd)  
How rose in melody, the child of love :  
Creation's great superior, man ! is thine ;  
Thine is redemption ; they just gave the key :  
'Tis thine to raise, and eternize, the song ;  
Tho' human, yet divine ; for should not this  
Raise man o'er man, and kindle seraphs here ?  
Redemption ! 'twas creation more sublime ;  
Redemption ! 'twas the labor of the skies ;  
Far more than labor—it was death in Heaven.  
A truth so strange ! 'twere bold to think it true ;  
If not far bolder still, to disbelieve.

Here pause, and ponder : was there death in Heav'n ?  
What then on earth ? on earth, which struck the blow ?  
Who struck it ? who !—is man enlarg'd,  
Seen thro' this medium ? how the pigmy tow'rs !  
How counterpois'd his origin from dust !  
How counterpois'd, to dust his sad return !  
How voided his vast distance from the skies !  
How near he presses on the seraph's wing !

Which is the seraph? which the born of clay?  
How this demonstrates, thro' the thickest cloud  
Of guilt, and clay condens'd, the son of Heaven!  
The double son; the made, and the re-made!  
And shall Heav'n's double property be lost?  
Man's double madness only can destroy.  
To man the bleeding cross has promis'd all;  
The bleeding cross has sworn eternal grace;  
Who gave his life, what grace shall he deny?  
O ye! who, from this rock of ages, leap,  
Disdainful, plunging headlong in the deep!  
What cordial joy, what consolation strong,  
Whatever winds arise, or billows roll,  
Our int'rest in the master of the storm!  
Cling there, and in wreck'd nature's ruins smile;  
While vile apostates tremble in a calm.

Man! know thyself. All wisdom centres there;  
To none man seems ignoble, but to man;  
Angels that grandeur, men o'erlook, admire:  
How long shall human nature be their book,  
Degen'rate mortal! and unread by thee?  
The beam dim reason sheds shows wonders there;

What high contents ! illustrious faculties !  
But the grand comment, which displays at full  
Our human height, scarce sever'd from divine,  
By Heav'n compos'd, was publish'd on the cross.

Who looks on that, and sees not in himself  
An awful stranger, a terrestrial God ?  
A glorious partner with the deity  
In that high attribute, immortal life ?  
If a God bleeds, he bleeds not for a worm :  
I gaze, and as I gaze, my mounting soul  
Catches strange fire, eternity ! at thee ;  
And drops the world—or rather, more enjoys :  
How chang'd the face of nature ! how improv'd !  
What seem'd a chaos, shines a glorious world,  
Or, what a world, an Eden ; heighten'd all !  
It is another scene ! another self !  
And still another, as time rolls along ;  
And that a self far more illustrious still.  
Beyond long ages, yet roll'd up in shades  
Unpierc'd by bold conjecture's keenest ray,  
What evolutions of surprising fate !  
How nature opens, and receives my soul

In boundless walks of raptur'd thought! where gods  
Encounter, and embrace me! What new births  
Of strange adventure, foreign to the sun,  
Where what now charms, perhaps, whate'er exists,  
Old time, and fair creation, are forgot!

Is this extravagant? Of man we form  
Extravagant conception, to be just:  
Conception unconfin'd wants wing to reach him:  
Beyond its reach, the godhead only, more.  
He, the great Father! kindled at one flame  
The world of rationals; one spirit pour'd  
From Spirit's awful fountain; pour'd Himself  
Through all their souls; but not in equal stream,  
Profuse, or frugal, of th'inspiring God,  
As his wise plan demanded; and when past  
Their various trials, in their various spheres,  
If they continue rational, as made,  
Resorbs them all into Himself again;  
His throne their centre, and His smile their crown.

Why doubt we, then, the glorious truth to sing,  
Though yet unsung, as deem'd perhaps too bold?  
Angels are men of a superior kind;

Angels are men in lighter habit clad,  
High o'er celestial mountains wing'd in flight ;  
And men are angels, loaded for an hour,  
Who wade this miry vale, and climb with pain,  
And slipp'ry step, the bottom of the steep.  
Angels their failings, mortals have their praise ;  
While here, of corps ethereal, such enroll'd,  
And summon'd to the glorious standard soon  
Which flames eternal crimson through the skies.  
Nor are our brothers thoughtless of their kin,  
Yet absent ; but not absent from their love.  
Michael has fought our battles ; Raphael sung  
Our triumphs ; Gabriel on our errands flown,  
Sent by the Sov'reign : and are these, O man !  
Thy friends, thy warm allies ? and thou (shame burn  
The cheek to cinder !) rival to the brute ?

Religion 's all. Descending from the skies  
To wretched man, the goddess in her left  
Holds out this world, and, in her right, the next ;  
Religion ! the sole voucher man is man ;  
Supporter sole of man above himself ;  
Ev'n in this night of frailty, change, and death,

---

She gives the soul a soul that acts a god.  
Religion! Providence! an after-state!  
Here is firm footing; here is solid rock;  
This can support us; all is sea besides;  
Sinks under us; bestorms, and then devours.  
His hand the good man fastens on the skies,  
And bids earth roll, nor feels her idle whirl.

As when a wretch, from thick, polluted air,  
Darkness, and stench, and suffocating damps,  
And dungeon horrors, by kind fate discharg'd,  
Climbs some fair eminence, where ether pure  
Surrounds him, and Elysian prospects rise,  
His heart exults, his spirits cast their load;  
As if new born, he triumphs in the change;  
So joys the soul, when from inglorious aims,  
And sordid sweets, from feculence and froth  
Of ties terrestrial, set at large she mounts  
To reason's region, her own element,  
Breathes hopes immortal, and affects the skies.

Religion! thou the soul of happiness;  
And groaning Calvary, of thee! there shine  
The noblest truths; there strongest motives sting:

There, sacred violence assaults the soul ;  
There, nothing but compassion is forborne.  
Can love allure us ? or can terror awe ?  
He weeps !—the falling drop puts out the sun :  
He sighs !—the sigh earth's deep foundation shakes.  
If, in his love, so terrible, what then  
His wrath inflam'd ? his tenderness on fire ?  
Like soft, smooth oil, outblazing other fires ?  
Can pray'r, can praise avert it ?—Thou, my all !  
My theme ! my inspiration ! and my crown !  
My strength in age ! my rise in low estate !  
My soul's ambition, pleasure, wealth !—my world !  
My light in darkness ! and my life in death !  
My boast through time ! bliss through eternity !  
Eternity, too short to speak thy praise !  
Or fathom thy profound of love to man !  
To man of men the meanest, ev'n to me ;  
My Sacrifice ! my God !—what things are these !  
What then art Thou ? by what name shall I call  
Thee ?  
Knew I the Name devout archangels use,  
Devout archangels should the name enjoy



By me unrival'd; thousands more sublime,  
None half so dear, as that, which though unspoke,  
Still glows at heart: O how omnipotence  
Is lost in love! Thou great philanthropist!  
Father of angels! but the friend of man!  
Like Jacob, fondest of the younger born!  
Thou, who didst save him, snatch the smoking brand  
From out the flames, and quench it in Thy blood!  
How art thou pleas'd, by bounty to distress!  
To make us groan beneath our gratitude,  
Too big for birth! to favor, and confound;  
To challenge, and to distance, all return!  
Of lavish love stupendous heights to soar,  
And leave praise panting in the distant vale!  
Thy right too great defrauds Thee of Thy due;  
And sacrilegious our sublimest song.  
But since the naked will obtains thy smile,  
Beneath this monument of praise unpaid,  
And future life symphonious to my strain,  
(That noblest hymn to heaven!) for ever lie  
Intomb'd by fear of death! and ev'ry fear,  
The dread of ev'ry evil, but thy frown.

Whom see I yonder, so demurely smile?  
Laughter a labor, and might break their rest.  
Ye quietists, in homage to the skies!  
Serene! of soft address! who mildly make  
An unobtrusive tender of your hearts,  
Abhorring violence! who halt indeed;  
But, for the blessing, wrestle not with heaven!  
Think you my song too turbulent? too warm?  
Are passions, then, the pagans of the soul?  
Reason alone baptiz'd? alone ordain'd  
To touch things sacred? oh for warmer still!  
Guilt chills my zeal, and age benumbs my powers;  
Oh for an humbler heart, and prouder song!  
Thou, my much injur'd theme! with that soft eye,  
Which melted o'er doom'd Salem, deign to look  
Compassion to the coldness of my breast;  
And pardon to the winter in my strain.

Oh ye cold-hearted, frozen, formalists!  
On such a theme 'tis impious to be calm;  
Passion is reason, transport temper, here.  
Shall Heav'n, which gave us ardor, and has shown  
Her own for man so strongly, not disdain

What smooth emollients in theology  
Recumbent virtue's downy doctors preach,  
That prose of piety, a lukewarm praise?  
Rise odors sweet from incense uninflam'd?  
Devotion, when lukewarm, is undevout;  
But when it glows, its heat is struck to heaven;  
To human hearts her golden harps are strung;  
High heav'n's orchestra chaunts amen to man.

Hear I, or dream I hear, their distant strain,  
Sweet to the soul, and tasting strong of heaven,  
Soft wafted on celestial pity's plume,  
Through the vast spaces of the universe,  
To cheer me in this melancholy gloom?  
Oh when will death (now stingless,) like a friend,  
Admit me of their choir? oh when will death,  
This mould'ring, old, partition wall throw down?  
Give beings, one in nature, one abode?  
Oh death divine! that giv'st us to the skies!  
Great future! glorious patron of the past,  
And present! when shall I thy shrine adore?  
From nature's continent, immensely wide,  
Immensely blest, this little isle of life;

This dark, incarcerating colony,  
Divides us. Happy day! that breaks our chain;  
That manumits; that calls from exile home;  
That leads to nature's great metropolis,  
And re-admits us, through the guardian hand  
Of elder brothers, to our father's throne;  
Who hears our advocate, and, through his wounds  
Beholding man, allows that tender name.

'Tis this makes Christian triumph a command:

'Tis this makes joy a duty to the wise;

'Tis impious, in a good man, to be sad.

Seest thou, Lorenzo! where hangs all our hope?  
Touch'd by the cross, we live; or, more than die;  
That touch which touch'd not angels; more divine  
Than that which touch'd confusion into form,  
And darkness into glory; partial touch!  
Ineffably pre-eminent regard!  
Sacred to man, and sov'reign through the whole  
Long golden chain of miracles, which hangs  
From heav'n through all duration, and supports,  
In one illustrious, and amazing plan,  
Thy welfare, nature! and thy God's renown;

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That touch, with charm celestial, heals the soul  
Diseas'd, drives pain from guilt, lights life in death,  
Turns earth to heav'n, to heav'nly thrones transforms  
The ghastly ruins of the mould'ring tomb.

Dost ask me when? when he who died returns?  
Returns, how chang'd! where then the man of woe?  
In glory's terrors all the Godhead burns;  
And all his courts, exhausted by the tide  
Of Deities triumphant in his train,  
Leave a stupendous solitude in Heaven;  
Replenish'd soon; replenish'd with increase  
Of pomp, and multitude; a radiant band  
Of angels new; of angels from the tomb.

Is this by fancy thrown remote? and rise  
Dark doubts between the promise and event?  
I send thee not to volumes for thy cure;  
Read nature; nature is a friend to truth;  
Nature is Christian; preaches to mankind;  
And bids dead matter aid us in our creed.  
Hast thou ne'er seen the comet's flaming flight?  
Th' illustrious stranger passing, terror sheds  
On gazing nations, from his fiery train

---

Of length enormous ; takes his ample round  
Through depths of ether ; coasts unnumber'd worlds,  
Of more than solar glory ; doubles wide  
Heav'n's mighty cape ; and then revisits earth,  
From the long travel of a thousand years.  
Thus, at the destin'd period, shall return  
He, once on earth, who bids the comet blaze :  
And with Him all our triumph o'er the tomb.

Nature is dumb on this important point ;  
Or hope precarious in low whisper breathes ;  
Faith speaks aloud, distinct ; ev'n adders hear,  
But turn, and dart into the dark again.  
Faith builds a bridge across the gulph of death,  
To break the shock blind nature cannot shun,  
And lands thought smoothly on the farther shore.  
Death's terror is the mountain faith removes ;  
That mountain barrier between man and peace.  
'Tis faith disarms destruction ; and absolves  
From every clamorous charge, the guiltless tomb.

Why disbelieve ? Lorenzo !—" Reason bids,  
All-sacred reason."—Hold her sacred still ;  
Nor shalt thou want a rival in thy flame :

All-sacred reason ! source, and soul, of all  
Demanding praise, on earth, or earth above !  
My heart is thine : deep in its inmost folds,  
Live thou with life ; live dearer of the two.  
Wear I the blessed cross, by fortune stamp'd  
On passive nature, before thought was born ?  
My birth's blind bigot ! fired with local zeal !  
No ; reason rebaptiz'd me when adult ?  
Weigh'd true and false in her impartial scale ;  
My heart became the convert of my head ;  
And made that choice, which once was but my fate.  
" On argument alone my faith is built ;"  
Reason pursu'd is faith ; and, unpursu'd  
Where proof invites ; 'tis reason, then, no more :  
And such our proof, that, or our faith is right,  
Or reason lies, and Heav'n design'd it wrong :  
Absolve we this ? What, then, is blasphemy ?

Fond as we are, and justly fond of faith,  
Reason, we grant, demands our first regard ;  
The mother honor'd, as the daughter dear ;  
Reason the root, fair faith is but the flower ;  
The fading flow'r shall die ; but reason lives

Immortal, as her Father in the skies.  
When faith is virtue, reason makes it so.  
Wrong not the Christian ; think not reason yours ;  
'Tis reason our great Master holds so dear ;  
'Tis reason's injur'd rights His wrath resents ;  
'Tis reason's voice obey'd His glories crown ;  
To give lost reason life, He pour'd His own :  
Believe, and show the reason of a man ;  
Believe, and taste the pleasure of a God ,  
Believe, and look with triumph on the tomb :  
Thro' reason's wounds alone, thy faith can die ;  
Which dying, tenfold terror gives to death,  
And dips in venom his twice-mortal sting.

Learn hence what honors, what loud Pæans due  
To those, who push our antidote aside ;  
Those boasted friends to reason, and to man,  
Whose fatal love stabs ev'ry joy, and leaves  
Death's terror heighten'd gnawing on his heart.  
These pompous sons of reason idoliz'd,  
And vilified at once ; of reason dead,  
Then deified, as monarchs were of old,  
What conduct plants proud laurels on their brow ?



While love of Truth thro' all their camp resounds,  
They draw pride's curtain o'er the noon-tide ray ;  
Spike up their inch of reason, on the point  
Of philosophic wit, called argument ;  
And then, exulting in their taper, cry,  
"Behold the sun : " and Indian-like adore.

Talk they of morals ? O thou bleeding love !  
Thou maker of new morals to mankind !  
The grand morality is love of thee.  
As wise as Socrates, if such they were,  
(Nor will they bate of that sublime renown)  
As wise as Socrates, might justly stand  
The definition of a modern fool.

Christian is the highest style of man  
And is there, who the blessed cross wipes off,  
As a foul blot, from his dishonor'd brow ?  
If angels tremble, 'tis at such a sight :  
The wretch they quit, desponding of their charge,  
More struck with grief or wonder, who can tell ?

Ye sold to sense ! ye citizens of earth !  
(For such alone the Christian banner fly)  
Know ye how wise your choice, how great your gain ?

Behold the picture of earth's happiest man :  
"He calls his wish, it comes ; he sends it back,  
And says he call'd another ; that arrives,  
Meets the same welcome ; yet he still calls on ;  
Till One calls him, who varies not his call,  
But holds him fast, in chains of darkness bound,  
Till nature dies, and judgment sets him free ;  
A freedom far less welcome than his chain."

But grant man happy ; grant him happy long ;  
Add to life's highest prize her latest hour ;  
That hour so late, is nimble in approach,  
That, like a post, comes on in full career ;  
How swift the shuttle flies, that weaves thy  
shroud !

Where is the fable of thy former years ?  
Thrown down the gulf of time ; as far from thee  
As they had ne'er been thine ; the day in hand,  
Like a bird struggling to get loose, is going ;  
Scarce now possess'd, so suddenly 'tis gone ;  
And each swift moment fled, is death advanced  
By strides as swift : eternity is all ;  
And whose eternity ? who triumphs there ?

Bathing forever in the font of bliss!

Forever basking in the Deity!

Lorenzo! who?—Thy conscience shall reply.

O give it leave to speak; 'twill speak ere long,

Thy leave unask'd: Lorenzo! hear it now,

While useful its advice, its accent mild.

By the great edict, by divine decree,

Truth is deposited with man's last hour;

An honest hour, and faithful to her trust;

Truth, eldest daughter of the Deity;

Truth, of his council, when he made the worlds;

Nor less, when he shall judge the worlds he  
made;

Tho' silent long, and sleeping ne'er so sound,

Smother'd with errors, and oppress'd with toys,

That heav'n-commission'd hour no sooner calls,

But from her cavern in the soul's abyss,

Like him they fable under Ætna whelm'd,

The goddess bursts in thunder, and in flame;

Loudly convinces, and severely pains.

Dark demons I discharge, and hydra-stings;

The keen vibrations of bright truth—is hell:

Just definition! tho' by schools untaught.  
Ye deaf to truth! peruse this parson'd page,  
And trust, for once, a prophet, and a priest;  
"Men may live fools, but fools they cannot die."

# NIGHT V.

## THE RELAPSE.

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TO THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE EARL OF LITCHFIELD.

LORENZO! to recriminate is just.

Fondness for fame is avarice of air.

I grant the man is vain who writes for praise.

Praise no man e'er deserved, who sought no more.

As just thy second charge. I grant the muse

Has often blush'd at her degen'rate sons,

Retain'd by sense to plead her filthy cause,

To raise the low, to magnify the mean,

And subtilize the gross into refined;

As if to magic numbers' pow'rful charm

'Twas given to make a civet of their song

Obscene, and sweeten ordure to perfume.

Wit, a true Pagan, deifies the brute,

And lifts our swine enjoyments from the mire.

The fact notorious, nor obscure the cause.  
We wear the chains of pleasure and of pride ;  
These share the man, and these distract him too :  
Draw different ways, and clash in their commands.  
Pride, like an eagle, builds among the stars ;  
But Pleasure, lark-like, nests upon the ground.  
Joys shared by brute-creation Pride resents ;  
Pleasure embraces : man would both enjoy,  
And both at once ; a point how hard to gain !  
But what can't Wit, when stung by strong desire ?

Wit dares attempt this arduous enterprise.  
Since joys of sense can't rise to Reason's taste,  
In subtle Sophistry's laborious forge,  
Wit hammers out a reason new, that stoops  
To sordid scenes, and meets them with applause.  
Wit calls the Graces the chaste zone to loose ;  
Nor less than a plump god to fill the bowl ;  
A thousand phantoms and a thousand spells,  
A thousand opiates scatters to delude,  
To fascinate, inebrate, lay asleep,  
And the fool'd mind delightfully confound.  
Thus that which shock'd the judgment shocks no more ;

That which gave Pride offence, no more offends.

Pleasure and Pride, by nature mortal toes,

At war eternal which in man shall reign,

By Wit's address patch up a fatal peace,

And hand in hand lead on the rank debauch,

From rank, refined to delicate and gay.

Art, cursed Art! wipes off the indebted blush

From Nature's cheek, and bronzes every shame.

Man smiles in ruin, glories in his guilt,

And Infamy stands candidate for praise.

All writ by man in favor of the soul,

These sensual ethics far, in bulk, transcend.

The flow'rs of eloquence profusely pour'd

O'er spotted Vice, fill half the letter'd world.

Can pow'rs of genius exercise their page,

And consecrate enormities with song ?

But let not these inexpiable strains

Condemn the muse that knows her dignity,

Nor meanly stops at time, but holds the world

As 'tis in Nature's ample field, a point,

A point in her esteem ; from whence to start,

And run the round of universal space,

---

To visit being universal there,  
And being's Source, that utmost flight of mind !  
Yet spite of this so vast circumference,  
Well knows, but what is moral, nought is great.  
Sing syrens only ? Do not angels sing ?  
There is in Poesy a decent pride,  
Which well becomes her when she speaks to Prose,  
Her younger sister, haply not more wise.

Think'st thou, Lorenzo, to find pastimes here ?

No guilty passion blown into a flame,  
No foible flatter'd, dignity disgraced,  
No fairy field of fiction, all on flower,  
No rainbow colors here, or silken tale ;  
But solemn counsels, images of awe,  
Truths which Eternity lets fall on man  
With double weight, thro' these revolving spheres,  
This death-deep silence, and incumbent shade ;  
Thoughts such as shall revisit your last hour,  
Visit uncall'd, and live when life expires ;  
And thy dark pencil, Midnight ! darker still  
In melancholy dipp'd, embrowns the whole.

Yet this, even this, my laughter-loving friends !



Lorenzo ! and thy brothers of the smile !  
If what imports you most can most engage,  
Shall steal your ear and chain you to my song.  
Or if you fail me, know the wise shall taste  
The truths I sing : the truths I sing shall feel,  
And, feeling, give assent ; and their assent  
Is ample recompense ; is more than praise.  
But chiefly thine, O Litchfield ! nor mistake !  
Think not unIntroduced I force my way ;  
Narcissa, not unknown, not unallied  
By virtue or by blood, illustrious youth !  
To thee from blooming amaranthine bow'rs,  
Where all the language Harmony, descends  
Uncall'd, and asks admittance for the muse :  
A muse that will not pain thee with thy praise :  
Thy praise she drops, by nobler still inspired.  
O thou blest Spirit ! whether the supreme,  
Great antemundane Father ! in whose breast  
Embryo creation, unborn being, dwelt,  
And all its various revolutions roll'd  
Present, though future, prior to themselves ;  
Whose breath can blow it into nought again ;

Or, from his throne some delegated pow'r,  
Who, studious of our peace, dost turn the thought  
From vain and vile, to solid and sublime !  
Unseen thou lead'st me to delicious draughts  
Of inspiration, from a purer stream,  
And fuller of the god than that which burst  
From famed Castalia ; nor is yet allay'd  
My sacred thirst, though long my soul has ranged  
Through pleasing paths of moral and divine,  
By thee sustain'd, and lighted by the stars.

By them best lighted are the paths of thought,  
Nights are their days, their most illumin'd hours !  
By day the soul, o'erborne by life's career,  
Stunn'd by the din, and giddy with the glare,  
Reels far from reason, jostled by the throng.  
By day the soul is passive, all her thoughts  
Impos'd, precarious, broken, ere mature.  
By night from objects free, from passion cool,  
Thoughts uncontroll'd, and unimpress'd, the births  
Of pure election, arbitrary range,  
Not to the limits of one world confin'd ;

But from ethereal travels light on earth,  
As voyagers drop anchor, for repose.

Let Indians, and the gay, like Indians, fond  
Of feather'd fopperies, the sun adore :  
Darkness has more divinity for me ;  
It strikes thought inward ; it drives back the soul  
To settle on herself, our point supreme !  
There lies our theatre ; there sits our judge.  
Darkness the curtain drops o'er life's dull scene ;  
'Tis the kind hand of providence stretch'd out  
'Twixt man and vanity ; 'tis reason's reign,  
And virtue's too ; these tutelary shades  
Are man's asylum from the tainted throng.  
Night is the good man's friend, and guardian too ;  
It no less rescues virtue, than inspires.

Virtue forever frail, as fair, below,  
Her tender nature suffers in the crowd,  
Nor touches on the world, without a stain :  
The world's infectious ; few bring back at eve,  
Immaculate, the manners of the morn.  
Something we thought, is blotted ; we resolv'd,  
Is shaken ; we renounced, returns again.

Each salutation may slide in a sin  
Unthought before, or fix a former flaw.  
Nor is it strange : light, motion, concourse, noise,  
All, scatter us abroad ; thought outward-bound  
Neglectful of our home affairs, flies off  
In fume and dissipation, quits her charge,  
And leaves the breast unguarded to the foe.

Present example gets within our guard,  
And acts with double force, by few repell'd.  
Ambition fires ambition ; love of gain  
Strikes, like a pestilence, from breast to breast ;  
Riot, pride, perfidy, blue vapors breathe ;  
And inhumanity is caught from man ;  
From smiling man. A slight, a single glance,  
And shot at random, often has brought home  
A sudden fever, to the throbbing heart,  
Of envy, rancor, or impure desire.  
We see, we hear, with peril ; safety dwells  
Remote from multitude ; the world's a school  
Of wrong, and what proficients swarm around !  
We must or imitate or disapprove ;  
Must list as their accomplices, or foes ;

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That stains our innocence ; this wounds our peace.  
From nature's birth, hence, wisdom has been smit  
With sweet recess, and languish'd for the shade.

This sacred shade, and solitude, what is it ?

'Tis the felt presence of the Deity.

Few are the faults we flatter when alone.

Vice sinks in her allurements, is ungilt,

And looks, like other objects, black by night.

By night an atheist half believes a god.

Night is fair virtue's immemorial friend ;

The conscious moon, through every distant age

Has held a lamp to wisdom, and let fall

On contemplation's eye, her purging ray.

The fam'd Athenian, he who woo'd from heaven

Philosophy the fair, to dwell with men,

And form their manners, not inflame their pride,

While o'er his head, as fearful to molest

His lab'ring mind, the stars in silence slide,

And seem all gazing on their future guest,

See him soliciting his ardent suit,

In private audience : all the live-long night,

Rigid in thought, and motionless, he stands ;

Nor quits his theme, or posture, till the sun  
(Rude drunkard rising rosy from the main !)  
Disturbs his nobler intellectual beam,  
And gives him to the tumult of the world.  
Hail, precious moments ! stol'n from the black waste  
Of murder'd time ! auspicious midnight ! hail !  
The world excluded, ev'ry passion hushed,  
And open'd a calm intercourse with heav'n,  
Here the soul sits in council ; ponders past,  
Predestines future action ; sees, not feels,  
Tumultuous life ; and reasons with the storm ;  
All her lies answers, and thinks down her charms.

What awful joy ! what mental liberty !  
I am not pent in darkness ; rather say  
(If not too bold) in darkness I'm embower'd,  
Delightful gloom ! the clust'ring thoughts around  
Spontaneous rise, and blossom in the shade ;  
But droop by day, and sicken in the sun.  
Thought borrows light elsewhere ; from that First Fire,  
Fountain of animation ! whence descends  
Urania, my celestial guest ! who deigns  
Nightly to visit me, so mean ; and now

Conscious, how needful discipline to man,  
From pleasing dalliance with the charms of night  
My wand'ring thought recalls, to what excites  
Far other beat of heart; Narcissa's tomb!

Or is it feeble nature calls me back,  
And breaks my spirit into grief again?  
Is it a Stygian vapor in my blood?  
A cold, slow puddle, creeping thro' my veins?  
Or is it thus with all men?—Thus, with all.  
What are we? How unequal! Now we soar,  
And now we sink; to be the same transcends  
Our present prowess. Dearly pays the soul  
For lodging ill; too dearly rents her clay.  
Reason, a baffled counsellor! but adds  
The blush of weakness to the bane of woe.  
The noblest spirit fighting her hard fate,  
In this damp, dusky region, charg'd with storms,  
But feebly flutters, yet untaught to fly;  
Or, flying, short her flight, and sure her fall.  
Our utmost strength, when down, to rise again;  
And not to yield, tho' beaten, all our praise.  
'Tis vain to seek in men for more than man.

Tho' proud in promise, big in previous thought,  
Experience damps our triumph. I, who late,  
Emerging from the shadows of the grave,  
Where grief detained me pris'ner, mounting high  
Threw wide the gates of everlasting day,  
And call'd mankind to glory, shook off pain,  
Mortality shook off, in æther pure,  
And struck the stars; now feel my spirits fail;  
They drop me from the zenith; down I rush,  
Like him whom fable fledg'd with waxen wings,  
In sorrow drown'd—but not, in sorrow, lost.  
How wretched is the man who never mourn'd!  
I dive for precious pearl, in sorrow's stream:  
Not so the thoughtless man that only grieves;  
Takes all the torment and rejects the gain;  
(Inestimable gain!) and gives heav'n leave  
To make him but more wretched, not more wise.

If wisdom is our lesson (and what else  
Ennobles man! what else have angels learn'd?)  
Grief! more proficients in thy school are made,  
Than genius, or proud learning, e'er could boast.  
Voracious learning, often over-fed,



Digests not into sense her motley meal.  
This bookcase, with dark booty almost burst,  
This forager on others' wisdom, leaves  
Her native farm, her reason, quite untill'd.  
With mix'd manure she surfeits the rank soil,  
Dung'd, but not dress'd; and rich to beggary.  
A pomp untameable of weed prevails.  
Her servant's wealth incumber'd wisdom mourns.

And what says genius? "Let the dull be wise."  
Genius, too hard for right, can prove it wrong;  
And loves to boast, where blush men less inspir'd.  
It pleads exemption from the laws of sense;  
Considers reason as a leveller;  
And scorns to share a blessing with the crowd.  
That wise it could be, thinks an ample claim  
To glory, and to pleasure gives the rest.  
Crassus but sleeps, Ardelio is undone.  
Wisdom less shudders at a fool, than wit.

But wisdom smiles, when humbled mortals weep.  
When sorrow wounds the breast, as ploughs the glebe,  
And hearts obdurate feel her soft'ning shower.  
Her seed celestial, then, glad wisdom sows;

Her golden harvest triumphs in the soil.  
If so, Narcissa! welcome my relapse;  
I'll raise a tax on my calamity,  
And reap rich compensation from my pain.  
I'll range the plenteous intellectual field;  
And gather ev'ry thought of sov'reign power  
To chase the moral maladies of man;  
Thoughts, which may bear transplanting to the skies,  
Tho' natives of this coarse, penurious soil;  
Nor wholly wither there, where seraphs sing.  
Refin'd, exalted, not annull'd in heaven.  
Reason, the sun that gives them birth, the same  
In either clime, tho' more illustrious there,  
These choicely cull'd, and elegantly rang'd,  
Shall form a garland for Narcissa's tomb;  
And, peradventure, of no fading flowers.

Say, on what themes shall puzzled choice descend?  
"Th' importance of contemplating the tomb;  
Why men decline it; suicide's foul birth;  
The various kinds of grief; the faults of age;  
And death's dread character—invite my song."

And first th' importance of our end survey'd.

Friends counsel quick dismissal of our grief;  
Mistaken kindness! our hearts heal too soon.  
Are they more kind than He who struck the blow?  
Who bid it do His errand in our hearts,  
And banish peace, till nobler guests arrive,  
And bring it back, a true, and endless peace?  
Calamities are friends: as glaring day  
Of these unnumber'd lustres robs our sight;  
Prosperity puts out unnumber'd thoughts  
Of import high, and light divine, to man.

The man how blest, who, sick of gaudy scenes,  
(Scenes apt to thurst between us and ourselves!)  
Is led by choice to take his fav'rite walk,  
Beneath death's gloomy, silent, cypress shades,  
Unpierc'd by vanity's fantastic ray;  
To read his monuments, to weigh his dust,  
Visit his vaults, and dwell among the tombs!  
Lorenzo! read with me Narcissa's stone;  
(Narcissa was thy fav'rite) let us read  
Her moral stone; few doctors preach so well;  
Few orators so tenderly can touch  
The feeling heart. What pathos in the date!

Apt words can strike, and yet in them we see  
Faint images of what we here enjoy.

What cause have we to build on length of life ?  
Temptations seize, when fear is laid asleep ;  
And ill foreboded is our strongest guard.

See from her tomb, as from an humble shrine,  
Truth, radiant goddess ! sallies on my soul,  
And puts delusion's dusky train to flight ;  
Dispels the mists our sultry passions raise,  
From objects low, terrestrial, and obscene ;  
And shows the real estimate of things ;  
Which no man, unafflicted, ever saw ;  
Pulls off the veil from virtue's rising charms ;  
Detects temptation in a thousand lies.

Truth bids me look on men, as autumn leaves,  
And all they bleed for, as the summer's dust,  
Driv'n by the whirlwind ; lighted by her beams,  
I widen my horizon, gain new powers,  
See things invisible, feel things remote,  
Am present with futurities ; think nought  
To man so foreign, as the joys possess'd ;  
Nought so much his, as those beyond the grave.

No folly keeps its color in her sight,  
Pale worldly wisdom loses all her charms ;  
In pompous promise from her schemes profound,  
If future fate she plans, 'tis all in leaves,  
Like sibyl, unsubstantial, fleeting bliss !  
At the first blast it vanishes in air.  
Not so, celestial : wouldst thou know, Lorenzo ?  
How differ worldly wisdom, and divine ?  
Just as the waning, and the waxing moon.  
More empty worldly wisdom ev'ry day ;  
And ev'ry day more fair her rival shines.  
When later, there 's less time to play the fool.  
Soon our whole term for wisdom is expir'd  
(Thou know'st she calls no council in the grave) ;  
And everlasting fool is writ in fire,  
Or real wisdom wafts us to the skies.

As worldly schemes resemble sibyl's leaves,  
The good man's days to sibyl's books compare,  
(In ancient story read, thou know'st the tale)  
In price still rising, as in number less,  
Inestimable quite his final hour.  
For that who thrones can offer, offer thrones ;

Insolvent worlds the purchase cannot pay.

“Oh let me die his death!” all nature cries.

“Then live his life.”—All nature falters there.

Our great physician daily to consult,

To commune with the grave, our only cure.

What grave prescribes the best?—A friend’s, and yet,

From a friend’s grave, how soon we disengage?

Ev’n to the dearest, as his marble, cold.

Why are friends ravish’d from us? ’tis to bind,

By soft affection’s ties, on human hearts,

The thought of death, which reason, too supine,

Or misemployed, so rarely fastens there.

Nor reason, nor affection, no, nor both

Combin’d, can break the witchcrafts of the world.

Behold th’ inexorable hour at hand!

Behold th’ inexorable hour forgot!

And to forget it the chief aim of life,

Tho’ well to ponder it, is life’s chief end.

Is death, that ever threat’ning, ne’er remote,

That all-important, and that only sure,

(Come when he will) an unexpected guest?

Nay, tho’ invited by the loudest calls

Of blind imprudence, unexpected still?  
Tho' num'rous messengers are sent before  
To warn his great arrival. What the cause,  
The wond'rous cause, of this mysterious ill?  
All heav'n looks down astonish'd at the sight.

Is it that life has sown her joys so thick,  
We can't thrust in a single care between?  
Is it, that life has such a swarm of cares,  
The thought of death can't enter for the throng?  
Is it, that time steals on with downy feet,  
Nor wakes indulgence from her golden dream?  
To-day is so like yesterday, it cheats;  
We take the lying sister for the same.  
Life glides away, Lorenzo! like a brook:  
Forever changing, unperceiv'd the change.  
In the same brook none ever bath'd him twice;  
To the same life none ever twice awoke.  
We call the brook the same; the same we think  
Our life, tho' still more rapid in its flow;  
Nor mark the much irrevocably laps'd,  
And mingled with the sea. Or shall we say  
(Retaining still the brook to bear us on)

That life is like a vessel on the stream ?  
In life embark'd, we smoothly down the tide  
Of time descend, but not on time intent ;  
Amus'd, unconscious of the gliding wave ;  
Till on a sudden we perceive a shock ;  
We start, awake, look out ; what see we there ?  
Our brittle bark is burst on Charon's shore.

Is this the cause death flies all human thought ?  
Or is it, judgment by the will struck blind,  
That domineering mistress of the soul !  
Like him so strong by Dalilah the fair ?  
Or is it fear turns startled reason back,  
From looking down a precipice so steep ?  
'Tis dreadful ; and the dread is wisely placed,  
By nature conscious of the make of man.  
A dreadful friend it is, a terror kind,  
A flaming sword to guard the tree of life.  
By that unaw'd, in life's most smiling hour,  
The good man would repine ; would suffer joys,  
And burn impatient for his promised skies.  
The bad on each punctilious pique of pride,  
Or gloom of humour, would give rage the rein,



Bound o'er the barrier, rush into the dark,  
And mar the schemes of providence below.

What groan was that, Lorenzo?—furies! rise;  
And drown, in your less execrable yell,  
Britannia's shame. There took her gloomy flight,  
On wing impetuous, a black sullen soul,  
Blasted from hell, with horrid lust of death.  
Thy friend, the brave, the gallant Altamont,  
So call'd, so thought—and then he fled the field.  
Less base the fear of death, than fear of life.

O Britain, infamous for suicide!  
An island in thy manners! far disjoin'd  
From the whole world of rationals beside!  
In ambient waves plunge thy polluted head,  
Wash the dire stain, nor shock the Continent.

But thou be shock'd, while I detect the cause  
Of self-assault, expose the monster's birth,  
And bid abhorrence hiss it round the world.  
Blame not thy clime, nor chide the distant sun:  
The sun is innocent, thy clime absolv'd:  
Immoral climes kind nature never made.

The cause I sing in Eden might prevail,  
And proves it is thy folly, not thy fate.

The soul of man (let man in homage bow,  
Who names his soul), a native of the skies !  
High-born, and free, her freedom should maintain,  
Unsold, unmortgag'd for earth's little bribes,  
Th' illustrious stranger, in this foreign land,  
Like strangers, jealous of her dignity,  
Studious of home, and ardent to return,  
Of earth suspicious, earth's enchanted cup  
With cool reserve light-touching, should indulge,  
On immortality, her godlike taste ;  
There take large draughts ; make her chief banquet  
there.

But some reject this sustenance divine ;  
To beggarly vile appetites descend ;  
Ask alms of earth, for guests that came from heaven ;  
Sink into slaves ; and sell, for present hire,  
Their rich reversion, and (what shares its fate)  
Their native freedom, to the prince who sways  
This nether world. And when his payments fail,  
When his foul basket gorges them no more ;

Or their pall'd palates loath the basket full ;  
Are instantly, with wild demoniac rage,  
For breaking all the chains of providence,  
And bursting their confinement ; tho' fast barr'd  
By laws divine and human ; guarded strong  
With horrors doubled to defend the pass,  
The blackest nature, or dire guilt, can raise ;  
And moated round, with fathomless destruction,  
Sure to receive and overwhelm them in their fall.

Such, Britons ! is the cause, to you unknown,  
Or worse, o'erlook'd ; o'erlook'd by magistrates,  
Thus, criminals themselves. I grant the deed  
Is madness ; but the madness of the heart.  
And what is that ? Our utmost bound of guilt.  
A sensual, unreflecting life is big  
With monstrous births, and suicide, to crown  
The black, infernal brood. The bold to break  
Heav'n's law supreme, and desperately rush  
Thro' sacred nature's murder, on their own,  
Because they never think of death, they die.  
'Tis equally man's duty, glory, gain,  
At once to shun, and meditate his end.

When by the bed of languishment we sit,  
(The seat of wisdom! if our choice, not fate)  
Or, o'er our dying friends, in anguish hang,  
Wipe the cold dew, or stay the sinking head,  
Number their moments, and, in ev'ry clock,  
Start at the voice of an eternity ;  
See the dim lamp of life just feebly lift  
An agonizing beam, at us to gaze,  
Then sink again, and quiver into death,  
That most pathetic herald of our own ;  
How read we such sad scenes? As sent to man  
In perfect vengeance? No; in pity sent,  
To melt him down like wax, and then impress,  
Indelible, death's image on his heart ;  
Bleeding for others, trembling for himself.  
We bleed, we tremble, we forget, we smile.  
The mind turns fool, before the cheek is dry.  
Our quick-returning folly cancels all ;  
As the tide rushing rases what is writ  
In yielding sands, and smooths the letter'd shore.

Lorenzo ! hast thou ever weigh'd a sigh ?

Or studied the philosophy of tears ?

(A science, yet, unlectured in our schools!)

Hast thou descended deep into the breast,  
And seen their source? If not, descend with me  
And trace these briny riv'lets to their springs.

Our fun'ral tears, from diff'rent causes, rise.  
As if from separate cisterns in the soul,  
Of various kinds, they flow. From tender hearts,  
By soft contagion call'd, some burst at once,  
And stream obsequious to the leading eye.  
Some ask more time, by curious art distill'd.  
Some hearts in secret hard, unapt to melt,  
Struck by the magic of the public eye,  
Like Moses' smitten rock, gush out amain.  
Some weep to share the fame of the deceas'd,  
So high in merit, and to them so dear.  
They dwell on praises, which they think they share;  
And thus, without a blush, commend themselves.  
Some mourn in proof, that something they could love.  
They weep not to relieve their grief, but show.  
Some weep in perfect justice to the dead,  
As conscious all their love is in arrear.  
Some mischievously weep, not unapprised

Tears, sometimes, aid the conquest of an eye.  
With what address the soft Ephesians draw  
Their sable network o'er entangled hearts?  
As seen thro' crystal, how their roses glow,  
While liquid pearl runs trickling down their cheek?  
Of hers not prouder Egypt's wanton queen,  
Carousing gems, herself dissolv'd in love.  
Some weep at death, abstracted from the dead,  
And celebrate, like Charles, their own decease.  
By kind construction some are deem'd to weep,  
Because a decent veil conceals their joy.

Some weep in earnest; and yet weep in vain;  
As deep in indiscretion, as in woe.  
Passion, blind passion! impotently pours  
Tears, that deserve more tears; while reason sleeps;  
Or gazes, like an idiot, unconcern'd;  
Nor comprehends the meaning of the storm;  
Knows not it speaks to her, and her alone.  
Irrationals all sorrow are beneath,  
That noble gift! that privilege of man!  
From sorrow's pang, the birth of endless joy.  
But these are barren of that birth divine:

They weep impetuous, as the summer storm,  
And full as short! the cruel grief soon tam'd,  
They make a pastime of the stingless tale;  
Far as the deep-resounding knell, they spread  
The dreadful news, and hardly feel it more.  
No grain of wisdom pays them for their woe.

Half round the globe, the tears pump'd up by death  
Are spent in wat'ring vanities of life;  
In making folly flourish still more fair.  
When the sick soul, her wonted stay withdrawn,  
Reclines on earth, and sorrows in the dust;  
Instead of learning there her true support,  
Tho' there thrown down her true support to learn,  
Without heav'n's aid, impatient to be blest,  
She crawls to the next shrub, or bramble vile,  
Tho' from the stately cedar's arms she fell,  
With stale, foresworn embraces, clings anew,  
The stranger weds, and blossoms, as before,  
In all the fruitless fopperies of life:  
Presents her weed, well-fancied, at the ball,  
And raffles for the death's-head on the ring.  
So wept Aurelia, till the destin'd youth

Stepp'd in, with his receipt for making smiles,  
And blanching sables into bridal bloom.  
So wept Lorenzo fair Clarissa's fate ;  
Who gave that angel boy, on whom he doats ;  
And died to give him, orphan'd in his birth !  
Not such, Narcissa, my distress for thee.  
I'll make an altar of thy sacred tomb  
To sacrifice to wisdom.—What wast thou ?  
“ Young, gay, and fortunate ! ” Each yields a theme.  
I'll dwell on each, to shun thought more severe ;  
(Heav'n knows I labor with severer still !)  
I'll dwell on each, and quite exhaust thy death.  
A soul without reflection, like a pile  
Without inhabitant, to ruin runs.

And, first, thy youth. What says it to gray hairs ?  
Narcissa, I'm become thy pupil now—  
Early, bright, transient, chaste, as morning dew,  
She sparkled, was exhal'd, and went to heaven.  
Time on this head has snow'd ; yet still 'tis borne  
Aloft ; nor thinks but on another's grave.  
Cover'd with shame I speak it, age severe  
Old worn-out vice sets down for virtue fair.



With graceless gravity, chastising youth,  
That youth chastis'd surpassing in a fault,  
Father of all, forgetfulness of death ;  
As if, like objects pressing on the sight,  
Death had advanced too near us to be seen :  
Or, that life's loan time ripen'd into right ;  
And men might plead prescription from the grave ;  
Deathless, from repetition of reprieve.

Deathless ! far from it ! such are dead already ;  
Their hearts are buried, and the world their grave.

Tell me, some god ! my guardian angel ! tell,  
What thus infatuates ? what enchantment plants  
The phantom of an age 'twixt us, and death  
Already at the door ? He knocks, we hear him,  
And yet we will not hear. What mail defends  
Our untouch'd hearts ? what miracle turns off  
The pointed thought, which from a thousand quivers  
Is daily darted, and is daily shunn'd ?

We stand, as in a battle, throngs on throngs  
Around us falling ; wounded oft ourselves ;  
Tho' bleeding with our wounds, immortal still !  
We see time's furrows on another's brow,

And death intrench'd, preparing his assault ;  
How few themselves, in that just mirror see !  
Or, seeing, draw their inference as strong !  
There death is certain ; doubtful here : he must,  
And soon ; we may, within an age, expire.  
Though gray our heads, our thoughts and aims are  
green ;  
Like damag'd clocks, whose hand and bell dissent ;  
Folly sings six, while nature points at twelve.  
Absurd longevity ! More, more, it cries :  
More life, more wealth, more trash of every kind.  
And wherefore mad for more, when relish fails ?  
Object, and appetite, must club for joy ;  
Shall folly labor hard to mend the bow,  
Baubles, I mean, that strike us from without,  
While nature is relaxing ev'ry string ?  
Ask thought for joy ; grow rich and hoard within.  
Think you the soul, when this life's rattles cease,  
Has nothing of more manly to succeed ?  
Contract the taste immortal ; learn ev'n now  
To relish what alone subsists hereafter.  
Divine or none, henceforth your joys forever.

Of age the glory is, to wish to die.  
That wish is praise and promise ; it applauds  
Past life, and promises our future bliss.  
What weakness see not children in their sires ?  
Grand climacterical absurdities !  
Gray-hair'd authority, to faults of youth,  
How shocking ! It makes folly thrice a fool ;  
And our first childhood might our last despise.  
Peace and esteem is all that age can hope.  
Nothing but wisdom gives the first ; the last,  
Nothing, but the repute of being wise.  
Folly bars both ; our age is quite undone.

What folly can be ranker ? Like our shadows,  
Our wishes lengthen, as our sun declines.  
No wish should loiter then, this side the grave.  
Our hearts should leave the world, before the knell  
Calls for our carcasses to mend the soil.  
Enough to live in tempest, die in port ;  
Age should fly concourse, cover in retreat  
Defects of judgment ; and the wills subdue ;  
Walk thoughtful on the silent, solemn shore  
Of that vast ocean it must sail so soon ;

And put good works on board ; and wait the wind  
That shortly blows us into worlds unknown ;  
If unconsider'd too, a dreadful scene !

All should be prophets to themselves ; foresee  
Their future fate ; their future fate foretaste ;  
This art would waste the bitterness of death.  
The thought of death alone the fear destroys.  
A disaffection to that precious thought  
Is more than midnight darkness on the soul,  
Which sleeps beneath it, on a precipice,  
Puff'd off by the first blast, and lost forever.

Dost ask, Lorenzo, why so warmly press'd,  
By repetition hammer'd on thine ear,  
The thought of death ? That thought is the machine,  
The grand machine ! that heaves us from the dust,  
And rears us into men. The thought plied home  
Will soon reduce the ghastly precipice  
O'er hanging hell, will soften the descent,  
And gently slope our passage to the grave ;  
How warmly to be wish'd ! What heart of flesh  
Would trifle with tremendous ? dare extremes ?  
Yawn o'er the fate of infinite ? What hand,

Beyond the blackest brand of censure bold,  
(To speak a language too well known to thee)  
Would at a moment give its all to chance,  
And stamp the die for an eternity ?

Aid me, Narcissa ! aid me to keep pace  
With destiny ; and ere her scissors cut  
My thread of life, to break this tougher thread  
Of moral death, that ties me to the world.  
Sting thou my slumb'ring reason to send forth  
A thought of observation on the foe ;  
To sally ; and survey the rapid march  
Of his ten thousand messengers to man ;  
Who, Jehu-like, behind him turns them all.  
All accident apart, by nature sign'd,  
My warrant is gone out, tho' dormant yet ;  
Perhaps behind one moment lurks my fate.

Must I then forward only look for death ?  
Backward I turn mine eye, and find him there.  
Man is a self-survivor ev'ry year.  
Man, like a stream, is in perpetual flow.  
Death 's a destroyer of quotidian prey.  
My youth, my noontide, his ; my yesterday ;

The bold invader shares the present hour.  
Each moment on the former shuts the grave.  
While man is growing, life is in decrease ;  
And cradles rock us nearer to the tomb.  
Our birth is nothing but our death begun ;  
As tapers waste, that instant they take fire.

Shall we then fear, lest that should come to pass,  
Which comes to pass each moment of our lives ?  
If fear we must, let that death turn us pale,  
Which murders strength and ardor ; what remains  
Should rather call on death, than dread his call.  
Ye partners of my fault, and my decline !  
Thoughtless of death but when your neighbor's knell  
(Rude visitant) knocks hard at your dull sense,  
And with its thunder scarce obtains your ear !  
Be death your theme in ev'ry place and hour ;  
Nor longer want, ye monumental sires,  
A brother-tomb to tell you, you shall die.  
That death you dread, (so great is nature's skill !)  
Know, you shall court, before you shall enjoy.  
But you are learn'd ; in volumes deep you sit.  
In wisdom shallow ; pompous ignorance !

Would you be still more learned than the learn'd ?  
Learn well to know how much need not be known,  
And what that knowledge which impairs your sense.  
Our needful knowledge, like our needful food,  
Unhedged, lies open in life's common field,  
And bids all welcome to the vital feast.  
You scorn what lies before you in the page  
Of nature and experience, moral truth !  
Of indispensable, eternal fruit !  
Fruit on which mortals, feeding, turn to gods ;  
And dive in science for distinguish'd names,  
Dishonest fomentation of your pride,  
Sinking in virtue as you rise in fame.  
Your learning, like the lunar beam, affords  
Light, but not heat ; it leaves you undevout,  
Frozen at heart, while speculation shines.  
Awake, ye curious indagators, fond  
Of knowing all, but what avails you known.  
If you would learn death's character, attend.  
All casts of conduct, all degrees of health,  
All dyes of fortune, and all dates of age,  
Together shook in his impartial urn,

Come forth at random ; or, if choice is made,  
The choice is quite sarcastic, and insults  
All bold conjecture and fond hopes of man.  
What countless multitudes not only leave,  
But deeply disappoint us by their deaths !  
Though great our sorrow, greater our surprise.

Like other tyrants, death delights to smite,  
What, smitten, most proclaims the pride of pow'r  
And arbitrary nod. His joy supreme,  
To bid the wretch survive the fortunate ;  
The feeble wrap th' athletic in his shroud ;  
And weeping fathers build their children's tomb :  
Me thine, Narcissa !—What though short thy date ?  
Virtue, not rolling suns, the mind matures.  
That life is long which answers life's great end.  
The tree that bears no fruit deserves no name.  
The man of wisdom is the man of years.  
In hoary youth Methusalems may die ;  
O how misdated on their flattering tombs !

Narcissa's youth has lectured me thus far :  
And can her gayety give counsel too ?  
That, like the Jews' famed oracle of gems,



Sparkles instruction ; such as throws new light,  
And opens more the character of death,  
Ill known to thee, Lorenzo ! This thy vaunt :  
“ Give death his due, the wretched and the old ;  
E'en let him sweep his rubbish to the grave ;  
Let him not violate kind nature's laws,  
But own man born to live as well as die.”  
Wretched and old thou giv'st him : young and gay  
He takes ; and plunder is a tyrant's joy.  
What if I prove, “ The farthest from the fear  
Are often nearest to the stroke of fate ?”

All more than common, menaces an end.

A blaze betokens brevity of life :  
As if bright embers should emit a flame,  
Glad spirits sparkled from Narcissa's eye,  
And made youth younger, and taught life to live  
As nature's opposites wage endless war,  
For this offence, as treason to the deep  
Inviolable stupor of his reign,  
Where lust and turbulent ambition sleep.  
Death took swift vengeance. As he life detests,  
More life is still more odious ; and reduced

By conquest, aggrandizes more his pow'r.  
But wherefore aggrandiz'd ? By heav'n's decree,  
To plant the soul on her eternal guard,  
In awful expectation of our end.  
Thus runs death's dread commission, 'Strike, but so  
As most alarms the living by the dead.'  
Hence stratagem delights him, and surprise,  
And cruel sport with man's securities.  
Not simple conquest, triumph is his aim ;  
And where least feared, there conquest triumphs most.  
This proves my bold assertion not too bold.

What are his arts to lay our fears asleep ?

Tiberian arts his purposes wrap up  
In deep dissimulation's darkest night.  
Like princes unconfess'd in foreign courts,  
Who travel under cover, death assumes  
The name and look of life, and dwells among us ;  
He takes all shapes that serve his black designs ;  
Though master of a wider empire far  
Than that o'er which the Roman eagle flew :  
Like Nero, he's a fiddler, charioteer ;  
Or drives his phaeton in female guise ;

Quite unsuspected, till the wheel beneath  
His disarray'd oblation he devours.

He most affects the forms least like himself,  
His slender self : hence burly corpulence  
Is his familiar wear, and sleek disguise.  
Behind the rosy bloom he loves to lurk  
Or ambush in a smile ; or, wanton, dive  
In dimples deep : Love's eddies, which draw in  
Unwary hearts, and sink them in despair.  
Such on Narcissa's couch he loiter'd long  
Unknown, and when detected, still was seen  
To smile ; such peace has innocence in death !

Most happy they ! whom least his arts deceive.  
One eye on death, and one full fix'd on heav'n,  
Becomes a mortal and immortal man.  
Long on his wiles a piqued and jealous spy,  
I've seen, or dreamt I saw, the tyrant dress,  
Lay by his horrors, and put on his smiles.  
Say, muse, for thou remember'st, call it back,  
And show Lorenzo the surprising scene ;  
If 'twas a dream, his genius can explain.  
'Twas in a circle of the gay I stood :

Death would have enter'd ; Nature push'd him back ;  
Supported by a doctor of renown,  
His point he gain'd ; then artfully dismiss'd  
The sage, for death design'd to be conceal'd.  
He gave an old vivacious usurer  
His meagre aspect, and his naked bones ;  
In gratitude for plumping up his prey.  
A pamper'd spendthrift, whose fantastic air,  
Well-fashion'd figure, and cockaded brow,  
He took in change, and underneath the pride  
Of costly linen tuck'd his filthy shroud.  
His crooked bow he straighten'd to a cane,  
And hid his deadly shaft in Myra's eye.

The dreadful masquerader, thus equipp'd,  
Outsallies on adventures. Ask you where ?  
Where is he not ? For his peculiar haunts  
Let this suffice ; sure as night follows day,  
Death treads in Pleasure's footsteps round the world,  
When Pleasure treads the paths which Reason shuns.  
When against Reason Riot shuts the door,  
And Gayety supplies the place of Sense,  
Then foremost, at the banquet and the ball,

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Death leads the dance, or stamps the deadly die;  
Nor ever fails the midnight bowl to crown,  
Gayly carousing to his gay compeers,  
Inly he laughs to see them laugh at him,  
As absent far; and when the revel burns,  
When fear is banish'd, and triumphant Thought,  
Calling for all the joys beneath the moon,  
Against him turns the key, and bids him sup  
With their progenitors—he drops his mask;  
Frowns out at full; they start, despair, expire.

Scarce with more sudden terror and surprise,  
From his black masque of nitre, touch'd by fire.  
He bursts, expands, roars, blazes, and devours.  
And is not this triumphant treachery,  
And more than simple conquest, in the fiend?

And now, Lorenzo, dost thou wrap thy soul  
In soft security, because unknown  
Which moment is commission'd to destroy?  
In death's uncertainty thy danger lies.  
Is death uncertain? Therefore thou be fix'd;  
Fix'd as a sentinel, all eye, all ear,  
All expectation of the coming foe.

Rouse, stand in arms, nor lean against thy spear ;  
Lest slumber steal one moment o'er thy soul,  
And fate surprise thee nodding. Watch, be strong ;  
Thus give each day the merit and renown,  
Of dying well ; tho' doom'd but once to die.  
Nor let life's period hidden (as from most)  
Hide too from thee the precious use of life.

Early, not sudden, was Narcissa's fate.  
Soon, not surprising, death his visit paid.  
Her thought went forth to meet him on his way,  
Nor gayety forgot it was to die.  
Tho' fortune too (our third and final theme,)  
As as accomplice play'd her gaudy plumes,  
And ev'ry glittering gewgaw, on her sight,  
To dazzle, and debauch it from its mark.  
Death's dreadful advent is the mark of man ;  
And ev'ry thought that misses it, is blind.  
Fortune, with youth and gayety, conspir'd  
To weave a triple wreath of happiness,  
(If happiness on earth) to crown her brow.  
And could death charge thro' such a shining shield ?  
That shining shield invites the tyrant's spear.

As if to damp our elevated aims,  
And strongly preach humility to man.  
O how portentous is prosperity !  
How, comet-like, it threatens, while it shines !  
Few years but yield us proof of death's ambition  
To cull his victims from the fairest fold,  
And sheath his shafts in all the pride of life.  
When flooded with abundance, purpled o'er  
With recent honors, bloom'd with ev'ry bliss,  
Set up in ostentation, made the gaze,  
The gaudy centre, of the public eye,  
When fortune thus has toss'd her child in air,  
Snatch'd from the covert of an humble state,  
How often have I seen him dropp'd at once,  
Our morning's envy ! and our ev'ning's sigh !  
As if her bounties were the signal given,  
The flow'ry wreath to mark the sacrifice,  
And call death's arrows on the destin'd prey.

High fortune seems in cruel league with fate.  
Ask you for what ? To give his war on man  
The deeper dread, and more illustrious spoil ;  
Thus to keep daring mortals more in awe.

And burns Lorenzo still for the sublime  
Of life ? to hang his airy nest on high,  
On the slight timber of the topmost bough,  
Rock'd at each breeze, and menacing a fall !  
Granting grim Death at equal distance there :  
Yet peace begins just where ambition ends.  
What makes man wretch'd ? Happiness denied ?  
Lorenzo ! no : 'tis Happiness disdain'd.  
She comes too meanly dress'd to win our smile ;  
And calls herself Content, a homely name !  
Our flame is Transport, and Content our scorn.  
Ambition turns, and shuts the door against her,  
And weds a toil, a tempest, in her stead ;  
A tempest to warm Transport near of kin.  
Unknowing what our mortal state admits,  
Life's modest joys we ruin, while we raise ;  
And all our ecstacies are wounds to peace.  
Peace, the full portion of mankind below.

And since thy peace is dear, ambitious youth !  
Of fortune fond ! as thoughtless of thy fate !  
As late I drew Death's picture, to stir up  
Thy wholesome fears ; now, drawn in contrast, see



Gay Fortune's, thy vain hopes to reprimand.  
See, high in air, the sportive goddess hangs,  
Unlocks her casket, spreads her glitt'ring ware,  
And calls the giddy winds to puff abroad  
Her random bounties o'er the gaping throng.  
All rush rapacious; friends o'er trodden friends;  
Sons o'er their fathers, subjects o'er their kings,  
Priests o'er their gods, and lovers o'er the fair,  
(Still more ador'd) to snatch the golden show'r.

Gold glitters most, where virtue shines no more;  
As stars from absent suns have leave to shine.  
O what a precious pack of votaries  
Unkennell'd from the prisons, and the stews,  
Pour in, all op'ning in their idol's praise!  
All, ardent, eye each wafture of her hand,  
And, wide expanding their voracious jaws,  
Morsel on morsel swallow down unchew'd,  
Untasted, through mad appetite for more;  
Gorg'd to the throat, yet lean and rav'nous still.  
Sagacious all, to trace the smallest game,  
And bold to seize the greatest. If (blest chance!)  
Court-zephers sweetly breathe, they launch, they fly,

O'er just, o'er sacred, all forbidden ground,  
Drunk with the burning scent of place or pow'r,  
Staunch to the foot of lucre, till they die.

Or, if for men you take them, as I mark  
Their manners, thou their various fates survey.  
With aim mismeasur'd, and impetuous speed,  
Some darting, strike their ardent wish far off,  
Through fury to possess it: some succeed,  
But stumble, and let fall the taken prize.  
From some, by sudden blasts, 'tis whirl'd away.  
And lodg'd in bosoms that ne'er dream'd of gain.  
To some it sticks so close, that, when torn off  
Torn is the man, and mortal is the wound.  
Some, o'er-enamour'd of their bags, run mad,  
Groan under gold, yet weep for want of bread.  
Together some (unhappy rivals!) seize,  
And rend abundance into poverty;  
Loud croaks the raven of the law, and smiles:  
Smiles too the goddess; but smiles most at those,  
(Just victims of exorbitant desire!)  
Who perish at their own request, and, whelm'd  
Beneath her load of lavish grants, expire.

Fortune is famous for her numbers slain.  
The number small, which happiness can bear.  
Tho' various for awhile their fates ; at last  
One curse involves them all : at death's approach,  
All read their riches backward into loss,  
And mourn, in just proportion to their store.

And death's approach, (if orthodox my song)  
Is hasten'd by the lure of fortune's smiles.  
And art thou still a glutton of bright gold ?  
And art thou still rapacious of thy ruin ?  
Death loves a shining mark, a signal blow ;  
A blow, which, while it executes, alarms ;  
And startles thousands, with a single fall.  
As when some stately growth of oak, or pine,  
Which nods aloft, and proudly spreads her shade,  
The sun's defiance, and the flock's defence ;  
By the strong strokes of lab'ring hinds subdu'd,  
Loud groans her last, and, rushing from her height  
In cumb'rous ruin, thunders to the ground :  
The conscious forest trembles at the shock,  
And hill, and stream, and distant dale, resound.

These high-aim'd darts of death, and these alone,

Should I collect, my quiver would be full.  
A quiver, which, suspended in mid air,  
Or near heav'n's archer, in the zodiac, hung,  
(So could it be) should draw the public eye,  
The gaze and contemplation of mankind!  
A constellation awful, yet benign,  
To guide the gay thro' life's tempestuous wave;  
Nor suffer them to strike the common rock,  
"From greater danger to grow more secure,  
And, wrapt in happiness, forget their fate."

Lysander, happy past the common lot,  
Was warn'd a danger, but too gay to fear.  
He woo'd the fair Aspasia: she was kind:  
In youth, form, fortune, fame, they both were  
    bless'd,

All who knew, envied; yet in envy lov'd:  
Can fancy form more finish'd happiness?  
Fix'd was the nuptial hour. Her stately dome  
Rose on the sounding beach. The glitt'ring spires  
Float in the wave, and break against the shore:  
So break those glitt'ring shadows, human joys,  
The faithless morning smil'd: he takes his leave,

To re-embrace in ecstasies, at eve.  
The rising storm forbids. The news arrives :  
Untold, she saw it in her servant's eye.  
She felt it seen (her heart was apt to feel);  
And, drown'd, without the furious ocean's aid,  
In suffocating sorrows, shares his tomb.  
Now, round the sumptuous, bridal monument,  
The guilty billows innocently roar ;  
And the rough sailor, passing, drops a tear.  
A tear?—can tears suffice?—But not for me.  
How vain our efforts! And our arts, how vain!  
The distant train of thought I took, to shun,  
Has thrown me on my fate.—These died together ;  
Happy in ruin! undivorc'd by death!  
Or ne'er to meet, or ne'er to part, is peace.—  
Narcissa! pity bleeds at thought of thee.  
Yet thou wast only near me ; not myself.  
Survive myself? that cures all other woe.  
Narcissa lives! Philander is forgot.  
O the soft commerce! O the tender ties,  
Close-twisted with the fibres of the heart!

Which broken, break them ; and drain off the soul  
Of human joy ; and make it pain to live.—  
And is it then to live ? When such friends part,  
'Tis the survivor dies.—My heart ! no more.

NIGHT VI.  
THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.  
IN TWO PARTS.

CONTAINING THE NATURE, PROOF, AND IMPORTANCE OF  
IMMORTALITY.

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P R E F A C E.

FEW ages have been deeper in dispute about religion than this. The dispute about religion, and the practice of it, seldom go together. The shorter, therefore, the dispute, the better. I think it may be reduced to this single question, Is man immortal, or is he not? If he is not, all our disputes are mere amusements, or trials of skill. In this case, truth, reason, religion, which give our discourses such pomp and solemnity, are (as will be shown) mere empty sounds, without any meaning in them. But if man is immortal, it will behoove him to be very serious about eternal consequences; or, in other words, to be truly religious. And this great fundamental truth, unestablished or unawakened in the minds of men, is, I conceive, the real source and support of all our infidelity; how remote soever the particular objections advanced may seem to be from it.

Sensible appearances affect most men much more than abstract reasonings; and we daily see *bodies* drop around us, but the *soul* is invisible. The power which inclination has over the judgment is greater than can be well conceived by those that have not had an experience of it; and of what numbers is it the sad interest that souls should not survive! The heathen world confessed that they rather *hoped* than firmly *believed* immortality; and how many heathens have we still amongst us! The sacred page assures us, that life and immortality is brought to light by the gospel: but by how many is the gospel rejected, or overlooked! From these considerations, and from my being, accidentally, privy to the sentiments of some particular persons, I have been long persuaded that most, if not all, our infidels, (whatever name they take, and whatever scheme, for argument's sake, and to keep themselves in countenance, they patronize) are supported in their deplorable error by some doubt of their *immortality*, at the bottom. And I am satisfied that men once thoroughly convinced of their immortality are not far from being Christians. For it is hard to conceive that a man fully conscious eternal pain or happiness will certainly be his lot, should not earnestly, and impartially, inquire after the surest means of escaping the one, and securing the other. And of such an earnest and impartial inquiry, I well know the consequence.

Here, therefore, in proof of this most fundamental truth, some plain arguments are offered—arguments derived from principles which infidels admit in common with believers—arguments which appear to me altogether irresistible; and such as I am satisfied will have great weight with all who give themselves the



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small trouble of looking seriously into their own bosoms, and of observing, with any tolerable degree of attention, what daily passes, round about them, in the world. If some arguments shall, here, occur which others have declined, they are submitted, with all deference, to better judgments in this, of all points, the most important. For, as to the being of a God, that is no longer disputed; but it is undisputed, for this reason only, viz., because where the least pretence to reason is admitted, it must forever be indisputable. And of consequence no man can be betrayed into a dispute of that nature by vanity; which has a principal share in animating our modern combatants against other articles of our belief.

## PART THE FIRST.

WHERE, AMONG OTHER THINGS, GLORY AND RICHES ARE  
PARTICULARLY CONSIDERED.

TO THE RIGHT HONORABLE HENRY PELHAM,  
FIRST LORD COMMISSIONER OF THE TREASURY, AND CHANCELLOR OF  
THE EXCHEQUER.

She\* (for I know not yet her name in heaven)  
Nor early, like Narcissa, left the scene ;  
Nor sudden, like Philander. What avail ?  
This seeming mitigation but inflames ;  
This fancied med'cine heightens the disease.  
The longer known, the closer still she grew ;  
And gradual parting is a gradual death.  
'Tis the grim tyrant's engine, which extorts  
By tardy pressure's still-increasing weight,  
From hardest hearts, confession of distress.  
O the long, dark approach thro' years of pain,  
Death's gall'ry ! (might I dare to call it so)

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\* Referring to Night the Fifth.

With dismal doubt, and sable terror, hung;  
Sick hope's pale lamp, its only glimm'ring ray:  
There fate my melancholy walk ordain'd,  
Forbid self-love itself to flatter, there.  
How oft I gaz'd, prophetically sad!  
How oft I saw her dead, while yet in smiles!  
In smiles she sunk her grief, to lessen mine.  
She spoke me comfort, and increas'd my pain.  
Like pow'rful armies trenching at a town,  
By slow, and silent, but resistless sap,  
In his pale progress gently gaining ground,  
Death urg'd his deadly siege; in spite of art,  
Of all the balmy blessings nature lends  
To succor frail humanity. Ye stars!  
(Not now first made familiar to my sight)  
And thou, O moon! bear witness; many a night  
He tore the pillow from beneath my head,  
Tied down my sore attention to the shock,  
By ceaseless depredations on a life  
Dearer than that he left me. Dreadful post  
Of observation! darker ev'ry hour!  
Less dread the day that drove me to the brink,

And pointed at eternity below ;  
When my soul shudder'd at futurity ;  
When, on a moment's point, th' important dye  
Of life and death spun doubtful, ere it fell,  
And turn'd up life ; my title to more woe.

But why more woe ? More comfort let it be.  
Nothing is dead, but that which wish'd to die ;  
Nothing is dead, but wretchedness and pain ;  
Nothing is dead, but what incumber'd, gall'd,  
Block'd up the pass, and barr'd from real life.  
Where dwells that wish most ardent of the wise !  
Too dark the sun to see it ; highest stars  
Too low to reach it ; death, great death alone,  
O'er stars and sun triumphant, land us there.

Nor dreadful our transition ; tho' the mind,  
An artist at creating self-alarms,  
Rich in expedients for inquietude,  
Is prone to paint it dreadful. Who can take  
Death's portrait true ? The tyrant never sat.  
Our sketch, all random strokes, conjecture all ;  
Close shuts the grave, nor tells one single tale.  
Death, and his image rising in the brain,

Bear faint resemblance ; never are alike ;  
Fear shakes the pencil, Fancy loves excess,  
Dark ignorance is lavish of her shades ;  
And these the formidable picture draw.

But grant the worst ; 'tis past ; new prospects rise ;  
And drop a veil eternal o'er her tomb.

Far other views our contemplation claim,  
Views that o'erpay the rigors of our life ;  
Views that suspend our agonies in death.

Wrapt in the thought of immortality,  
Wrapt in the single, the triumphant thought !

Long life might lapse, age unperceiv'd come on ;  
And find the soul unsated with her theme.

Its nature, proof, importance, fire my song.

O that my song could emulate my soul !

Like her, immortal. No !—the soul disdains

A mark so mean ; far nobler hope inflames ;

If endless ages can outweigh an hour,

Let not the laurel, but the palm, inspire.

Thy nature, immortality ! who knows ?

And yet who knows it not ? It is but life

In stronger thread of brighter color spun,

And spun forever ; dipp'd by cruel fate  
In Stygian dye, how black, how brittle here !  
How short our correspondence with the sun !  
And while it lasts, inglorious ! our best deeds,  
How wanting in their weight ! our highest joys  
Small cordials no support us in our pain,  
And give us strength to suffer. But how great  
To mingle int'rests, converse, amities,  
With all the sons of reason, scatter'd wide  
Through habitable space, wherever born,  
Howe'er endow'd ! to live free citizens  
Of universal nature ! to lay hold  
By more than feeble faith on the Supreme !  
To call heav'n's rich unfathomable mines  
(Mines, which support archangels in their state)  
Our own ! to rise in science, as in bliss,  
Initiate in the secrets of the skies !  
To read creation ; read its mighty plan  
In the bare bosom of the Deity !  
The plan, and execution, to collate !  
To see, before each glance of piercing thought,  
All cloud, all shadow, blown remote ; and leave

No mystery—but that of love divine,  
Which lifts us on the seraph's flaming wing,  
From earth's Aceldama, this field of blood,  
Of inward anguish, and of outward ill,  
From darkness, and from dust, to such a scene!  
Love's element! true joy's illustrious home!  
From earth's sad contrast (now deplor'd) more fair!  
What exquisite vicissitude of fate!  
Blest absolution of our blackest hour!

Lorenzo, these are thoughts that make man, man,  
The wise illumine, aggrandize the great.  
How great (while yet we tread the kindred clod,  
And ev'ry moment fear to sink beneath  
The clod we tread; soon trodden by our sons)  
How great, in the wild whirl of time's pursuits  
To stop, and pause, involv'd in high presage,  
Through the long vista of a thousand years,  
To stand contemplating our distant selves,  
As in a magnifying mirror seen,  
Enlarg'd, ennobled, elevate, divine!  
To prophesy our own futurities!  
To gaze in thought on what all thought transcends!

To talk, with fellow-candidates, of joys  
As far beyond conception, as desert,  
Ourselves th' astonish'd talkers, and the tale!

Lorenzo, swells thy bosom at the thought?  
The swell becomes thee: 'tis an honest pride.  
Revere thyself;—and yet thyself despise.

His nature no man can o'errate; and none  
Can underrate his merit. Take good heed,  
Nor there be modest, where thou shouldst be proud;  
That almost universal error shun.

How just our pride, when we behold those heights!  
Not those ambition paints in air, but those  
Reason points out, and ardent virtue gains;  
And angels emulate; our pride how just!

When mount we? when these shackles cast? when  
quit

This cell of the creation? this small nest,  
Stuck in a corner of the universe,  
Wrapp'd up in fleecy cloud, and fine-spun air?  
Fine-spun to sense; but gross and feculent  
To souls celestial; souls ordain'd to breathe  
Ambrosial gales, and drink a purer sky;



Greatly triumphant on time's farther shore,  
Where virtue reigns, enrich'd with full arrears;  
While pomp imperial begs an alms of peace.

In empire high, or in proud science deep,  
Ye born of earth! on what can you confer,  
With half the dignity, with half the gain,  
The gust, the glow of rational delight,  
As on this theme, which angels praise, and share?  
Man's fates and favors are a theme in heaven.

What wretched repetition cloy us here!  
What periodic potions for the sick!  
Distemper'd bodies! and distemper'd minds!  
In an eternity, what scenes shall strike!  
Adventures thicken! novelties surprise!  
What webs of wonder shall unravel there!  
What full day pour on all the paths of heaven,  
And light th' Almighty's footsteps in the deep!  
How shall the blessed day of our discharge  
Unwind, at once, the labyrinths of fate,  
And straighten its inextricable maze!

If inextinguishable thirst in man  
To know; how rich, how full, our banquet here!

Here, not the moral world alone unfolds ;  
The world material, lately seen in shades,  
And, in those shades, by fragments only seen,  
And seen those fragments by the lab'ring eye,  
Unbroken, now, illustrious, and entire,  
Its ample sphere, its universal frame,  
In full dimensions, swells to the survey ;  
And enters, at one glance, the ravish'd sight.  
From some superior point (where, who can tell ?  
Suffice it, 'tis a point where gods reside)  
How shall the stranger man's illumin'd eye,  
In the vast ocean of unbounded space,  
Behold an infinite of floating worlds  
Divide the crystal waves of ether pure,  
In endless voyage, without port ? The least  
Of these disseminated orbs, how great ?  
Great as they are, what numbers these surpass,  
Huge, as leviathan, to that small race,  
Those twinkling multitudes of little life,  
He swallows unperceiv'd ! stupendous these !  
Yet what are these stupendous to the whole ?  
As particles, as atoms, ill-perceiv'd ;

As circulating globules in our veins ;  
So vast the plan : fecundity divine !  
Exub'rant source ! perhaps, I wrong thee still.

    If admiration is a source of joy,  
What transport hence ? yet this the least in heaven.  
What this to that illustrious robe he wears  
Who toss'd this mass of wonders from his hand,  
A specimen, an earnest, of his power ?  
'Tis, to that glory, whence all glory flows,  
As the mead's meanest flow'ret to the sun,  
Which gave it birth. But what this sun of heaven ?  
This bliss supreme of the supremely bless'd ?  
Death, only death, the question can resolve,  
By death cheap bought th' ideas of our joy ;  
The bare ideas ! solid happiness  
So distant from its shadow chas'd below.

    And chase we still the phantom thro' the fire,  
O'er bog, and brake, and precipice, till death ?  
And toil we still for sublunary pay ?  
Defy the dangers of the field, and flood,  
Or, spider-like, spin out our precious all,  
Our more than vitals spin (if no regard

To great futurity) in curious webs  
Of subtle thought, and exquisite design ;  
(Fine network of the brain!) to catch a fly !  
The momentary buz of vain renown !  
A name, a mortal immortality !

Or (meaner still) instead of grasping air,  
For sordid lucre plunge we in the mire ?  
Drudge, sweat, thro' ev'ry shame, for ev'ry gain,  
For vile contaminating trash ; throw up  
Our hope in heav'n, our dignity with man ?  
And deify the dirt, matur'd to gold ?  
Ambition, av'rice ; the two demons, these  
Which goad thro' every slough our human herd,  
Hard-travel'd from the cradle to the grave.  
How low the wretches stoop ! how steep they climb !  
These demons burn mankind ; but most possess  
Lorenzo's bosom, and turn out the skies.

Is it in time to hide eternity ?  
And why not in an atom on the shore,  
To cover ocean ? or a mote, the sun ?  
Glory and wealth ! have they this blinding power ?  
What if to them I prove Lorenzo blind ?

Would it surprise thee ? be thou then surpris'd ;  
Thou neither know'st : their nature learn from me.

Mark well, as foreign as these subjects seem,  
What close connection ties them to my theme.  
First, what is true ambition ? the pursuit  
Of glory, nothing less than man can share.  
Were they as vain as gaudy-minded man,  
As flatulent with fumes of self-applause,  
Their arts and conquests animals might boast,  
And claim their laurel crowns, as well as we ;  
But not celestial. Here we stand alone ;  
As in our form, distinct, pre-eminent ;  
If prone in thought, our stature is our shame,  
And man should blush, his forehead meets the skies.  
The visible and present are for brutes,  
A slender portion ! and a narrow bound !  
These reason, with an energy divine,  
O'erleaps ; and claims the future and unseen ;  
The vast unseen ! the future fathomless !  
When the great soul buoys up to this high point,  
Leaving gross nature's sediments below,  
Then, and then only, Adam's offspring quits

The sage and hero of the fields and woods,  
Asserts his rank, and rises into Man.

This is ambition : this is human fire.

Can parts or place (two bold pretenders !) make  
Lorenzo great, and pluck him from the throng ?

Genius and art, ambition's boasted wings,  
Our boast but ill deserve. A feeble aid !

Dedalian engin'ry ! if these alone

Assist our flight, fame's flight is glory's fall.

Heart-merit wanting, mount we ne'er so high,

Our height is but the gibbet of our name.

A celebrated wretch when I behold,

When I behold a genius bright, and base,

Of tow'ring talents, and terrestrial aims ;

Methinks I see, as thrown from her high sphere,

The glorious fragment of a soul immortal.

With rubbish mix'd, and glittering in the dust.

Struck at the splendid, melancholy sight,

At once compassion soft, and envy, rise—

But wherefore envy ? Talents angel-bright,

If wanting worth, are shining instruments

In false ambition's hand, to finish faults

Illustrious, and give infamy renown.

Great ill is an achievement of great powers.

Plain sense but rarely leads us far astray.

Reason the means, affections choose our end ;

Means have no merit, if our end amiss.

If wrong our hearts, our heads are right in vain ;

What is a Pelham's head, to Pelham's heart ?

Hearts are proprietors of all applause.

Right ends, and means, make wisdom : worldly-wise

It but half-witted, at its highest praise.

Let genius then despair to make thee great ;

Nor flatter station : what is station high ?

'Tis a proud mendicant ; it boasts, and begs ;

It begs an alms of homage from the throng,

And oft the throng denies its charity,

Monarchs, and ministers, are awful names ;

Whoever wear them, challenge our devoir.

Religion, public order, both exact

External homage, and a supple knee,

To beings pompously set up, to serve

The meanest slave ; all more is merit's due,

Her sacred and inviolable right  
Nor ever paid the monarch, but the man.  
Our hearts ne'er bow but to superior worth ;  
Nor ever fail of their allegiance there.  
Fools, indeed, drop the man in their account,  
And vote the mantle into majesty.  
Let the small savage boast his silver fur ;  
His royal robe unborrow'd, and unbought,  
His own, descending fairly from his sires.  
Shall man be proud to wear his livery,  
And souls in ermine scorn a soul without ?  
Can place, or lessen us, or aggrandize ?  
Pigmies are pigmies still, though perch'd on Alps ;  
And pyramids are pyramids in vales.  
Each man makes his own statue, builds himself :  
Virtue alone out-builds the pyramids ;  
Her monuments shall last, when Egypt's fall.

Of these sure truths dost thou demand the cause ?  
The cause is lodg'd in immortality ;  
Hear, and assent. Thy bosom burns for power ;  
What station charms thee ? I'll install thee there ;  
'Tis thine. And art thou greater than before ?



Then thou before wast something less than man.  
Has thy new post betray'd thee into pride?  
That treach'rous pride betrays thy dignity;  
That pride defames humanity, and calls  
The being mean, which staffs or strings can raise.  
That pride, like hooded hawks, in darkness soars,  
From blindness bold, and tow'ring to the skies.  
'Tis born of ignorance, which knows not man  
An angel's second; nor his second long.  
A Nero quitting his imperial throne,  
And courting glory from the tinkling string,  
But faintly shadows an immortal soul,  
With empire's self, to pride, or rapture, fir'd.  
If nobler motives minister no cure,  
Ev'n vanity forbids thee to be vain.

High worth is elevated place: 'tis more;  
It makes the post stand candidate for thee;  
Makes more than monarchs, makes an honest man;  
Tho' no exchequer it commands, 'tis wealth;  
And tho' it wears no ribbon, 'tis renown;  
Renown, that would not quit thee, tho' disgraced,  
Nor leave thee pendent on a master's smile.

Other ambition nature interdicts ;  
Nature proclaims it most absurd in man,  
By pointing at his origin, and end ;  
Milk, and a swathe, at first, his whole demand ;  
His whole domain, at last, a turf, or stone :  
To whom, between, a world may seem too small.

Souls truly great dart forward on the wing  
Of just ambition, to the grand result,  
The curtain's fall ; there, see the buskin'd chief  
Unshod behind this momentary scene ;  
Reduced to his own stature, low or high,  
As vice, or virtue, sinks him, or sublimes ;  
And laugh at this fantastic mummery,  
This antic prelude of grotesque events,  
Where dwarfs are often stilted, and betray  
A littleness of soul by worlds o'errun,  
And nations laid in blood. Dread sacrifice  
To Christian pride ! which had with horror shock'd  
The darkest pagans, offer'd to their gods.

O thou most Christian enemy to peace !  
Again in arms ? again provoking fate ?  
That prince, and that alone, is truly great,

Who draws the sword reluctant, gladly sheaths;  
On empire builds what empire far outweighs,  
And makes his throne a scaffold to the skies.

Why this so rare? because forgot of all  
The day of death; that venerable day,  
Which sits as judge; that day, which shall pronounce  
On all our days, absolve them, or condemn.  
Lorenzo, never shut thy thought against it;  
Be levees ne'er so full, afford it room,  
And give it audience in the cabinet.  
That friend consulted, flatteries apart,  
Will tell thee fair, if thou are great, or mean.

To doat on aught may leave us, or be left,  
Is that ambition? then let flames descend,  
Point to the centre their inverted spires,  
And learn humiliation from a soul,  
Which boasts her lineage from celestial fire.  
Yet these are they, the world pronounces wise.  
The world, which cancels nature's right and wrong,  
And casts new wisdom: ev'n the grave man lends  
His solemn face, to countenance the coin.  
Wisdom for parts is madness for the whole.

This stamps the paradox, and gives us leave  
To call the wisest weak, the richest poor,  
The most ambitious, unambitious, mean ;  
In triumph, mean ; and abject on a throne.  
Nothing can make it less than mad in man,  
To put forth all his ardor, all his art,  
And give his soul her full unbounded flight,  
But reaching Him, who gave her wings to fly.  
When blind ambition quite mistakes her road,  
And downward pores, for that which shines above,  
Substantial happiness, and true renown ;  
Then, like an idiot gazing on the brook,  
We leap at stars, and fasten in the mud ;  
At glory grasp, and sink in infamy.

Ambition ! pow'rful source of good and ill !  
Thy strength in man, like length of wing in birds,  
When disengag'd from earth, with greater ease,  
And swifter flight, transports us to the skies :  
By toys entangled, or in guilt bemir'd,  
It turns a curse ; it is our chain, and scourge,  
In this dark dungeon, where confin'd we lie,  
Close-grated by the sordid bars of sense ;

All prospect of eternity shut out ;  
And, but for execution, ne'er set free.

With error in ambition justly charged,  
Find we Lorenzo wiser in his wealth ?  
What if thy rental I reform ? and draw  
An inventory new to set thee right ?  
Where, thy true treasure ? gold says, " Not in me,"  
And, " Not in me," the di'mond. Gold is poor ;  
India's insolvent : seek it in thyself,  
Seek in thy naked self, and find it there ;  
In being so descended, form'd, endow'd ;  
Sky-born, sky-guided, sky-returning race !  
Erect, immortal, rational, divine !  
In senses, which inherit earth, and heavens ;  
Enjoy the various riches nature yields ;  
Far nobler ; give the riches they enjoy ;  
Give taste to fruits ; and harmony to groves ;  
Their radiant beams to gold, and gold's bright sire ;  
Take in, at once, the landscape of the world,  
At a small inlet, which a grain might close,  
And half create the wond'rous world they see.  
Our senses, and our reason, are divine.

But for the magic organ's pow'ful charm,  
Earth were a rude, uncolor'd chaos still.  
Objects are but th' occasion; ours th' exploit;  
Ours is the cloth, the pencil, and the paint,  
Which nature's admirable pictures draws;  
And beautifies creation's ample dome.  
Like Milton's Eve, when gazing on the lake,  
Man makes the matchless image man admires.  
Say then, shall man, his thoughts all sent abroad,  
Superior wonders in himself forgot,  
His admiration waste on objects round,  
When heav'n makes him the soul of all he sees?  
Absurd! not rare! so great, so mean, is man.

What wealth in senses such as these! what wealth  
In fancy, fir'd to form a fairer scene  
Than sense surveys! In mem'ry's firm record,  
Which, should it perish, could this world recall  
From the dark shadows of o'erwhelming years!  
In colors fresh, originally bright  
Preserve its portrait, and report its fate!  
What wealth in intellect, that sov'reign power!  
Which sense, and fancy, summons to the bar;

Interrogates, approves, or reprehends ;  
And from the mass those underlings import,  
From their materials sifted, and refin'd,  
And in truth's balance accurately weigh'd,  
Forms art, and science, government, and law ;  
The solid basis, and the beauteous frame,  
The vitals, and the grace of civil life !  
And manners (sad exception !) set aside,  
Strikes out, with master-hand, a copy fair  
Of his idea, whose indulgent thought  
Long, long, ere chaos teem'd, plann'd human bliss.

What wealth in souls that soar, dive, range around,  
Disdaining limit, or from place, or time ;  
And hear at once, in thought extensive, hear  
Th' Almighty fiat, and the trumpet's sound !  
Bold, on creation's outside walk, and view  
What was, and is, and more than e'er shall be !  
Commanding, with omnipotence of thought,  
Creations new in fancy's field to rise !  
Souls, that can grasp whate'er th' Almighty made,  
And wander wild, through things impossible !  
What wealth, in faculties of endless growth,

In quenchless passions violent to crave,  
In liberty to choose, in pow'r to reach,  
And in duration (how thy riches rise !)  
Duration to perpetuate—boundless bliss !

Ask you, what power resides in feeble man  
That bliss to gain ? Is virtue's then, unknown ?  
Virtue, our present peace, our future prize.  
Man's unprecarious, natural estate,  
Improveable at will, in virtue, lies ;  
Its tenure sure ; its income is divine.

High-built abundance, heap on heap ! for what ?  
To breed new wants, and beggar us the more ;  
Then, make a richer scramble for the throng ?  
Soon as this feeble pulse, which leaps so long  
Almost by miracle, is tir'd with play,  
Like rubbish from disploding engines thrown,  
Our magazines of hoarded trifles fly ;  
Fly diverse ; fly to foreigners, to foes ;  
New masters court, and call the former fool  
(How justly !) for dependence on their stay.  
Wide scatter, first, our playthings, then, our dust.

Dost court abundance for the sake of peace ?



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Learn, and lament, thy self-defeated scheme :  
Riches enable to be richer still ;  
And richer still, what mortal can resist ?  
Thus wealth (a cruel task-master !) enjoins  
New toils, succeeding toils, an endless train !  
And murders peace, which taught it first to shine.  
The poor are half as wretched, as the rich ;  
Whose proud and painful privilege it is,  
At once, to bear a double load of woe ;  
To feel the stings of envy, and of want,  
Outrageous want ! both Indies cannot cure.

A competence is vital to content.

Much wealth is corpulence, if not disease ;  
Sick, or incumber'd, is our happiness.  
A competence is all we can enjoy.  
O be content, where heav'n can give no more !  
More, like a flash of water from a lock,  
Quickens our spirit's movement for an hour ;  
But soon its force is spent, nor rise our joys  
Above our native temper's common stream.  
Hence disappointment lurks in ev'ry prize,  
As bees in flow'rs ; and stings us with success.

The rich man, who denies it, proudly feigns ;  
Nor knows the wise are privy to the lie.  
Much learning shows how little mortals know ;  
Much wealth, how little worldlings can enjoy :  
At best, it babies us with endless toys,  
And keeps us children till we drop to dust.  
As monkees at a mirror stand amaz'd,  
They fail to find, what they so plainly see ;  
Thus men, in shining riches, see the face  
Of happiness, nor know it is a shade ;  
But gaze, and touch, and peep, and peep again,  
And wish, and wonder it is absent still.

How few can rescue opulence from want !  
Who lives to nature, rarely can be poor ;  
Who lives to fancy, never can be rich.  
Poor is the man in debt ; the man of gold,  
In debt to fortune, trembles at her pow'r.  
The man of reason smiles at her and death.  
O what a patrimony this ! A being  
Of such inherent strength and majesty,  
Not worlds possess'd can raise it ; worlds destroy'd  
Can't injure ; which holds on its glorious course,

When thine, O nature! ends; too blest to mourn  
Creation's obsequies. What treasure, this!  
The monarch is a beggar to the man.

Immortal! ages past, yet nothing gone!  
Morn without eve! a race without a goal!  
Unshorten'd by progression infinite!  
Futurity forever future! life  
Beginning still, where computation ends!  
'Tis the description of a deity!  
'Tis the description of the meanest slave:  
The meanest slave dares then Lorenzo scorn?  
The meanest slave thy sov'reign glory shares.  
Proud youth! fastidious of the lower world!  
Man's lawful pride includes humility;  
Stoops to the lowest; is too great to find  
Inferiors; all immortal! brothers all!  
Proprietors eternal of thy love.

Immortal! what can strike the sense so strong,  
As this the soul? it thunders to the thought;  
Reason amazes; gratitude o'erwhelms;  
No more we slumber on the brink of fate;  
Rous'd at the sound, th' exulting soul ascends,

And breathes her native air ; an air that feeds  
Ambitions high, and fans ethereal fires ;  
Quick kindles all that is divine within us ;  
Nor leaves one loit'ring thought beneath the stars.

Has not Lorenzo's bosom caught the flame ?  
Immortal ! was but one immortal, how  
Would others envy ! how would thrones adore !  
Because 'tis common, is the blessing lost ?  
How this ties up the bounteous hand of heaven !  
O vain, vain, vain ! all else : eternity !  
A glorious, and a needful refuge, that,  
From vile imprisonment in abject views.  
'Tis immortality, 'tis that alone,  
Amid life's pains, abasements, emptiness,  
The soul can comfort, elevate, and fill.  
That only, and that amply, this performs ;  
Lifts us above life's pains, her joys above ;  
Their terror those ; and these their rustre lose ;  
Eternity depending covers all ;  
Eternity depending all achieves ;  
Sets earth at distance ; casts her into shades ;  
Blends her distinctions ; abrogates her powers ;

The low, the lofty, joyous, and severe,  
Fortune's dread frowns, and fascinating smiles,  
Make one promiscuous and neglected heap,  
The man beneath ; if I may call him man,  
Whom immortality's full force inspires.  
Nothing terrestrial touches his high thought ;  
Suns shine unseen, and thunders roll unheard,  
By minds quite conscious of their high descent,  
Their present province, and their future prize ;  
Divinely darting upward ev'ry wish,  
Warm on the wing, in glorious absence lost.

Doubt you this truth ? why labors your belief ?  
If earth's whole orb by some due distanc'd eye  
Was seen at once, her tow'ring Alps would sink,  
And levell'd Atlas leave an even sphere.  
Thus earth, and all that earthly minds admire,  
Is swallow'd in eternity's vast round.  
To that stupendous view, when souls awake,  
So large of late, so mountainous to man,  
Time's toys subside ; and equal all below.

Enthusiastic, this ? then all are weak  
But rank enthusiasts. To this godlike height,

Some souls have soar'd ; or martyrs ne'er had bled.  
And all may do, what has by man been done.  
Who, beaten by these sublunary storms,  
Boundless, interminable joys can weigh,  
Unraptur'd, unexalted, uninflam'd ?  
What slave unblest, who from to-morrow's dawn  
Expects an empire ? He forgets his chain,  
And, thron'd in thought, his absent sceptre waves.

And what a sceptre waits us ! what a throne !  
Her own immense appointments to compute,  
Or comprehend her high prerogatives,  
In this her dark minority, how toils,  
How vainly pants, the human soul divine ?  
Too great the bounty seems for earthly joy ;  
What heart but trembles at so strange a bliss ?

In spite of all the truths the muse has sung,  
Ne'er to be priz'd enough ! enough revolv'd !  
Are there, who wrap the world so close about them,  
They see no farther than the clouds ; and dance  
On heedless vanity's fantastic toe,  
Till, stumbling at a straw, in their career  
Headlong they plunge, where end both dance and song ?

Are there, Lorenzo? is it possible?  
Are there on earth (let me not call them men)  
Who lodge a soul immortal in their breasts;  
Unconscious as the mountain of its ore;  
Or rock, of its inestimable gem?  
When rocks shall melt, and mountains vanish, these  
Shall know their treasure; treasure, then, no more.

Are there (still more amazing!) who resist  
The rising thought? who smother, in its birth,  
The glorious truth? who struggle to be brutes?  
Who thro' this bosom-barrier burst their way?  
And, with revers'd ambition, strive to sink?  
Who labor downwards thro' th' opposing pow'rs  
Of instinct, reason, and the world against them,  
To dismal hopes, and shelter in the shock  
Of endless night? night darker than the grave's?  
Who fight the proofs of immortality?  
With horrid zeal, and execrable arts,  
Work all their engines, level their black fires,  
To blot from man this attribute divine,  
(Than vital blood far dearer to the wise)  
Blasphemers, and rank atheists to themselves?

To contradict them see all nature rise !  
What object, what event, the moon beneath,  
But argues, or endears, an after-scene ?  
To reason proves, or weds it to desire ?  
All things proclaim it needful ; some advance  
One precious step beyond, and prove it sure.  
A thousand arguments swarm round my pen,  
From heav'n, and earth, and man. Indulge a few,  
By nature, as her common habit worn ;  
So pressing Providence a truth to teach,  
Which truth untaught, all other truths were vain.

THOU ! whose all-providential eye surveys,  
Whose hand directs, whose Spirit fills and warms  
Creation, and holds empire far beyond !  
Eternity's Inhabitant august !  
Of two eternities amazing Lord !  
One past, ere man's or angel's had begun :  
Aid ! while I rescue from the foe's assault  
Thy glorious immortality in man :  
A theme forever, and for all, of weight,  
Of moment infinite ! but relish'd most  
By those who love thee most, who most adore.



Nature, thy daughter, ever changing birth  
Of thee, the great Immutable, to man  
Speaks wisdom ; is his oracle supreme ;  
And he who most consults her is most wise.  
Lorenzo, to this heav'nly Delphos haste ;  
And come back all-immortal, all-divine :  
Look nature through, 'tis revolution all ;  
All change, no death. Day follows night ; and night  
The dying day ; stars rise, and set, and rise ;  
Earth takes th' example. See the summer gay,  
With her green chaplet, and ambrosial flow'rs  
Droops into pallid autumn : winter gray,  
Horrid with frost, and turbulent with storm,  
Blows autumn and his golden fruits away ;  
Then melts into the spring : soft spring, with breath  
Favonian, from warm chambers of the south,  
Recalls the first. All, to re-flourish, fades ;  
As in a wheel, all sinks to re-ascend.  
Emblems of man, who passes, not expires.

With this minute distinction, emblems just,  
Nature revolves, but man advances ; both  
Eternal ; that a circle, this a line ;

That gravitates, this soars. Th' aspiring soul,  
Ardent and tremulous, like flame, ascends;  
Zeal and humility her wings to heav'n.  
The world of matter, with its various forms,  
All dies into new life. Life born from death  
Rolls the vast mass, and shall forever roll.  
No single atom, once in being, lost,  
With change of counsel charges the Most High.

What hence infers Lorenzo? Can it be?  
Matter immortal? And shall spirit die?  
Above the nobler, shall less noble rise?  
Shall man alone, for whom all else revives,  
No resurrection know? Shall man alone,  
Imperial man! be sown in barren ground,  
Less privileged than grain, on which he feeds?  
Is man, in whom alone is pow'r to prize  
The bliss of being, or with previous pain  
Deplore its period, by the spleen of fate,  
Severely doom'd death's single unredeem'd?

If nature's revolution speaks aloud,  
In her gradation, hear her louder still.  
Look nature through, 'tis neat gradation all.

By what minute degree her scale ascends !  
Each middle nature join'd at each extreme,  
To that above it join'd, to that beneath.  
Parts into parts reciprocally shot,  
Abhor divorce. What love of union reigns !  
Here, dormant matter waits a call to life ;  
Half-life, half-death, join there : here, life and sense ;  
There, sense from reason steals a glimmering ray ;  
Reason shines out in man. But how preserved  
The chain unbroken upward, to the realms  
Of incorporeal life ? those realms of bliss  
Where death hath no dominion ? Grant a make  
Half mortal, half immortal : earthly, part,  
And part ethereal : grant the soul of man  
Eternal ; or in man the series ends.  
Wide yawns the gap ; connection is no more ;  
Check'd reason halts ; her next step wants support ;  
Striving to climb, she tumbles from her scheme ;  
A scheme analogy pronounc'd so true :  
Analogy, man's surest guide below.

Thus far, all nature calls on thy belief.  
And will Lorenzo, careless of the call,

False attestation on all nature charge,  
Rather than violate his league with death ;  
Renounce his reason, rather than renounce  
The dust belov'd, and run the risk of heav'n ?  
O what indignity to deathless souls !  
What treason to the majesty of man !  
Of man immortal ! Hear the lofty style :  
“ If so decreed, th' Almighty will be done.  
Let earth dissolve, yon pond'rous orbs descend,  
And grind us into dust: the soul is safe ;  
The man emerges ; mounts above the wreck,  
As tow'ring flame from nature's fun'ral pyre :  
O'er devastation as a gainer smiles ;  
His charter, his inviolable rights,  
Well pleased to learn from thunder's impotence,  
Death's pointless darts, and hell's defeated storms.”  
But these chimeras touch not thee, Lorenzo !  
The glories of the world thy sev'nfold shield.  
Other ambition than of crowns in air,  
And superlunary felicities,  
Thy bosom warm. I'll cool it, if I can ;  
And turn those glories than enchant, against thee.

What ties thee to this life proclaims the next.

If wise, the cause that wounds thee is thy cure.

Come, my ambitious! let us mount together

(To mount, Lorenzo never can refuse;)

And from the clouds, where pride delights to dwell,

Look down on earth.—What seest thou? Wond'rous  
things!

Terrestrial wonders, that eclipse the skies.

What lengths of labor'd lands! what loaded seas

Loaded by man, for pleasure, wealth, or war!

Seas, winds, and planets, into service brought,

His art acknowledge, and promote his ends.

Nor can th' eternal rocks his will withstand.

What level'd mountains! and what lifted vales!

O'er vales and mountains sumptuous cities swell,

And gild our landscape with their glitt'ring spires.

Some 'mid the wond'ring waves majestic rise;

And Neptune holds a mirror to their charms.

Far greater still! (what cannot mortal might?)

See wide dominions ravish'd from the deep!

The narrow'd deep with indignation foams.

Or southward turn; to delicate, and grand,

The finer arts there ripen in the sun.  
How the tall temples, as to meet their gods,  
Ascend the skies! the proud triumphal arch  
Shows us half heav'n beneath its ample bend.  
High through mid air, here streams are taught to flow;  
Whole rivers, there, laid by in basins, sleep.  
Here, plains turn oceans; there vast oceans join  
Thro' kingdoms channell'd deep from shore to shore;  
And chang'd creation takes its face from man.  
Beats thy brave breast for formidable scenes,  
Where fame and empire wait upon the sword?  
See fields in blood; hear naval thunders rise;  
Britannia's voice! that awes the world to peace.  
How yon enormous mole projecting breaks  
The mid-sea, furious waves! their roar amidst,  
Out-speaks the Deity, and says, "O main!  
Thus far, nor farther: new restraints obey."  
Earth's disembowell'd! measur'd are the skies!  
Stars are detected in their deep recess!  
Creation widens! vanquish'd nature yields!  
Her secrets are extorted! Art prevails!  
What monuments of genius, spirit, pow'r!

And now, Lorenzo, raptured at this scene,  
Whose glories render heav'n superfluous ! say,  
Whose footsteps these ?—Immortals have been here.  
Could less than souls immortal this have done ?  
Earth's cover'd o'er with proofs of souls immortal ;  
And proofs of immortality forgot.

To flatter thy grand foible, I confess,  
These are ambition's works ; and these are great :  
But this the least immortal souls can do :  
Transcend them all.—But what can these transcend ?  
Dost ask me what ?—One sigh for the distress'd.  
What then for infidels ?—a deeper sigh !  
'Tis moral grandeur makes the mighty man :  
How little they, who think aught great below !  
All our ambitions death defeats, but one ;  
And that it crowns.—Here cease we : but, ere long,  
More pow'rful proof shall take the field against thee,  
Stronger than death, and smiling at the tomb.

# NIGHT VII.

## THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.

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### PREFACE TO SECOND PART.

As we are at war with the power, it were well if we were at war with the manners, of France. A land of levity is a land of guilt. A serious mind is the native soil of every virtue, and the single character that does true honor to mankind. The soul's immortality has been the favorite theme with the serious of all ages. Nor is it strange; it is a subject by far the most interesting and important that can enter the mind of man. Of highest moment this subject always was, and always will be. Yet this its highest moment seems to admit of increase, at this day; a sort of occasional importance is superadded to the natural weight of it, if that opinion which is advanced in the Preface to the preceding Night be just. It is there supposed that all our infidels, whatever scheme, for argument's sake, and to keep themselves in countenance, they patronize, are betrayed into their deplorable error, by some doubt of their immortality, at the bottom. And the more I consider this point, the more am I persuaded of the truth of that opinion. Though the distrust of a futurity is a strange error, yet is it an error into which bad



men may naturally be distressed. For it is impossible to bid defiance to final ruin, without some refuge in imagination, some presumption of escape. And what presumption is there? There are but two in nature; but two within the compass of human thought; and these are,—That either God will not, or cannot, punish. Considering the Divine attributes, the first is too gross to be digested by our strongest wishes. And, since omnipotence is as much a Divine attribute as holiness, that God cannot punish is as absurd a supposition as the former. God certainly can punish, as long as the wicked man exists. In non-existence, therefore, is their only refuge; and, consequently, non-existence is their strongest wish. And strong wishes have a strange influence on our opinions; they bias the judgment in a manner almost incredible. And since on this member of their alternative, there are some very small appearances in their favor, and none at all on the other, they catch at this reed, they lay hold on this chimera, to save themselves from the shock and horror of an immediate and absolute despair.

On reviewing my subject by the light which this argument, and others of like tendency, threw upon it, I was more inclined than ever to pursue it, as it appeared to me to strike directly at the main root of all our infidelity. In the following pages, it is accordingly pursued at large; and some arguments for immortality, new, at least to me, are ventured on in them. There, also, the writer has made an attempt to set the gross absurdities and horrors of annihilation in a fuller and more affecting view, than is, I think, to be met with elsewhere.

The gentlemen for whose sake this attempt was chiefly made,

profess great admiration for the wisdom of heathen antiquity: what pity it is they are not sincere! If they were sincere, how would it mortify them to consider with what contempt and abhorrence their notions would have been received by those whom they so much admire! What degree of contempt and abhorrence would fall to their share, may be conjectured by the following matter of fact, in my opinion extremely memorable. Of all their heathen worthies, Socrates, it is well known, was the most guarded, dispassionate, and composed: yet this great master of temper was angry; and angry at his last hour; and angry with his friend: and angry for what deserved acknowledgment; angry for a right and tender instance of true friendship towards him. Is not this surprising? What could be the cause? The cause was for his honor; it was a truly noble, though, perhaps, a too punctilious regard for immortality: for his friend asking him, with such an affectionate concern as became a friend, 'Where he should deposit his remains?' it was resented by Socrates, as implying a dishonorable supposition, that he could be so mean as to have regard for anything, even in himself, that was not immortal.

This fact, well considered, would make our infidels withdraw their admiration from Socrates; or make them endeavor, by their imitation of this illustrious example, to share his glory: and, consequently, it would incline them to peruse the following pages with candor and impartiality; which is all I desire, and that for their sakes: for I am persuaded, that an unprejudiced infidel must, necessarily, receive some advantageous impressions from them.

*July 7, 1744.*

## PART THE SECOND.

CONTAINING THE NATURE, PROOF, AND IMPORTANCE  
OF IMMORTALITY.

HEAV'N gives the needful, but neglected, call.  
What day, what hour, but knocks at human hearts,  
To wake the soul to sense of future scenes?  
Deaths stand, like Mercuries, in ev'ry way,  
And kindly point us to our journey's end.  
Pope, who couldst make immortals, art thou dead?  
I give thee joy: nor will I take my leave;  
So soon to follow. Man but dives to death;  
Dives from the sun, in fairer day to rise;  
The grave, his subterranean road to bliss.  
Yes, infinite indulgence plann'd it so;  
Through various parts our glorious story runs:  
Time gives the preface, endless age unrolls  
The volume (ne'er unroll'd!) of human fate.  
This, earth and skies\* already have proclaim'd.

\* Night the Sixth.

The world's a prophecy of worlds to come ;  
And who, what God foretells (who speaks in things  
Still louder than in words) shall dare deny ?  
If nature's arguments appear too weak,  
Turn a new leaf, and stronger read in man.  
If man sleeps on, untaught by what he sees,  
Can he prove infidel to what he feels ?  
He, whose blind thought futurity denies,  
Unconscious bears, Bellerophon ! like thee,  
His own indictment ; he condemns himself ;  
Who reads his bosom, reads immortal life ;  
Or, Nature, there, imposing on her sons,  
Has written fables ; man was made a lie.

Why discontent forever harbor'd there ?  
Incurable consumption of our peace !  
Resolve me, why the cottager and king,  
He whom sea-sever'd realms obey, and he  
Who steals his own dominion from the waste,  
Repelling winter blasts with mud and straw,  
Disquieted alike, draw sigh for sigh ;  
In fate so distant, in complaint so near ?

Is it, that things terrestrial can't content ?

Deep in rich pasture, will thy flocks complain ?  
Not so ; but to their master is denied  
To share their sweet serene. Man, ill at ease,  
In this, not his own place, this foreign field,  
Where Nature foddors him with other food  
Than was ordain'd his cravings to suffice,  
Poor in abundance, famish'd at a feast,  
Sighs on for something more, when most enjoy'd.  
Is Heav'n then kinder to thy flocks than thee ?  
Not so ; thy pasture richer, but remote ;  
In part, remote ; for that remoter part  
Man bleats from instinct, tho' perhaps, debauch'd  
By sense, his reason sleeps, nor dreams the cause.  
The cause how obvious, when his reason wakes !  
His grief is but his grandeur in disguise ;  
And discontent is immortality.

Shall sons of ether, shall the blood of Heav'n,  
Set up their hopes on earth, and stable here,  
With brutal acquiescence in the mire ;  
Lorenzo, no ! they shall be nobly pain'd ;  
The glorious foreigners, distress, shall sigh  
On thrones ; and thou congratulate the sigh :

Man's misery declares him born for bliss :  
His anxious heart asserts the truth I sing,  
And gives the sceptic in his head the lie.

Our heads, our hearts, our passions, and our pow'rs  
Speak the same language ; call us to the skies :  
Unripen'd these in this inclement clime,  
Scarce rise above conjecture and mistake ;  
And for this land of trifles those too strong  
Tumultuous rise, and tempest human life :  
What prize on earth can pay us for the storm ?  
Meet objects for our passions Heav'n ordain'd,  
Objects that challenge all their fire, and leave  
No fault but in defect : bless'd Heav'n ! avert  
A bounded ardor for unbounded bliss ;  
O for a bliss unbounded ! far beneath  
A soul immortal is a mortal joy.  
Nor are our pow'rs to perish immature ;  
But, after feeble effort here, beneath  
A brighter sun, and in a nobler soil  
Transplanted from this sublunary bed,  
Shall flourish fair, and put forth all their bloom.  
Reason progressive, instinct is complete ;

Swift instinct leaps ; slow reason feebly climbs.  
Brutes soon their zenith reach ; their little all  
Flows in at once ; in ages they no more  
Could know, or do, or covet, or enjoy.  
Were man to live coeval with the sun,  
The patriarch pupil would be learning still,  
Yet, dying, leave his lesson half unlearn't.  
Men perish in advance, as if the sun  
Should set ere noon, in eastern oceans drown'd ;  
If fit with dim illustrious to compare,  
The sun's meridian, with the soul of man.  
To man, why, step-dame Nature ! so severe ?  
Why thrown aside thy master-piece half wrought,  
While meaner efforts thy last hand enjoy ?  
Or, if abortively poor man must die,  
Nor reach what reach he might, why die in dread !  
Why curs'd with foresight ? wise to misery ?  
Why of his proud prerogative the prey ?  
Why less pre-eminent in rank than pain ?  
His immortality alone can tell ;  
Full ample fund to balance all amiss,  
And turn the scale in favor of the just !

His immortality alone can solve  
That darkest of enigmas, human hope—  
Of all the darkest, if at death we die.  
Hope, eager hope, th' assassin of our joy,  
All present blessings treading under foot,  
Is scarce a milder tyrant than despair.  
With no past toils content, still planning new,  
Hope turns us o'er to death alone for ease.  
Possession, why more tasteless than pursuit?  
Why is a wish far dearer than a crown?  
That wish accomplish'd, why the grave of bliss?  
Because, in the great future buried deep,  
Beyond our plans of empire and renown,  
Lies all that man with ardor should pursue;  
And HE who made him bent him to the right.

Man's heart th' Almighty to the future sets,  
By secret and inviolable springs;  
And makes his hope his sublunary joy.  
Man's heart eats all things, and is hungry still:  
'More, more!' the glutton cries: for something new  
So rages appetite, if man can't mount,  
He will descend. He starves on the possest.



Hence, the world's master, from ambition's spire,  
In Caprea plunged ; and dived beneath the brute.  
In that rank sty why wallow'd empire's son  
Supreme? Because he could no higher fly ;  
His riot was ambition in despair. .

Old Rome consulted birds : Lorenzo ! thou,  
With more success, the flight of hope survey ;  
Of restless hope, forever on the wing,  
High perch'd o'er ev'ry thought that falcon sits,  
To fly at all that rises in her sight ;  
And, never stooping but to mount again  
Next moment, she betrays her aim's mistake,  
And owns her quarry lodged beyond the grave.

There should it fail us (it must fail us there,  
If being fails,) more mournful riddles rise,  
And virtue vies with hope in mystery.  
Why virtue? Where its praise, its being fled?  
Virtue is true self-interest pursued :  
What true self interest of quite mortal man?  
To close with all that makes him happy here,  
If vice (as sometimes) is our friend on earth,  
Then vice is virtue ; 'tis our sov'reign good.

In self-applause is virtue's golden prize?  
No self-applause attends it on thy scheme:  
Whence self-applause? From conscience of the right.  
And what is right, but means of happiness?  
No means of happiness when virtue yields,  
That basis failing, falls the building too,  
And lays in ruin ev'ry virtuous joy.

The rigid guardian of a blameless heart,  
So long rever'd, so long reputed wise,  
Is weak; with rank knight-errantries o'errun.  
Why beats thy bosom with illustrious dreams  
Of self-exposure, laudable and great?  
Of gallant enterprise, and glorious death?  
Die for thy country?—thou romantic fool!  
Seize, seize the plank thyself, and let her sink:  
Thy country! what to thee?—The Godhead, what?  
(I speak with awe!) tho' he should bid thee bleed;  
If, with thy blood, thy final hope is spilt,  
Nor can Omnipotence reward the blow:  
Be deaf; preserve thy being; disobey.

Nor is it disobedience: know, Lorenzo?  
Whate'er th' Almighty's subsequent command,

His first command is this:—"Man, love thyself."

In this alone, free agents are not free.

Existence is the basis, bliss the prize ;

If virtue costs existence, 'tis a crime ;

Bold violation of our law supreme,

Black suicide : though nations, which consult

Their gain, at thy expense, resound applause.

Since virtue's recompense is doubtful, here,

If man dies wholly, well may we demand,

Why is man suffer'd to be good in vain ?

Why to be good in vain, is man enjoin'd ?

Why to be good in vain, is man betray'd ?

Betrayed by traitors lodged in his own breast,

By sweet complacencies from virtue felt ?

Why whispers nature lies on virtue's part ?

Or if blind instinct (which assumes the name

Of sacred conscience) plays the fool in man,

Why reason made accomplice in the cheat ?

Why are the wisest loudest in her praise ?

Can man by reason's beam be led astray ?

Or, at his peril, imitate his God ?

Since virtue sometimes ruins us on earth,  
Or both are true, or man survives the grave.

Or man survives the grave, or own, Lorenzo,  
Thy boast supreme, a wild absurdity.

Dauntless thy spirit: cowards are thy scorn.

Grant man immortal, and thy scorn is just.

The man immortal, rationally brave,

Dares rush on death—because he cannot die.

But if man loses all when life is lost,

He lives a coward, or a fool expires.

A daring infidel (and such there are,

From pride, example, lucre, rage, revenge,

Or pure heroical defect of thought,)

Of all earth's madmen, most deserves a chain.

When to the grave we follow the renown'd

For valor, virtue, science, all we love,

And all we praise; for worth, whose noon-tide beam,

Enabling us to think in higher style,

Mends our ideas of ethereal pow'rs;

Dream we, that lustre of the moral world

Goes out in stench, and rottenness the close?

Why was he wise to know, and warm to praise,

And strenuous to transcribe in human life,  
The mind Almighty? Could it be, that fate,  
Just when the lineaments began to shine,  
And dawn, the Deity should snatch the draught,  
With night eternal blot it out, and give  
The skies alarm, lest angels too might die!

If human souls, why not angelic too  
Extinguish'd? and a solitary God  
O'er ghastly ruin, frowning from his throne?  
Shall we this moment gaze on God in man?  
The next, lose man forever in the dust?  
From dust we disengage, or man mistakes;  
And there, where least his judgment fears a flaw.  
Wisdom and worth how boldly he commends!  
Wisdom and worth are sacred names; rever'd,  
Where not embrac'd; applauded! deified!  
Why not compassion'd too? If spirits die,  
Both are calamities; inflicted both  
To make us but more wretched: wisdom's eye  
Acute, for what? To spy more miseries;  
And worth, so recompensed, new-points their stings.  
Or man surmounts the grave, or gain is loss,

And worth exalted, humbles us the more.  
Thou wilt not patronize a scheme that makes  
Weakness and vice the refuge of mankind!

“Has virtue, then, no joys?”—Yes, joys dear-bought.  
Talk ne'er so long, in this imperfect state,  
Virtue and vice are at eternal war.  
Virtue's a combat; and who fights for nought?  
Or for precarious, or for small reward?  
Who virtue's self-reward so loud resound,  
Would take degrees angelic here below,  
And virtue, while they compliment, betray,  
By feeble motives, and unfaithful guards;  
The crown, th' unfading crown, her soul inspires;  
'Tis that, and that alone, can countervail  
The body's treach'ries, and the world's assaults:  
On earth's poor pay our famish'd virtue dies.  
Truth incontestable! In spite of all  
A Bayle has preached, or a Voltaire believed.

In man, the more we dive, the more we see  
Heav'n's signet stamping an immortal make.  
Dive to the bottom of his soul, the base  
Sustaining all, what find we? Knowledge, love.

As light and heat essential to the sun,  
These to the soul. And why, if souls expire?  
How little lovely here? How little known?  
Small knowledge we dig up with endless toil!  
And love unfeign'd may purchase perfect hate.  
Why starv'd, on earth, our angel-appetites,  
While brutal are indulg'd their fulsome fill?  
Were then, capacities divine conferr'd,  
As a mock diadem, in savage sport,  
Rank insult of our pompous poverty,  
Which reaps but pain from seeming claims so fair?  
In future age lies no redress? And shuts  
Eternity the door on our complaint?  
If so, for what strange ends were mortals made!  
The worst to wallow, and the best to weep:  
The man who merits most, must most complain.  
Can we conceive a disregard in heav'n,  
What the worst perpetrate, or best endure?

This cannot be. To love, and know, in man  
Is boundless appetite, and boundless pow'r:  
And these demonstrate boundless objects too.  
Objects, pow'rs, appetites, Heav'n suits in all:

Nor nature through, e'er violates this sweet  
Eternal concord on her tuneful string.  
Is man the sole exception from her laws?  
Eternity struck off from human hope,  
(I speak with truth, but veneration too)  
Man is a monster, the reproach of Heav'n,  
A stain, a dark impenetrable cloud,  
On nature's beauteous aspect: and deforms,  
(Amazing blot!) deforms her with her lord.  
If such is man's allotment, what is heav'n?  
Or own the soul immortal, or blaspheme.

Or own the soul immortal, or invert  
All order. Go, mock-majesty! go, man!  
And bow to thy superiors of the stall:  
Through ev'ry scene of sense superior far:  
They graze the turf untill'd; they drink the stream  
Unbrew'd and ever full, and un-embitter'd  
With doubts, fears, fruitless hopes, regrets, despairs;  
Mankind's peculiar! reason's precious dow'r!  
No foreign clime they ransack for their robes;  
Nor brothers cite to the litigious bar;  
Their good is good entire, unmix'd, unmarr'd;



They find a paradise in every field,  
On boughs forbidden, where no curses hang ;  
Their ill no more than strikes the sense ; unstretch'd  
By previous dread, or murmur in the rear :  
When the worst comes, it comes unfear'd ; one stroke  
Begins and ends their woe : they die but once ;  
Blest, incommunicable privilege ! for which  
Proud man, who rules the globe, and reads the stars,  
Philosopher, or hero, sighs in vain.

Account for this prerogative in brutes.

No day, no glimpse of day, to solve the knot,  
But what beams on it from eternity.  
O sole and sweet solution ! that unites  
The difficult, and softens the severe ;  
The cloud on nature's beauteous face dispels ;  
Restores bright order ; casts the brute beneath ;  
And re-enthrones us in supremacy  
Of joy, e'en here : admit immortal life,  
And virtue is knight-errantry no more ;  
Each virtue brings in hand a golden dow'r,  
Far richer in reversion ; hope exults ;  
And though, much bitter in our cup is thrown,

Predominates, and gives the taste of heav'n.

O wherefore is the Deity so kind ?

Astonishing beyond astonishment !

Heav'n our reward—for heav'n enjoy'd below.

Still unsubdued thy stubborn heart ?—For there  
The traitor lurks who doubts the truth I sing.

Reason is guiltless ! will alone rebels.

What, in that stubborn heart, if I should find

New unexpected witnesses against thee ?

Ambition, pleasure, and the love of gain !

Canst thou suspect that these, which make the soul

The slave of earth, should own her heir of heav'n ?

Canst thou suspect what makes us disbelieve

Our immortality, should prove it sure ?

First, then, Ambition summon to the bar.

Ambition's shame, extravagance, disgust,

And inextinguishable nature, speak.

Each much deposes ; hear them in their turn.

Thy soul, how passionately fond of fame !

How anxious that fond passion to conceal !

We blush, detected in designs on praise,

Though for best deeds, and from the best of men ;

And why? Because immortal. Art divine  
Has made the body tutor to the soul;  
Heav'n kindly gives our blood a moral flow;  
Bids it ascend the glowing cheek, and there  
Upbraid that little heart's inglorious aim,  
Which stoops to court a character from man:  
While o'er us in tremendous judgment sit  
Far more than man, with endless praise and blame.

Ambition's boundless appetite out-speaks  
The verdict of its shame. When souls take fire  
At high presumptions of their own desert,  
One age is poor applause; the mighty shout,  
The thunder by the living few begun,  
Late time must echo; worlds unborn resound.  
We wish our names eternally to live:  
Wild dream! which ne'er had haunted human thought  
Had not our natures been eternal too.  
Instinct points out an int'rest in hereafter;  
But our blind reason sees not where it lies;  
Or seeing, gives the substance for the shade.

Fame is the shade of immortality,  
And 'n itself a shadow. Soon as caught,

Contemn'd ; it shrinks to nothing in the grasp.  
Consult th' ambitious, 'tis ambition's cure.  
“ And is this all ? ” cried Cæsar, at his height,  
Disgusted. This third proof ambition brings  
Of immortality. The first in fame,  
Observe him near, your envy will abate :  
Sham'd at the disproportion vast between  
The passion and the purchase, he will sigh  
At such success, and blush at his renown.  
And why ? Because far richer prize invites  
His heart ; far more illustrious glory calls ;  
It calls in whispers, yet the deafest hear.

And can ambition a fourth proof supply ?  
It can, and stronger than the former three ;  
Yet quite o'erlook'd by some reputed wise.  
Though disappointments in ambition pain,  
And though success disgusts, yet still, Lorenzo !  
In vain we strive to pluck it from our hearts ;  
By nature planted for the noblest ends.  
Absurd the fam'd advice to Pyrrhus giv'n,  
More prais'd than ponder'd ; specious, but unsound.  
Sooner that hero's sword the world had quell'd,

Than reason his ambition. Man must soar.  
An obstinate activity within,  
An insuppressive spring, will toss him up,  
In spite of fortune's load. Not kings alone,  
Each villager has his ambition too ;  
No sultan prouder than his fetter'd slave :  
Slaves build their little Babylons of straw,  
Echo the proud Assyrian in their hearts,  
And cry, "Behold the wonders of my might !"  
And why ? Because immortal as their lord :  
And souls immortal must forever heave  
At something great ; the glitter, or the gold ;  
The praise of mortals, or the praise of Heav'n.

Nor absolutely vain is human praise,  
When human is supported by divine.  
I'll introduce Lorenzo to himself :  
Pleasure and pride (bad masters !) share our hearts.  
As love of pleasure is ordain'd to guard  
And feed our bodies, and extend our race :  
The love of praise is planted to protect  
And propagate the glories of the mind.  
What is it, but the love of praise, inspires,

Matures, refines, embellishes, exalts,  
Earth's happiness? From that, the delicate,  
The grand, the marvellous, of civil life.  
Want and convenience, under-workers, lay  
The bases, on which love of glory builds.  
Nor is thy life, O virtue! less in debt  
To praise, thy secret stimulating friend.  
Were man not proud, what merit should we miss!  
Pride made the virtues of the pagan world.  
Praise is the salt that seasons right to man,  
And whets his appetite for moral good.  
Thirst of applause is virtue's second guard;  
Reason her first; but reason wants an aid;  
Our private reason is a flatterer;  
Thirst of applause calls public judgment in  
To poise our own, to keep an even scale,  
And give endanger'd virtue fairer play.  
Here a fifth proof arises, stronger still;  
Why this so nice construction of our hearts;  
These delicate moralities of sense;  
This constitutional reserve of aid  
To succor virtue, when our reason fails;

If virtue, kept alive by care and toil,  
And, oft, the mark of injuries on earth,  
When labor'd to maturity (its bill  
Of disciplines and pains unpaid,) must die?  
Why freighted rich, to dash against a rock?  
Were man to perish when most fit to live,  
O how misspent were all these stratagems,  
By skill divine inwoven in our frame!  
Where are Heav'n's holiness and mercy fled?  
Laughs Heav'n at once at virtue and at man?  
If not, why that discourag'd, this destroy'd?

Thus far ambition. What says Avarice?  
This her chief maxim, which has long been thine:  
'The wise and wealthy are the same.' I grant it.  
To store up treasure, with incessant toil,  
This is man's province, this his highest praise,  
To this great end keen instinct stings him on.  
To guide that instinct, Reason! is thy charge;  
'Tis thine to tell us where true treasure lies:  
But, Reason failing to discharge her trust,  
Or to the deaf discharging it in vain,  
A blunder follows; and blind industry,

Gall'd by the spur, but stranger to the course,  
(The course where stakes of more than gold are won)  
O'erloading, with the cares of distant age,  
The jaded spirits of the present hour,  
Provides for an eternity below.

‘Thou shalt not covet,’ is a wise command ;  
But bounded to the wealth the sun surveys ;  
Look farther, the command stands quite revers'd,  
And av'rice is a virtue most divine.  
Is faith a refuge for our happiness ?  
Most sure. And is it not for reason too ?  
Nothing this world unriddles, but the next.  
Whence inextinguishable thirst of gain ?  
From inextinguishable life in man.  
Man, if not meant, by worth, to reach the skies,  
Had wanted wing to fly so far in guilt.  
Sour grapes, I grant, ambition, avarice :  
Yet still their root is immortality.  
These its wild growths so bitter, and so base,  
(Pain and reproach !) religion can reclaim,  
Refine, exalt, throw down their pois'nous lee,  
And make them sparkle in the bowl of bliss.



See, the third witness laughs at bliss remote,  
And falsely promises an Eden here :  
Truth she shall speak for once, though prone to lie,  
A common cheat, and Pleasure is her name.  
To Pleasure never was Lorenzo deaf ;  
Then hear her now, now first thy real friend.

Since nature made us not more fond than proud  
Of happiness, (whence hypocrites in joy !  
Makers of mirth, artificers of smiles !)  
Why should the joy most poignant sense affords  
Burn us with blushes, and rebuke our pride ?—  
Those heav'n-born blushes tell us man descends  
E'en in the zenith of his earthly bliss :  
Should reason take her infidel repose,  
This honest instinct speaks our lineage high :  
This instinct calls on darkness to conceal  
Our rapturous relation to the stalls.  
Our glory covers us with noble shame,  
And he that's unconfounded is unmann'd.  
The man that blushes is not quite a brute.  
Thus far with thee, Lorenzo ! will I close ;  
Pleasure is good, and man for pleasure made ;

But pleasure full of glory, as of joy :

Pleasure which neither blushes nor expires.

The witnesses are heard : the cause is o'er ;

Let conscience file the sentence in her court,

Dearer than deeds that half a realm convey :

Thus, seal'd by truth, th' authentic record runs.

“Know all : know, infidels,—unapt to know !

'Tis immortality your nature solves ;

'Tis immortality deciphers man,

And opens all the myst'ries of his make.

Without it, half his instincts are a riddle ;

Without it, all his virtues are a dream.

His very crimes attest his dignity,

His sateless thirst of pleasure, gold, and fame,

Declares him born for blessings infinite :

What less than infinite makes un-absurd

Passions, which all on earth but more inflames ?

Fierce passions, so mismeasured to this scene,

Stretch'd out, like eagles' wings, beyond our nest,

Far, far beyond the worth of all below,

For earth too large, presage a nobler flight,

And evidence our title to the skies,”

Ye gentle theologues, of calmer kind !  
Whose constitution dictates to your pen,  
Who, cold yourselves, think ardor comes from hell !  
Think not our passions from corruption sprung,  
Though to corruption now they lend their wings ;  
That is their mistress, not their mother. All  
(And justly) reason deem divine : I see,  
I feel a grandeur in the passions too,  
Which speaks their high descent, and glorious end :  
Which speaks them rays of an eternal fire.  
In Paradise itself they burnt as strong,  
Ere Adam fell ; though wiser in their aim.  
Like the proud Eastern, struck by Providence,  
What though our passions are run mad, and stoop,  
With low, terrestrial appetite, to graze  
On trash, on toys, dethroned from high desire ?  
Yet still, through their disgrace, no feeble ray  
Of greatness shines, and tells us whence they fell :  
But these, (like that fall'n monarch when reclaim'd)  
When reason moderates the rein aright,  
Shall re-ascend, remount their former sphere,  
Where once they soar'd illustrious ; ere seduced

By wanton Eve's debauch, to stroll on earth,  
And set the sublunary world on fire.

But grant their frenzy lasts ; their frenzy fails  
To disappoint one providential end,  
For which Heav'n blew up ardor in our hearts :  
Were reason silent, boundless passion speaks  
A future scene of boundless objects too,  
And brings glad tidings of eternal day.  
Eternal day ! 'Tis that enlightens all ;  
And all, by that enlighten'd, proves it sure.  
Consider man as an immortal being,  
Intelligible all ; and all is great ;  
A crystalline transparency prevails,  
And strikes full lustre through the human sphere :  
Consider man as mortal, all is dark  
And wretched ; reason weeps at the survey.

The learn'd Lorenzo cries, " And let her weep,  
Weak, modern reason : ancient times were wise.  
Authority, that venerable guide,  
Stands on my part ; the famed Athenian Porch  
(And who for wisdom so renown'd as they ?)  
Denied this immortality to man."

I grant it ; but affirm, they proved it too.  
A riddle this !—Have patience ; I'll explain.

What noble vanities, what moral flights,  
Glitt'ring through their romantic wisdom's page,  
Make us, at once, despise them, and admire !  
Fable is flat to these high-season'd sires ;  
They leave the extravagance of song below.  
“Flesh shall not feel ; or, feeling, shall enjoy  
The dagger or the rack ; to them, alike  
A bed of roses, or the burning bull.”  
In men exploding all beyond the grave,  
Strange doctrine, this !—As doctrine, it was strange ;  
But not, as prophecy ; for such it proved,  
And, to their own amazement, was fulfill'd :  
They feign'd a firmness Christians need not feign.  
The Christian truly triumph'd in the flame ;  
The Stoic saw, in double wonder lost,  
Wonder at them, and wonder at himself,  
To find the bold adventures of his thought  
Not bold, and that he strove to lie in vain.

Whence, then, those thoughts ? those tow'ring  
thoughts, that flew

Such monstrous heights?—From instinct and from  
pride.

The glorious instinct of a deathless soul,  
Confus'dly conscious of her dignity,  
Suggested truths they could not understand.  
In lust's dominion, and in passion's storm,  
Truth's system broken, scatter'd fragments lay,  
As light in chaos, glimm'ring through the gloom ;  
Smit with the pomp of lofty sentiments,  
Pleased pride proclaim'd what reason disbelieved.  
Pride, like the Delphic priestess, with a swell,  
Raved nonsense, destined to be future sense,  
When life immortal in full day should shine,  
And death's dark shadows fly the gospel sun.  
They spoke, what nothing but immortal souls  
Could speak ; and thus the truth they question'd, proved.

Can then absurdities, as well as crimes,  
Speak man immortal ? All things speak him so.  
Much has been urged ; and dost thou call for more ?  
Call ; and with endless questions be distress'd,  
All unresolvable, if earth is all.

“Why life a moment ; infinite, desire ?

Our wish, eternity ? our home, the grave ?  
Heav'n's promise dormant lies in human hope ;  
Who wishes life immortal, proves it too.  
Why happiness pursued, though never found ?  
Man's thirst of happiness declares it is,  
(For nature never gravitates to nought ;)   
That thirst, unquench'd, declares it is not here.  
My Lucia, thy Clarissa call to thought ;  
Why cordial friendship riveted so deep  
As hearts to pierce at first, at parting, rend,  
If friend, and friendship, vanish in an hour ?  
Is not this torment in the mask of joy ?  
Why by reflection marr'd the joys of sense ?  
Why past and future preying on our hearts,  
And putting all our present joys to death ?  
Why labors reason ? Instinct were as well ;  
Instinct, far better ; what can choose, can err ;  
O how infallible the thoughtless brute !  
'Twere well his holiness were half as sure.  
Reason with inclination, why at war ?  
Why sense of guilt ? Why conscience up in arms ?  
Conscience of guilt, is prophecy of pain,

And bosom-counsel to decline the blow.  
Reason with inclination ne'er had jarr'd,  
If nothing future paid forbearance here.  
Thus on—these and a thousand pleas uncall'd,  
All promise, some ensure, a second scene ;  
Which, were it doubtful, would be dearer far  
Then all things else most certain ; were it false,  
What truth on earth so precious as the lie ?  
This-world it gives us, let what will ensue ;  
This world it gives, in that high cordial, hope ;  
The future of the present is the soul :  
How this life groans, when sever'd from the next !  
Poor, mutilated wretch, that disbelieves !  
By dark distrust his being cut in two,  
In both parts perishes ; life void of joy,  
Sad prelude of eternity in pain !

Couldst thou persuade me, the next life could fail  
Our ardent wishes, how should I pour out  
My bleeding heart in anguish, new, as deep :  
Oh with what thoughts, thy hope, and my despair,  
Abhorr'd Annihilation ! blasts the soul,  
And wide extends the bounds of human woe !



Could I believe Lorenzo's system true,  
In this black channel would my ravings run.

“Grief from the future borrow'd peace, ere-while.  
The future vanish'd! and the present pain'd!  
Strange import of unprecedented ill!  
Fall, how profound! like Lucifer's, the fall:  
Unequal fate! his fall, without his guilt!  
From where fond hope built her pavilion high,  
The gods among, hurl'd headlong, hurl'd at once  
To night! to nothing! darker still than night.  
If 'twas a dream, why wake me, my worst foe?  
Lorenzo! boastful of the name of friend!  
O for delusion! O for error still!  
Could vengeance strike much stronger than to plant  
A thinking being in a world like this,  
Not over-rich before, now beggar'd quite;  
More curs'd than at the fall?—The sun goes out!  
The thorns shoot up! What thorns in ev'ry  
thought!  
Why sense of better? It embitters worse.  
Why sense? why life; if but to sigh, then sink  
To what I was? Twice nothing! and much woe!

Woe from Heav'n's bounties—Woe from what was  
wont

To flatter most, high intellectual pow'rs!

“Thought, virtue, knowledge! blessings, by thy  
scheme

All poison'd into pains. First, knowledge, once

My soul's ambition, now her greatest dread.

To know myself, true wisdom?—No, to shun

That shocking science, parent of despair!

Avert thy mirror; if I see, I die.

“Know my Creator! Climb his blest abode

By painful speculation, pierce the veil,

Dive in his nature, read his attributes,

And gaze in admiration—on a foe,

Obtruding life, withholding happiness;

From the full rivers that surround his throne,

Nor letting fall one drop of joy on man:

Man gasping for one drop, that he might cease

To curse his birth, nor envy reptiles more!

Ye sable clouds! Ye darkest shades of night!

Hide him, forever hide him, from my thought,

Once all my comfort ; source, and soul of joy !  
Now leagued with furies, and with thee\* 'gainst me.

“ Know his achievements ! Study his renown !  
Contemplate this amazing universe.  
Dropt from his hand, with miracles replete !  
For what ? 'Mid miracles of nobler name,  
To find one miracle of misery ?  
To find the being which alone can know  
And praise his works, a blemish on his praise ?  
Through Nature's ample range, in thought to stroll,  
And start at man, the single mourner there,  
Breathing high hope : chain'd down to pangs and  
death ?

“ Knowing is suff'ring : and shall virtue share  
The sigh of knowledge ?—Virtue shares the sigh.  
By straining up the steep of excellent,  
By battles fought, and from temptation won,  
What gains she, but the pang of seeing worth,  
Angelic worth, soon shuffled in the dark  
With ev'ry vice, and swept to brutal dust ?  
Merit is madness ; virtue is a crime ;

\* Lorenzo.

A crime to reason, if it costs us pain  
Unpaid : what pain, amidst a thousand more,  
To think the most abandon'd, after days  
Of triumph o'er their betters, find in death  
As soft a pillow, nor make fouler clay !

“Duty !—Religion !—These, our duty done,  
Imply reward. Religion is mistake.  
Duty !—There's none, but to repel the cheat.  
Ye cheats, away ! ye daughters of my pride !  
Who feign yourselves the fav'rites of the skies :  
Ye tow'ring hopes ! abortive energies !  
That toss and struggle in my lying breast,  
To scale the skies, and build presumptions there,  
As I were heir of an eternity.  
Vain, vain ambitions ! trouble me no more.  
Why travel far in quest of sure defeat ?  
As bounded as my being, be my wish.  
All is inverted, wisdom is a fool.  
Sense ! take the rein : blind passion drive us on ;  
And ignorance ! befriend us on our way ;  
Ye new, but truest patrons of our peace !  
Yes ; give the pulse full empire ; live the brute,

Since as the brute we die. The sum of man,  
Of god-like man! to revel and to rot.

“ But not on equal terms with other brutes :  
Their revels a more poignant relish yield,  
And safer too ; they never poisons choose.  
Instinct, than reason, makes more wholesome meals,  
And sends all-marring murmur far away.  
For sensual life they best philosophize ;  
Theirs, that serene the sages sought in vain :  
’Tis man alone expostulates with Heav’n ;  
His, all the pow’r, and all the cause, to mourn.  
Shall human eyes alone dissolve in tears ?  
And bleed in anguish none but human hearts ?  
The wide-stretch’d realm of intellectual woe,  
Surpassing sensual far, is all our own.  
In life so fatally distinguish’d, why  
Cast in one lot, confounded, lump’d in death ?

“ Ere yet in being, was mankind in guilt ?  
Why thunder’d this peculiar clause against us,  
All-mortal and all-wretched ?—Have the skies  
Reasons of state their subjects may not scan,  
Nor humbly reason, when they sorely sigh ?—

All-mortal, and all-wretched!—'Tis too much ;  
Uparallel'd in nature : 'tis too much ;  
On being unrequested at thy hands,  
Omnipotent ! for I see nought but pow'r.

“ And why see that ? Why thought ? To toil and  
eat,

Then make our bed in darkness, needs no thought.

What superfluities are reas'ning souls !

O give eternity ! or thought destroy.

But without thought our curse were half unfelt ;

Its blunted edge would spare the throbbing heart ;

And, therefore, 'tis bestow'd. I thank thee, Reason,

For aiding life's too small calamities,

And giving being to the dread of death.

Such are thy bounties !—Was it then too much

For me to trespass on the brutal rights ?

Too much for Heav'n to make one emmet more ?

Too much for chaos to permit my mass

A longer stay with essences unwrought,

Unfashion'd, untormented into man ?

Wretched preferment to this round of pains !

Wretched capacity of frenzy, thought !

Wretched capacity of dying, life!  
Life, thought, worth, wisdom, all (O foul revolt!)  
Once friends to peace, gone over to the foe.

“Death then has changed its nature too: O death!  
Come to my bosom, thou best gift of heav'n!  
Best friend of man! since man is man no more.  
Why in this thorny wilderness so long,  
Since there's no promis'd land's ambrosial bow'r,  
To pay me with its honey for my stings?  
If needful to the selfish schemes of Heav'n  
To sting us sore, why mock'd our misery?  
Why this so sumptuous insult o'er our heads?  
Why this illustrious canopy display'd?  
Why so magnificently lodged despair?  
At stated periods, sure-returning, roll  
These glorious orbs, that mortals may compute  
Their length of labors, and of pains; nor lose  
Their misery's full measure?—Smiles with flow'rs,  
And fruits, promiscuous, ever-teeming earth,  
That man may languish in luxurious scenes,  
And in an Eden mourn his wither'd joys?  
Claim earth and skies man's admiration, due

For such delights? Blest animals! too wise  
To wonder; and too happy to complain!

“Our doom decreed demands a mournful scene  
Why not a dungeon dark, for the condemn'd?  
Why not the dragon's subterranean den,  
For man to howl in? Why not his abode  
Of the same dismal color with his fate?  
A Thebes, a Babylon, at vast expense  
Of time, toil, treasure, art, for owls and adders,  
As congruous, as for man this lofty dome,  
Which prompts proud thought, and kindles high desire;  
If, from her humble chamber in the dust,  
While proud thought swells, and high desire inflames,  
The poor worm calls us for her inmates there;  
And, round us, death's inexorable hand  
Draws the dark curtain close; undrawn no more.

“Undrawn no more!—Behind the cloud of death,  
Once I beheld a sun: a sun which gilt  
That sable cloud, and turn'd it all to gold:  
How the grave's alter'd! Fathomless as hell!  
A real hell to those who dreamt of heav'n.  
Annihilation! how it yawns before me!



Next moment I may drop from thought, from sense,  
The privilege of angels, and of worms,  
An outcast from existence ! and this spirit,  
This all-pervading, this all-conscious soul,  
This particle of energy divine  
Which travels nature, flies from star to star,  
And visits gods, and emulates their pow'rs,  
Forever is extinguish'd. Horror ! Death !  
Death of that death I fearless once survey'd !—  
When horror universal shall descend,  
And heav'n's dark concave urn all human race,  
On that enormous unrefunding tomb,  
How just this verse ! this monumental sigh !”  
Beneath the lumber of demolish'd worlds,  
Deep in the rubbish of the gen'ral wreck,  
Swept ignominious to the common mass  
Of matter never dignified with life,  
Here lie proud rationals ; the sons of heav'n  
The lords of earth ! the property of worms !  
Beings of yesterday, and no to-morrow !  
Who lived in terror, and in pangs expired !  
All gone to rot in chaos ; or, to make

Their happy transit into blocks or brutes,  
Nor longer sully their Creator's name.

Lorenzo, hear, pause, ponder, and pronounce.

Just is this history? If such is man,  
Mankind's historian, though divine, might weep:  
And dares Lorenzo smile?—I know thee proud:  
For once let pride befriend thee: pride looks pale  
At such a scene, and sighs for something more.  
Amid thy boasts, presumptions, and displays,  
And art thou then a shadow? less than shade?  
A nothing? less than nothing? To have been,  
And not to be, is lower than unborn.  
Art thou ambitious? Why, then, make the worm  
Thine equal? Runs thy taste of pleasure high?  
Why patronize sure death of ev'ry joy?  
Charm riches? Why choose begg'ry in the grave,  
Of ev'ry hope a bankrupt! and forever?  
Ambition, pleasure, avarice, persuade thee  
To make that world of glory, rapture, wealth,  
They\* lately proved, thy soul's supreme desire.

What art thou made of? Rather how unmade?

\* In the Sixth Night.

Great Nature's master-appetite destroy'd !  
Is endless life, and happiness, despised ?  
Or both wish'd, here, where neither can be found ?  
Such man's perverse eternal war with Heav'n !  
Darest thou persist ? And is there nought on earth,  
But a long train of transitory forms,  
Rising, and breaking, millions in an hour ?  
Bubbles of a fantastic deity, blown up  
In sport, and then in cruelty destroy'd ?  
Oh ! for what crime, unmerciful Lorenzo !  
Destroys thy scheme the whole of human race ?  
Kind is fell Lucifer, compared to thee :  
Oh ! spare this waste of being half divine :  
And vindicate th' economy of heav'n.

Heav'n is all love ; all joy in giving joy :  
It never had created, but to bless :  
And shall it, then, strike off the list of life  
A being blest, or worthy so to be ?  
Heav'n starts at an annihilating God.

Is that, all nature starts at, thy desire ?  
Art such a clod to wish thyself all clay ?  
What is that dreadful wish ?—The dying groan

Of nature, murder'd by the blackest guilt.  
What deadly poison has thy nature drunk ?  
To nature undebauch'd no shock so great ;  
Nature's first wish is endless happiness ;  
Annihilation is an after-thought,  
A monstrous wish, unborn till virtue dies.  
And, oh ! what depth of horror lies enclos'd !  
For non-existence no man ever wish'd,  
But first, he wish'd the Deity destroy'd.

If so, what words are dark enough to draw  
Thy picture true ? The darkest are too fair.  
Beneath what baleful planet, in what hour  
Of desperation, by what fury's aid,  
In what infernal posture of the soul,  
All hell invited, and all hell in joy  
At such a birth, a birth so near of kin,  
Did thy foul fancy whelp so black a scheme  
Of hopes abortive, faculties half blown,  
And deities begun, reduced to dust ?

There's nought, thou say'st, but one eternal flux  
Of feeble essences, tumultuous driven  
Through time's rough billows into night's abyss.

Say, in this rapid tide of human ruin,  
Is there no rock, on which man's tossing thought  
Can rest from terror, dare his fate survey,  
And boldly think it something to be born?  
Amid such hourly wrecks of being fair,  
Is there no central all-sustaining base,  
All-realizing, all-connecting Pow'r,  
Which, as it call'd forth all things, can recall,  
And force destruction to refund her spoil?  
Command the grave restore her taken pray?  
Bid death's dark vale its human harvest yield,  
And earth, and ocean, pay their debt of man,  
True to the grand deposit trusted there?  
Is there no potentate, whose out-stretch'd arm,  
When rip'ning time calls forth th' appointed hour,  
Pluck'd from foul devastation's famish'd maw,  
Binds present, past, and future, to his throne?  
His throne, how glorious, thus divinely graced,  
By germinating beings clust'ring round!  
A garland worthy the divinity!  
A throne, by Heav'n's omnipotence in smiles,  
Built (like a Pharos tow'ring in the waves)

Amidst immense effusions of his love!

An ocean of communicated bliss!

An all-prolific, all-preserving God!

This were a God indeed.—And such is man,

As here presumed: he rises from his fall.

Think'st thou Omnipotence a naked root,

Each blossom fair of Deity destroy'd?

Nothing is dead; nay, nothing sleeps; each soul,

That ever animated human clay,

Now wakes; is on the wing; and where, O where,

Will the swarm settle!—When the trumpet's call,

As sounding brass, collects us round heav'n's throne,

Conglobed we bask in everlasting day,

(Paternal splendor) and adhere forever.

Had not the soul this outlet to the skies,

In this vast vessel of the universe,

How should we gasp, as in an empty void!

How in the pangs of famish'd hope expire!

How bright this prospect shines! How gloomy thine.

A trembling world! and a devouring God!

Earth, but the shambles of Omnipotence;

Heav'n's face all stain'd with causeless massacres

Of countless millions, born to feel the pang  
Of being lost. Lorenzo, can it be ?  
This bids us shudder at the thoughts of life.  
Who would be born to such a phantom world,  
Where nought substantial, but our misery ?  
Where joy (if joy) but heightens our distress,  
So soon to perish, and revive no more ?  
The greater such a joy, the more it pains.  
A world, where dark, mysterious vanity  
Of good, and ill, the distant colors blends,  
Confounds all reason, and all hope destroys ;  
Reason, and hope, our sole asylum here !  
A world, so far from great (and yet how great  
It shines to thee !) there 's nothing real in it ;  
Being a shadow ! consciousness a dream !  
A dream, how dreadful ! Universal blank  
Before it, and behind ! Poor man, a spark  
From non-existence struck by wrath divine,  
Glitt'ring a moment, nor that moment sure,  
'Midst upper, nether, and surrounding night,  
His sad, sure, sudden, and eternal tomb !

Lorenzo, dost thou feel these arguments ?

Or is there nought but vengeance can be felt ?  
How hast thou dared the Deity dethrone ?  
How dared indict him of a world like this ?  
If such the world, creation was a crime ;  
For what is crime, but cause of misery ?  
Retract, blasphemer ! and unriddle this,  
Of endless arguments, above, below,  
Without us, and within, the short result—  
“ If man’s immortal, there’s a God in heav’n.”

But wherefore such redundancy ? such waste  
Of argument ? One sets my soul at rest ;  
One obvious, and at hand, and, oh !—at heart.  
So just the skies, Philander’s life so pain’d,  
His heart so pure ; that, or succeeding scenes  
Have palms to give, or ne’er had he been born.

“ What an old tale is this !” Lorenzo cries.—  
I grant this argument is old ; but truth  
No years impair ; and had not this been true,  
Thou never hadst despised it for its age.  
Truth is immortal as thy soul ; and fable  
As fleeting as thy joys. Be wise, nor make



Heaven's highest blessing, vengeance ; O be wise !  
Nor make a curse of immortality.

Say, know'st thou what it is ? or what thou art ?  
Know'st thou th' importance of a soul immortal ?  
Behold this midnight glory : worlds on worlds !  
Amazing pomp ! Redouble this amaze !  
Ten thousand add ; add twice ten thousand more ;  
Then weigh the whole ; one soul outweighs them all,  
And calls th' astonishing magnificence  
Of unintelligent creation, poor.

For this, believe not me ; no man believe ;  
Trust not in words, but deeds ; and deeds no less  
Than those of the Supreme ; nor his, a few ;  
Consult them all ; consulted, all proclaim  
Thy soul's importance ; tremble at thyself ;  
For whom Omnipotence has waked so long :  
Has waked, and work'd, for ages ; from the birth  
Of nature to this unbelieving hour.

In this small province of his vast domain  
(All nature bow, while I pronounce his name !)  
What has God done, and not for this sole end,  
To rescue souls from death ? The soul's high price

Is writ in all the conduct of the skies.  
The soul's high price is the creation's key,  
Unlocks its mysteries, and naked lays  
The genuine cause of ev'ry deed divine :  
That is the chain of ages, which maintains  
Their obvious correspondence, and unites  
Most distant periods in one blest design :  
That is the mighty hinge, on which have turn'd  
All revolutions, whether we regard  
The nat'ral, civil, or religious world ;  
The former two but servants to the third :  
To that their duty done, they both expire,  
Their mass new-cast, forgot their deeds renown'd ;  
And angels ask, " Where once they shone so fair ?"

To lift us from this abject, to sublime ;  
This flux, to permanent ; this dark to day ;  
This foul, to pure ; this turbid, to serene ;  
This mean, to mighty ! for this glorious end  
Th' Almighty, rising, his long sabbath broke :  
The world was made ; was ruin'd ; was restor'd ;  
Laws from the skies were publish'd ; were repeal'd ;  
On earth, kings, kingdoms, rose ; kings, kingdoms, fell ;

Famed sages lighted up the pagan world ;  
Prophets from Sion darted a keen glance  
Thro' distant age ; saints travell'd ; martyrs bled ;  
By wonders sacred nature stood controll'd ;  
The living were translated ; dead were raised ;  
Angels, and more than angels, came from heav'n ;  
And, Oh ! for this, descended lower still ;  
Gilt was hell's gloom ; astonish'd at his guest,  
For one short moment Lucifer adored :  
Lorenzo ! and wilt thou do less ?—For this,  
That hallow'd page, fools scoff at, was inspired,  
Of all these truths' thrice-venerable code !  
Deists, perform your quarantine ! and then  
Fall prostrate ere you touch it, lest you die.

Nor less intensely bent infernal pow'rs  
To mar, than those of light, this end to gain.  
O what a scene is here !—Lorenzo, wake,  
Rise to the thought ; exert, expand thy soul  
To take the vast idea : it denies  
All else the name of great. Two warring worlds !  
Not Europe against Afric ; warring worlds,  
Of more than mortal ! mounted on the wing !

On ardent wings of energy and zeal  
High-hov'ring o'er this little brand of strife!  
This sublunary ball—But strife, for what?  
In their own cause conflicting? No; in thine,  
In man's. His single int'rest blows the flame;  
His the sole stake; his fate the trumpet sounds,  
Which kindles war immortal. How it burns!  
Tumultuous swarms of deities in arms!  
Force, force opposing, till the waves run high,  
And tempest nature's universal sphere.  
Such opposites eternal, steadfast, stern,  
Such foes implacable, are Good and Ill;  
Yet man, vain man, would mediate peace between  
them.

Think not this fiction: "There was war in heav'n."  
From heav'n's high crystal mountain where it hung,  
Th' Almighty's out-stretch'd arm took down his bow,  
And shot his indignation at the deep:  
Re-thunder'd hell, and darted all her fires.  
And seems the stake of little moment still?  
And slumbers man, who singly caused the storm?  
He sleeps.—And art thou shock'd at mysteries?

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The greatest, thou. How dreadful to reflect,  
What ardor, care, and counsel, mortals cause  
In breasts divine! How little in their own!

Where'er I turn, how new proofs pour upon me!  
How happily this wondrous view supports  
My former argument! How strongly strikes  
Immortal life's full demonstration here!  
Why this exertion? Why this strange regard  
From Heav'n's Omnipotence indulged to man?  
Because, in man, the glorious, dreadful power,  
Extremely to be pain'd, or blest, forever.  
Duration gives importance; swells the price.  
An angel, if a creature of a day,  
What would he be? A trifle of no weight;  
Or stand, or fall; no matter which; he's gone.  
Because immortal, therefore is indulged  
This strange regard of deities to dust.  
Hence, heav'n looks down on earth with all her eyes:  
Hence, the soul's mighty moment in her sight:  
Hence, ev'ry soul has partisans above,  
And every thought a critic in the skies:  
Hence, clay, vile clay! has angels for its guard,

And ev'ry guard a passion for his charge :  
Hence, from all age, the cabinet divine  
Has held high counsel o'er the fate of man.

Nor have the clouds those gracious counsels hid.  
Angels undrew the curtain of the throne,  
And Providence came forth to meet mankind :  
In various modes of emphasis, and awe,  
He spoke his will, and trembling nature heard ;  
He spoke it loud, in thunder, and in storm.  
Witness, thou Sinai ! whose cloud-covered height,  
And shaken basis, own'd the present God :  
Witness, ye billows ! whose returning tide,  
Breaking the chain that fasten'd it in air,  
Swept Egypt, and her menaces, to hell :  
Witness, ye flames ! th' Assyrian tyrant blew  
To sev'nfold rage, as impotent, as strong :  
And thou, earth ! witness, whose expanding jaws  
Closed o'er\* Presumption's sacrilegious sons :  
Has not each element, in turn, subscrib'd  
The soul's high price, and sworn it to the wise ?  
Has not flame, ocean, ether, earthquake, strove

\* Korah, &c.

To strike this truth through adamantine man?  
If not all adamant, Lorenzo! hear;  
All is delusion, nature is wrapt up,  
In tenfold night, from reason's keenest eye;  
There's no consistence, meaning, plan, or end,  
In all beneath the sun, in all above,  
(As far as man can penetrate) or heaven  
Is an immense, inestimable prize;  
Or all is nothing, or that prize is all.—  
And shall each toy be still a match for heaven?  
And full equivalent for groans below?  
Who would not give a trifle to prevent  
What he would give a thousand worlds to cure?  
Lorenzo! thou hast seen (if thine, to see)  
All nature, and her God (by nature's course,  
And nature's course controll'd) declare for me:  
The skies above proclaim "immortal man!"  
And, "man immortal!" all below resounds.  
The world's a system of theology,  
Read by the greatest strangers to the schools;  
If honest, learn'd; and sages o'er a plough.  
Is not, Lorenzo, then, imposed on thee

This hard alternative ; or to renounce  
Thy reason, and thy sense ; or, to believe ?  
What then is unbelief ? 'Tis an exploit ;  
A strenuous enterprise : to gain it, man  
Must burst through ev'ry bar of common sense,  
Of common shame, magnanimously wrong.  
And what rewards the sturdy combatant ?  
His prize, repentance ; infamy, his crown.

But wherefore infamy ?—For want of worth,  
Down the steep precipice of wrong he slides ;  
There's nothing to support him in the right.  
Faith in the future wanting, is at least  
In embryo, ev'ry weakness, ev'ry guilt ;  
And strong temptation ripens it to birth.  
If this life's gain invites him to the deed,  
Why not his country sold, his father slain ?  
'Tis virtue to pursue our good supreme ;  
And his supreme, his only good, is here.  
Ambition, av'rice, by the wise disdain'd,  
Is perfect wisdom, while mankind are fools,  
And think a turf or tomb-stone covers all :  
These find employment, and provide for sense



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A richer pasture, and a larger range ;  
And sense by right divine ascends the throne,  
When reason's prize and prospect are no more :  
Virtue no more we think the will of Heav'n.  
Would Heav'n quite beggar virtue, if belov'd ?  
    ' Has virtue charms ?'—I grant her heav'nly fair ;  
But if unportion'd, all will int'rest wed ;  
Though that our admiration, this our choice.  
The virtues grow on immortality !  
That root destroy'd, they wither and expire.  
A Deity believ'd will nought avail ;  
Rewards and punishments make God adored ;  
And hopes and fears give conscience all her pow'r.  
As in the dying parent dies the child,  
Virtue with immortality expires.  
Who tells me he denies his soul immortal,  
Whate'er his boast, has told me, he's a knave.  
His duty 'tis to love himself alone ;  
Nor care, though mankind perish, if he smiles.  
Who thinks ere long the man shall wholly die,  
Is dead already ; nought but brute survives.  
    And are there such ?—Such candidates there are

For more than death ; for utter loss of being,  
Being, the basis of the Deity !  
Ask you the cause ?—The cause they will not tell :  
Nor need they : Oh, the sorceries of sense !  
They work this transformation on the soul,  
Dismount her like the serpent at the fall,  
Dismount her from her native wing (which soar'd  
Ere-while ethereal heights) and throw her down,  
To lick the dust, and crawl in such a thought.

Is it in words to paint you ? O ye fall'n !  
Fall'n from the wings of reason, and of hope !  
Erect in stature, prone in appetite !  
Patrons of pleasure, posting into pain !  
Lovers of argument, averse to sense !  
Boasters of liberty, fast bound in chains !  
Lords of the wide creation, and the shame !  
More senseless than th' irrationals you scorn !  
More base than those you rule ! than those you pity,  
Far more undone ! O ye most infamous  
Of beings, from superior dignity !  
Deepest in woe, from means of boundless bliss ;  
Ye curst by blessings infinite ! because

Most highly favor'd, most profoundly lost !  
Ye motley mass of contradiction strong !  
And are you, too, convinced your souls fly off  
In exhalation soft, and die in air,  
From the full flood of evidence against you ?  
In the coarse drudgeries and sinks of sense,  
Your souls have quite worn out the make of heav'n,  
By vice new cast, and creatures of your own :  
But though you can deform, you can't destroy ;  
To curse, not uncreate, is all your power.

Lorenzo, this black brotherhood renounce ;  
Renounce St. Evremont, and read St. Paul.  
Ere rapt by miracle, by reason wing'd,  
His mounting mind made long abode in heav'n.  
This is free thinking, unconfined to parts,  
To send the soul, on curious travel bent,  
Through all the provinces of human thought ;  
To dart her flight through the whole sphere of man ;  
Of this vast universe to make the tour ;  
In each recess of space, and time, at home :  
Familiar with their wonders ; diving deep,  
And, like a prince of boundless int'rests there,

Still most ambitious of the most remote :  
To look on truth unbroken, and entire ;  
Truth in the system, the full orb ; where truths  
By truths enlighten'd, and sustain'd, afford  
An arch-like strong foundation, to support  
Th' incumbent weight of absolute, complete  
Conviction : here the more we press, we stand  
More firm ; who most examine, most believe.  
Parts, like half-sentences, confound : the whole  
Conveys the sense, and God is understood ;  
Who not in fragments writes to human race :  
Read his whole volume, Sceptic ! then reply.

This, this, is thinking free, a thought that grasps  
Beyond a grain, and looks beyond an hour.  
Turn up thine eye, survey this midnight scene :  
What are earth's kingdoms, to yon boundless orbs,  
Of human souls, one day, the destined range ?  
And what yon boundless orbs to Godlike man ?  
Those num'rous worlds that throng the firmament,  
And ask more space in heav'n, can roll at large  
In man's capacious thought, and still leave room  
For ampler orbs, for new creations, there.

Can such a soul contract itself, to gripe  
A point of no dimension, of no weight ?  
It can ; it does : the world is such a point,  
And, of that point, how small a part enslaves ?  
How small a part—of nothing, shall I say ?  
Why not ?—friends, our chief treasure, how they drop !  
Lucia, Narcissa fair, Philander, gone !  
The grave, like fabled Cerberus, has op'd  
A triple mouth ; and, in an awful voice,  
Loud calls my soul, and utters all I sing.  
How the world falls to pieces round about us,  
And leaves us in a ruin of our joy !  
What says this transportation of my friends ?  
It bids me love the place where now they dwell,  
And scorn this wretched spot, they leave so poor.  
Eternity's vast ocean lies before thee ;  
There, there, Lorenzo ! thy Clarissa sails.  
Give thy mind sea-room ; keep it wide of earth,  
That rock of souls immortal ; cut thy cord ;  
Weigh anchor : spread thy sails ; call ev'ry wind ;  
Eye thy great Pole-star ; make the land of life.  
Two kinds of life has double-natured man,

And two of death ; the last far more severe.  
Life animal is nurtur'd by the sun ;  
Thrives on his bounties, triumphs in his beams.  
Life rational subsists on higher food,  
Triumphant in His beams who made the day.  
When we leave that sun, and are left by this,  
(The fate of all who die in stubborn guilt,)  
'Tis utter darkness, strictly double death.  
We sink by no judicial stroke of Heav'n,  
But nature's course ; as sure as plummets fall.  
Since God, or man, must alter ere they meet  
(For light and darkness blend not in one sphere)  
'Tis manifest, Lorenzo ! who must change.

If, then, that double death should prove thy lot,  
Blame not the bowels of the Deity ;  
Man shall be blest, as far as man permits.  
Not man alone, all rationals, heav'n arms  
With an illustrious, but tremendous, power  
To counteract its own most gracious ends ;  
And this, of strict necessity, not choice ;  
That power denied, men, angels, were no more,  
But passive engines, void of praise, or blame.

A nature rational implies the power  
Of being blest, or wretched, as we please ;  
Else idle Reason would have nought to do ;  
And he that would be barr'd capacity  
Of pain, courts incapacity of bliss.  
Heav'n wills our happiness, allows our doom ;  
Invites us ardently, but not compels ;  
Heav'n but persuades, almighty man decrees ;  
Man is the maker of immortal fates.  
Man falls by man, if finally he falls ;  
And fall he must, who learns from death alone,  
The dreadful secret,—that he lives forever.

Why this to thee ? Thee yet, perhaps, in doubt  
Of second life ? But wherefore doubtful still ?  
Eternal life is nature's ardent wish ?  
What ardently we wish, we soon believe :  
Thy tardy faith declares that wish destroyed :  
What has destroy'd it ?—Shall I tell thee, what ?  
When fear'd the future, 'tis no longer wish'd ;  
And, when unwish'd, we strive to disbelieve.  
“ Thus infidelity our guilt betrays.”  
Nor that the sole detection ! blush, Lorenzo !

Blush for hypocrisy, if not for guilt.  
The future fear'd? An infidel, and fear!  
Fear what? a dream? a fable?—How thy dread,  
Unwilling evidence, and therefore strong,  
Affords my cause an undesign'd support!  
How disbelief affirms, what it denies!  
“It, unawares, asserts immortal life.”—  
Surprising! Infidelity turns out  
A creed, and a confession of our sins:  
Apostates, thus, are orthodox divines.  
Lorenzo! with Lorenzo clash no more;  
Nor longer a transparent vizard wear.  
Think'st thou, religion only has her mask?  
Our infidels are Satan's hypocrites,  
Pretend the worst, and, at the bottom, fail.  
When visited by thought, (thought will intrude),  
Like him they serve, they tremble, and believe.  
Is there hypocrisy so foul as this?  
So fatal to the welfare of the world?  
What detestation, what contempt, their due?  
And, if unpaid, be thank'd for their escape  
That Christian candor they strive hard to scorn.



If not for that asylum, they might find  
A hell on earth; nor 'scape a worse below.

With insolence and impotence of thought,  
Instead of racking fancy, to refute,  
Reform thy manners, and the truth enjoy.—  
But shall I dare confess the dire result?  
Can thy proud reason brook so black a brand?  
From purer manners, to sublimer faith,  
Is nature's unavoidable ascent;  
An honest deist, where the gospel shines,  
Matur'd to nobler, in the Christian ends.  
When that blest change arrives, e'en cast aside  
This song superfluous; life immortal strikes  
Conviction, in a flood of light divine.  
A Christian dwells, like Uriel,\* in the sun;  
Meridian evidence puts doubt to flight;  
And ardent hope anticipates the skies.  
Of that bright sun, Lorenzo! scale the sphere;  
'Tis easy; it invites thee; it descends  
From heaven to woo, and waft thee whence it came:  
Read and revere the sacred page; a page

\* Milton.

Where triumphs immortality ; a page  
Which not the whole creation could produce ;  
Which not the conflagration shall destroy ;  
In nature's ruins not one letter lost :  
'Tis printed in the mind of gods forever.

In proud disdain of what e'en gods adore,  
Dost smile ?—Poor wretch ! thy guardian angel weeps.  
Angels, and men, assent to what I sing ;  
Wits smile, and thank me for my midnight dream.  
How vicious hearts fume phrensy to the brain ?  
Parts push us on to pride, and pride to shame ;  
Pert infidelity is wit's cockade,  
To grace the brazen brow that braves the skies,  
By loss of being, dreadfully secure.  
Lorenzo ! if thy doctrine wins the day,  
And drives my dreams, defeated, from the field ;  
If this is all, if earth a final scene,  
Take heed ; stand fast ; be sure to be a knave ;  
A knave in grain ! ne'er deviate to the right :  
Shouldst thou be good—how infinite thy loss !  
Guilt only makes annihilation gain.  
Blest scheme ! which life deprives of comfort, death

Of hope ; and which vice only recommends.  
If so ; where, infidels ! your bait thrown out  
To catch weak converts ? Where your lofty boast  
Of zeal for virtue, and of love to man ?  
Annihilation ! I confess, in these.

What can reclaim you ? Dare I hope profound  
Philosophers the converts of a song ?  
Yet know, its title\* flatters you, not me !  
Yours be the praise to make my title good ;  
Mine, to bless Heav'n, and triumph in your praise.  
But since so pestilential your disease,  
Though sov'reign is the med'cine I prescribe,  
As yet, I'll neither triumph nor despair :  
But hope, ere long my midnight dream will wake  
Your hearts, and teach your wisdom—to be wise :  
For why should souls immortal, made for bliss,  
E'er wish (and wish in vain !) that souls could die ?  
What ne'er can die, Oh ! grant to live ; and crown  
The wish, and aim, and labor of the skies ;  
Increase, and enter on the joys of heaven :  
Thus shall my title pass a sacred seal,

\* The Infidel Reclaimed.

Receive an imprimatur from above,  
While angels shout—An Infidel Reclaim'd!  
To close, Lorenzo! spite of all my pains,  
Still seems it strange, that thou shouldst live forever?  
Is it less strange, that thou shouldst live at all?  
This is a miracle; and that no more.  
Who gave beginning, can exclude an end.  
Deny thou art: then, doubt if thou shalt be.  
A miracle, with miracles inclos'd,  
Is man: and starts his faith at what is strange?  
What less than wonders, from the wonderful;  
What less than miracles, from God, can flow?  
Admit a God—that mystery supreme!  
That cause uncaus'd! All other wonders cease;  
Nothing is marvellous for Him to do:  
Deny Him—all is mystery besides;  
Millions of mysteries! Each darker far  
Than that thy wisdom would, unwisely, shun.  
If weak thy faith, why choose the harder side?  
We nothing know, but what is marvellous;  
Yet what is marvellous, we can't believe.  
So weak our reason, and so great our God,

What most surprises in the sacred page,  
Or full as strange, or stranger, must be true.  
Faith is not reason's labor, but repose.

To faith, and virtue, why so backward, man?  
From hence:—The present strongly strikes us all;  
The future, faintly: Can we, then, be men?  
If men, Lorenzo! the reverse is right.  
Reason is man's peculiar; sense, the brute's.  
The present is the scanty realm of sense;  
The future, reason's empire unconfined;  
On that expending all her godlike power,  
She plans, provides, expatiates, triumphs, there;  
There, builds her blessings; there, expects her praise;  
And nothing asks of fortune, or of men.  
And what is reason? Be she, thus, defin'd;  
Reason is upright stature in the soul.  
Oh! be a man;—and strive to be a god.

“For what? (thou sayst): To damp the joys of  
life?”

No; to give heart and substance to thy joys.  
That tyrant, hope; mark, how she domineers;  
She bids us quit realities, for dreams;

Safety, and peace, for hazard, and alarm ;  
That tyrant o'er the tyrants of the soul,  
She bids ambition quit its taken prize,  
Spurn the luxuriant branch on which it sits,  
Tho' bearing crowns, to spring at distant game ;  
And plunge in toils, and dangers—for repose.  
If hope precarious, and of things, when gain'd,  
Of little moment, and as little stay,  
Can sweeten toils and dangers into joys ;  
What then, that hope, which nothing can defeat,  
Our leave unask'd ? Rich hope of boundless bliss !  
Bliss, past man's pow'r to paint it ; time's, to close !

This hope is earth's most estimable prize :  
This is man's portion, while no more than man :  
Hope, of all passions, most befriends us here ;  
Passions of prouder name befriend us less.  
Joy has her tears ; and transport has her death ;  
Hope, like a cordial, innocent, tho' strong,  
Man's heart, at once, inspirits, and serenes ;  
Nor makes him pay his wisdom for his joys ;  
'Tis all, our present state can safely bear.  
Health to the frame ! and vigor to the mind !

And to the modest eye chastis'd delight!  
Like the fair summer-ev'ning, mild, and sweet!  
'Tis man's full cup; his paradise below!

A blest hereafter, then, or hop'd, or gain'd,  
Is all;—our whole of happiness: full proof,  
I chose no trivial or inglorious theme.  
And know, ye foes to song! (well-meaning men,  
Tho' quite forgotten\* half your Bible's praise!)  
Important truths, in spite of verse may please:  
Grave minds you praise; nor can you praise too much;  
If there is weight in an eternity,  
Let the grave listen;—and be graver still.

\* The poetical parts of it.

## NIGHT VIII

### VIRTUE'S APOLOGY; OR, THE MAN OF THE WORLD ANSWERED.

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THE LOVE OF THIS LIFE—THE AMBITION AND PLEASURE,  
WITH THE WIT AND WISDOM, OF THE WORLD.

AND has all nature, then, espous'd my part?  
Have I brib'd heav'n, and earth, to plead against thee?  
And is thy soul immortal? What remains?  
All, all, Lorenzo! Make immortal blest.  
Unblest immortals! What can shock us more?  
And yet, Lorenzo still affects the world;  
There, stows his treasure; thence, his title draws,  
Man of the world! (for such wouldst thou be call'd)  
And art thou proud of that inglorious style?  
Proud of reproach? for a reproach it was,  
In ancient days; and Christian,—in an age,  
When men were men, and not asham'd of heaven,



Fir'd their ambition, as it crown'd their joy.  
 Sprinkled with dews from the Castalian font,  
 Fain would I re-baptize thee, and confer  
 A purer spirit, and a nobler name.

Thy fond attachments fatal, and inflam'd,  
 Point out my path, and dictate to my song :  
 To thee, the world bow fair ! how strongly strikes  
 Ambition ! and gay pleasure stronger still !  
 Thy triple bane ! the triple bolt, that lays  
 Thy virtue dead ! be these my triple theme ;  
 Nor shall thy wit, or wisdom, be forgot.

Common the theme ; not so the song ; if she  
 My song invokes, Urania, deigns to smile.  
 The charm that chains us to the world, her foe,  
 If she dissolves, the man of earth, at once,  
 Starts from his trance, and sighs for other scenes ;  
 Scenes, where these sparks of night, these stars, shall  
 shine

Unnumber'd suns, (for all things, as they are,  
 The blest behold) ; and, in one glory, pour  
 Their blended blaze on man's astonish'd sight ;  
 A blaze,—the least illustrious object there.

Lorenzo ! since eternal is at hand,  
To swallow time's ambitions ; as the vast  
Leviathan, the bubbles vain, that ride  
High on the foaming billow ; what avail  
High titles, high descent, attainments high,  
If unattain'd our highest ? O Lorenzo !  
What lofty thoughts these elements above,  
What tow'ring hopes, what sallies from the sun,  
What grand surveys of destiny divine,  
And pompous presage of unfathom'd fate,  
Should roll in bosoms, where a spirit burns,  
Bound for eternity ! In bosoms read  
By Him, who foibles in archangels sees !  
On human hearts He bends a jealous eye,  
And marks, and in heav'n's register inrolls,  
The rise, and progress, of each option there ;  
Sacred to doomsday ! that the page unfolds,  
And spreads us to the gaze of gods and men.

And what an option, O Lorenzo ! thine ?  
This world ! and this, unrivall'd by the skies !  
A world, where lust of pleasure, grandeur, gold,  
Three demons, that divide its realms between them,

With strokes alternate buffet to and fro  
Man's restless heart, their sport, their flying ball ;  
Till, with the giddy circle, sick, and tir'd,  
It pants for peace, and drops into despair.  
Such is the world Lorenzo sets above  
That glorious promise angels were esteem'd  
Too mean to bring ; a promise their ador'd  
Descended to communicate, and press,  
By counsel, miracle, life, death, on man.  
Such is the world Lorenzo's wisdom woos,  
And on its thorny pillow seeks repose ;  
A pillow, which, like opiates ill-prepar'd,  
Intoxicates, but not composes ; fills  
The visionary mind with gay chimeras,  
All the wild trash of sleep, without the rest ;  
What unfeign'd travel, and what dreams of joy ?  
How frail, men, things ! how momentary both !  
Fantastic chase, of shadows hunting shades !  
The gay, the busy, equal, tho' unlike ;  
Equal in wisdom, differently wise !  
Through flow'ry meadows, and through dreary wastes,  
One bustling, and one dancing, into death.

There's not a day, but, to the man of thought,  
Betrays some secret, that throws new reproach  
On life, and makes him sick of seeing more.  
The scenes of business tell us—"what are men;"  
The scenes of pleasure—"what is all beside;"  
There, others we despise; and here, ourselves.  
Amid disgust eternal, dwells delight?  
'Tis approbation strikes the string of joy.

What wondrous prize has kindled this career,  
Stuns with the din, and chokes us with the dust,  
On life's gay stage one inch above the grave?  
The proud run up and down in quest of eyes;  
The sensual in pursuit of something worse;  
The grave, of gold, the politic, of power;  
And all, of other butterflies, as vain!  
As eddies draw things frivolous, and light,  
How is man's heart by vanity drawn in;  
On the swift circle of returning toys,  
Whirl'd, straw-like, round and round, and then in-  
gulph'd,  
Where gay delusion darkens to despair!  
"This is a beaten track." Is this a track

Should not be beaten? Never beat enough,  
Till enough learnt the truths it would inspire.  
Shall truth be silent because folly frowns?  
Turn the world's history; what find we there,  
But fortune's sports, or nature's cruel claims,  
Or woman's artifice, or man's revenge,  
And endless inhumanities on man?  
Fame's trumpet seldom sounds, but, like the knell,  
It brings bad tidings: how it hourly blows  
Man's misadventures round the list'ning world!  
Man is the tale of narrative old time:  
Sad tale! which high as Paradise begins;  
As if the toil of travel to delude,  
From stage to stage, in his eternal round,  
The days, his daughters, as they spin our hours  
On fortune's wheel, where accident unthought  
Oft, in a moment, snaps life strongest thread,  
Each, in her turn, some tragic story tells,  
With, now and then, a wretched farce between;  
And fills his chronicle with human woes.

Time's daughters, true as those of men deceive us;  
Not one, but puts some cheat on all mankind;

While in their father's bosom, not yet ours,  
They flatter our fond hopes ; and promise much  
Of amiable ; but hold him not o'er-wise,  
Who dares to trust them ; and laugh round the year,  
At still confiding, still confounded, Man,  
Confiding, tho' confounded ; hoping on,  
Untaught by trial, unconvinc'd by proof,  
And ever looking for the never seen.

Life to the last, like hardened felons, lies ;  
Nor owns itself a cheat, till it expires.

Its little joys go out by one and one,  
And leave poor man, at length, in perfect night ;  
Night darker, than what, now, involves the pole.

O Thou, who dost permit these ills to fall,  
For gracious ends, and wouldst, that man should mourn !  
O Thou, whose hand this goodly fabric fram'd,  
Who know'st it best, and wouldst that man should know !  
What is this sublunary world ? A vapor ;  
A vapor all it holds ; itself, a vapor ;  
From the damp bed of chaos, by thy beam  
Exhal'd, ordain'd to swim its destin'd hour  
In ambient air, then melt, and disappear.

Earth's days are number'd, nor remote her doom ;  
As mortal, tho' less transient, than her sons ;  
Yet they doat on her, as the world and they  
Were both eternal, solid ; Thou, a dream.

They doat, on what ? immortal views apart,  
A region of outsides ! a land of shadows !  
A fruitful field of flow'ry promises !  
A wilderness for joys ! perplex'd with doubts,  
And sharp with thorns ! a troubled ocean, spread  
With bold adventurers, their all on board ;  
No second hope, if here their fortune frowns ;  
Frown soon it must. Of various rates they fail,  
Of ensigns various ; all alike in this,  
All restless, anxious ; toss'd with hopes, and fears,  
In calmest skies ; obnoxious all to storm ;  
And stormy the most gen'ral blast of life :  
All bound for happiness ; yet few provide  
The chart of knowledge, pointing where it lies ;  
Or virtue's helm, to shape the course design'd :  
All, more or less, capricious fate lament,  
Now lifted by the tide, and now resorb'd,  
And farther from their wishes, than before ;

All, more or less, against each other dash,  
To mutual hurt, by gusts of passion driven,  
And suff'ring more from folly, than from fate.

Ocean! thou dreadful, and tumultuous home  
Of dangers, at eternal war with man!  
Death's capital, where most he domineers,  
With all his chosen terrors frowning round,  
(Tho' lately feasted high at Albion's\* cost)  
Wide op'ning, and loud roaring still for more!  
Too faithful mirror! how dost thou reflect  
The melancholy face of human life!  
The strong resemblance tempts me farther still:  
And, haply, Britain may be deeper struck  
By moral truth, in such a mirror seen,  
Which nature holds forever at her eye.

Self-flatter'd, unexperienc'd, high in hope,  
When young, with sanguine cheer, and streamers gay,  
We cut our cable, launch into the world,  
And fondly dream each wind and star our friend;  
All, in some darling enterprize embark'd:  
But where is he can fathom its event?

\* Admiral Balchen, &c.



Amid a multitude of artless hands,  
Ruin's sure perquisite! her lawful prize!  
Some steer aright; but the black blast blows hard,  
And puffs them wide of hope: with hearts of proof,  
Full against wind, and tide, some win their way;  
And when strong effort has deserv'd the port,  
And tugg'd it into view, 'tis won! 'tis lost!  
Tho' strong their oar, still stronger is their fate;  
They strike; and while they triumph, they expire.  
In stress of weather, most; some sink outright;  
O'er them, and o'er their names, the billows close;  
To-morrow knows not they were ever born.  
Others a short memorial leave behind,  
Like a flag floating, when the bark's ingulfed;  
It floats a moment, and is seen no more:  
One Cæsar lives; a thousand are forgot.  
How few, beneath auspicious planets born,  
(Darlings of providence! fond fate's elect!)  
With swelling sails make good the promis'd port,  
With all their wishes freighted! Yet ev'n these,  
Freighted with all their wishes, soon complain;  
Free from misfortune, not from nature free,

They still are men ; and when is man secure ?  
As fatal time ; as storm ! the rush of years  
Beats down their strength ; their numberless escapes  
In ruin end : and, now, their proud success  
But plants new terrors on the victor's brow :  
What pain to quit the world, just made their own,  
Their nest so deeply down'd, and built so high !  
Too low they build, who build beneath the stars.

Wo then apart (if wo apart can be  
From mortal man), and fortune at our nod,  
The gay ! rich ! great ! triumphant ! and august !  
What are they ?—The most happy (strange to say !)  
Convince me most of human misery :  
What are they ? smiling wretches of to-morrow !  
More wretched, then, than e'er their slave can be ;  
Their treach'rous blessings, at the day of need,  
Like other faithless friends, unmask, and sting :  
Then, what provoking Indigence in wealth !  
What aggravated impotence in power !  
High titles, then, what insult of their pain !  
If that sole anchor, equal to the waves,  
Immortal hope ! defies not the rude storm,

Takes comfort from the foaming billow's rage,  
And makes a welcome harbor of the tomb.

This is a sketch of what thy soul admires :

“But here (thou sayst) the miseries of life  
Are huddled in a group. A more distinct  
Survey, perhaps, might bring thee better news.”  
Look on life's stages ; they speak plainer still ;  
The plainer they, the deeper wilt thou sigh.  
Look on thy lovely boy ; in him behold  
The best that can befall the best on earth ;  
The boy has virtue by his mother's side :  
Yes, on Florello look ; a father's heart  
Is tender, tho' the man's is made of stone ;  
The truth, through such a medium seen, may make  
Impression deep, and fondness prove thy friend.

Florello lately cast on this rude coast  
A helpless infant ; now a heedless child ;  
To poor Clarissa's throes, thy care succeeds :  
Care full of love, and yet severe as hate !  
O'er thy soul's joy how oft thy fondness frowns !  
Needful austerities his will restrain ;  
As thorns fence in the tender plant from harm.

As yet, his reason cannot go alone ;  
But asks a sterner nurse to lead it on.  
His little heart is often terrified ;  
The blush of morning, in his cheek, turns pale ;  
Its pearly dew-drop trembles in his eye ;  
His harmless eye ! and drowns an angel there.  
Ah ! what avails his innocence ? the task  
Enjoin'd must discipline his early powers ;  
He learns to sigh, ere he is known to sin :  
Guiltless ! and sad, a wretch before the fall !  
How cruel this ! more cruel to forbear.  
Our nature such, with necessary pains,  
We purchase prospects of precarious peace :  
Tho' not a father, this might steal a sigh.

Suppose him disciplin'd aright (if not,  
'Twill sink our poor account to poorer still) ;  
Ripe from the tutor, proud of liberty,  
He leaps inclosure, bounds into the world ;  
The world is taken, after ten years' toil,  
Like ancient Troy ; and all its joys his own.  
Alas ! the world's a tutor more severe ;  
Its lessons hard, and ill deserve his pains ;

Unteaching all his virtuous nature taught,  
Or books (fair virtue's advocates!) inspir'd.

For who receives him into public life?

Men of the world, the terræ-filial breed,  
Welcome the modest stranger to their sphere,  
Which glitter'd long, at distance, in his sight,  
And, in their hospitable arms, inclose:

Men, who think nought so strong of the romance,  
So rank knight-errant, as a real friend:

Men, that act up to reason's golden rule,  
All weakness of affection quite subdued:

Men, that would blush at being thought sincere,  
And feign, for glory, the few faults they want;  
That love a lie, where truth would pay as well;  
As if, to them, vice shone her own reward.

Lorenzo! canst thou bear a shocking sight?

Such, for Florello's sake, 'twill now appear:

See, the steel'd files of season'd veterans,  
Train'd to the world, in burnish'd falsehood bright;  
Deep in the fatal stratagems of peace;  
All soft sensation, in the throng, rubb'd off;  
All their keen purpose, in politeness, sheath'd;

His friends eternal—during interest ;  
His foes implacable—when worth their while ;  
At war with ev'ry welfare, but their own ;  
As wise as Lucifer, and half as good ;  
And by whom, none, but Lucifer, can gain—  
Naked, through these (so common fate ordains),  
Naked of heart, his cruel course he runs,  
Stung out of all, most amiable in life,  
Prompt truth, and open thought, and smiles unfeign'd ;  
Affection, as his species, wide diffused ;  
Noble presumptions to mankind's renown ;  
Ingenuous trust, and confidence of love.

These claims to joy (if mortals joy might claim)  
Will cost him many a sigh ; till time, and pains,  
From the slow mistress of this school, Experience,  
And her assistant, pausing, pale, Distrust,  
Purchase a dear-bought clue to lead his youth,  
Through serpentine obliquities of life,  
And the dark labyrinth of human hearts.  
And happy ! if the clue shall come so cheap ;  
For, while we learn to fence with public guilt,  
Full oft we feel its foul contagion too,

If less than heav'nly virtue is our guard.  
Thus, a strange kind of curst necessity  
Brings down the sterling temper of his soul,  
By base alloy, to bear the current stamp,  
Below call'd wisdom ; sinks him into safety ;  
And brands him into credit with the world ;  
Where specious titles dignify disgrace,  
And nature's injuries are arts of life ;  
Where brighter reason prompts to bolder crimes ;  
And heav'nly talents make infernal hearts ;  
That unsurmountable extreme of guilt !

    Poor Machiavel ! who labor'd hard his plan,  
Forgot, that genius needs not go to school ;  
Forgot, that man, without a tutor wise,  
His plan had practis'd, long before 'twas writ.  
The world 's all title-page, there 's no contents ;  
The world 's all face ; the man who shows his heart,  
Is hooted for his nudities, and scorn'd.  
A man I knew, who liv'd upon a smile ;  
And well it fed him ; he look'd plump and fair ;  
While rankest venom foam'd through ev'ry vein.  
Lorenzo ! what I tell thee, take not ill !

Living, he fawn'd on ev'ry fool alive ;  
And, dying, curs'd the friend on whom he liv'd.  
To such proficients thou art half a saint.  
In foreign realms (for thou hast travel'd far)  
How curious to contemplate two state rooks,  
Studious their nests to feather in a trice.  
With all the necromantics of their art,  
Playing the game of faces on each other,  
Making court sweet-meats of their latent gall,  
In foolish hope, to steal each other's trust ;  
Both cheating, both exulting, both deceiv'd ;  
And, sometimes, both (let earth rejoice) undone !  
Their parts we doubt not ; but be that their shame ;  
Shall men of talents, fit to rule mankind,  
Stoop to mean wiles, that would disgrace a fool ?  
And lose the thanks of those few friends they serve ?  
For who can thank the man he cannot see ?  
    Why so much cover ? It defeats itself.  
Ye, that know all things ! know ye not, men's hearts  
Are therefore known, because they are conceal'd ?  
For why conceal'd ?—The cause they need not tell.  
I give him joy, that 's awkward at a lie ;



Whose feeble nature truth keeps still in awe ;  
His incapacity is his renown.  
'Tis great, 'tis manly, to disdain disguise ;  
It shows our spirit, or it proves our strength.  
Thou say'st, 'Tis needful : Is it therefore right ?  
Howe'er, I grant it some small sign of grace,  
To strain at an excuse : And wouldst thou then  
Escape that cruel need ? Thou mayst, with ease ;  
Think no post needful that demands a knave.  
When late our civil helm was shifting hands,  
So P—— thought : Think better, if you can.

But this, how rare ! the public path of life  
Is dirty :—Yet, allow that dirt its due,  
It makes the noble mind more noble still :  
The world's no neuter ; it will wound or save ;  
Our virtue quench, or indignation fire.  
You say, the world, well known, will make a man :—  
The world, well known, will give our hearts to heaven,  
Or make us demons, long before we die.

To show how fair the world, thy mistress, shines,  
Take either part, sure ills attend the choice ;  
Sure, tho' not equal, detriment ensues.

Not virtue-self is deified on earth ;  
Virtue has her relapses, conflicts, foes ;  
Foes, that ne'er fail to make her feel their hate.  
Virtue has her peculiar set of pains ;  
True ; friends to virtue, last, and least, complain ;  
But if they sigh, can others hope to smile ?  
If wisdom has her miseries to mourn,  
How can poor folly lead a happy life ?  
And if both suffer, what has earth to boast,  
Where he most happy who the least laments ?  
Where much, much patience, the most envied state,  
And some forgiveness, needs the best of friends ?  
For friend, or happy life, who looks not higher,  
Of neither shall he find the shadow here.

The world's sworn advocate, without a fee,  
Lorenzo smartly, with a smile, replies :  
" Thus far thy song is right ; and all must own  
Virtue has her peculiar set of pains—  
And joys peculiar who to vice denies ?  
If vice it is, with nature to comply :  
If pride, and sense, are so predominant,  
To check, not overcome them, makes a saint,

Can nature in a plainer voice proclaim  
Pleasure, and glory, the chief good of man?"

Can pride, and sensuality, rejoice?

From purity of thought, all pleasure springs;

And, from an humble spirit, all our peace.

Ambition, pleasure! let us talk of these:

Of these, the porch, and academy, talk'd;

Of these, each following age had much to say;

Yet unexhausted, still, the needful theme.

Who talks of these, to mankind all at once

He talks; for where the saint from either free?

Are these thy refuge?—No; these rush upon thee;

Thy vitals seize, and vulture-like, devour:

I'll try, if I can pluck thee from thy rock,

Prometheus! from this barren ball of earth;

If reason can unchain thee, thou art free.

And, first, thy Caucasus, ambition calls;

Mountain of torments! eminence of woes!

Of courted woes! and courted through mistake!

'Tis not ambition charms thee; 'tis a cheat

Will make thee start, as H—— at his Moor.

Dost graps at greatness? first, know what it is:

Think'st thou thy greatness in distinction lies?  
Not in the feather, wave it e'er so high,  
By fortune stuck, to mark us from the throng,  
Is glory lodg'd: 'tis lodg'd in the reverse;  
In that which joins, in that which equals, all,  
The monarch, and his slave;—"A deathless soul,  
Unbounded prospect, and immortal kin,  
A father God, and brothers in the skies;"  
Elder, indeed, in time; but less remote  
In excellence, perhaps, than thought by man;  
Why greater what can fall, than what can rise?  
If still delirious, now, Lorenzo! go;  
And with thy full-blown brothers of the world,  
Throw scorn around thee; cast it on thy slaves;  
Thy slaves, and equals: how scorn cast on them  
Rebounds on thee! if man is mean, as man,  
Art thou a God? if fortune makes him so,  
Beware the consequence: a maxim that,  
Which draws a monstrous picture of mankind,  
Where, in the drapery, the man is lost;  
Externals flutt'ring, and the soul forgot.

Thy greatest glory when dispos'd to boast,  
Boast that aloud, in which thy servants share.

We wisely strip the steed we mean to buy ;  
Judge we, in their caparisons, of men ?  
It nought avails thee, where, but what, thou art ;  
All the distinctions of this little life  
Are quite cutaneous, foreign to the man.  
When through death's straits earth's subtile serpents  
    creep,  
Which wriggle into wealth, or climb renown,  
As crooked Satan the forbidden tree,  
They leave their party-color'd robe behind,  
All that now glitters, while they rear aloft  
Their brazen crests, and hiss at us below.  
Of fortune's fucus strip them, yet alive ;  
Strip them of body, too ; nay, closer still,  
Away with all, but moral, in their minds ;  
And let, what then remains, impose their name,  
Pronounce them weak, or worthy ; great, or mean.  
How mean that snuff of glory fortune lights,  
And death puts out ! dost thou demand a test,  
A test at once, infallible, and short,

Of real greatness ? that man greatly lives,  
Whate'er his fate, or fame, who greatly dies ;  
High-flush'd with hope, where heroes shall despair.  
If this a true criterion, many courts,  
Illustrious, might afford but few grandees.

Th' Almighty, from his throne, on earth surveys  
Nought greater, than an honest, humble heart ;  
An humble heart, his residence ! pronounc'd  
His second seat ; and rival to the skies.  
The private path, the secret acts of men,  
If noble, far the noblest of our lives !  
How far above Lorenzo's glory sits  
Th' illustrious master of a name unknown ;  
Whose worth unrivall'd, and unwitness'd, loves  
Life's sacred shades, where gods converse with men ;  
And peace, beyond the world's conception, smiles !  
As thou (now dark), before we part, shalt see.

But thy great soul this skulking glory scorns.  
Lorenzo's sick, but when Lorenzo's seen ;  
And, when he shrugs at public business, lies.  
Denied the public eye, the public voice,  
As if he liv'd on others' breath, he dies.

Fain would he make the world his pedestal ;  
Mankind the gazers, the sole figure, he.  
Knows he, that mankind praise against their will,  
And mix as much detraction as they can ?  
Knows he, that faithless fame her whisper has,  
As well as trumpet ? that his vanity  
Is so much tickled from not hearing all ?  
Knows this all-knower, that from itch of praise,  
Or, from an itch more sordid, when he shines,  
Taking his country by five hundred ears,  
Senates at once admire him, and despise,  
With modest laughter lining loud applause,  
Which makes the smile more mortal to his fame ?  
His fame, which (like the mighty Cæsar), crown'd  
With laurels, in full senate, greatly falls,  
By seeming friends, that honor, and destroy.  
We rise in glory, as we sink in pride  
Where boasting ends, there dignity begins :  
And yet, mistaken beyond all mistake,  
The blind Lorenzo 's proud—of being proud ;  
And dreams himself ascending in his fall.

An eminence, though fancied, turns the brain ;

All vice wants hellebore ; but, of all vice,  
Pride loudest calls, and for the largest bowl ;  
Because, all other vice unlike, it flies,  
In fact, the point, in fancy most pursued.  
Who court applause, oblige the world in this ;  
They gratify man's passion to refuse.  
Superior honor, when assumed, is lost ;  
Ev'n good men turn banditti, and rejoice,  
Like Kouli-Kan, in plunder of the proud.

Tho' somewhat disconcerted, steady still  
To the world's cause, with half a face of joy,  
Lorenzo cries—" Be, then, ambition cast ;  
Ambition's dearer far stands unimpeach'd,  
Gay pleasure ! proud ambition is her slave ;  
For her, he soars at great, and hazards ill ;  
For her, he fights, and bleeds, or overcomes ;  
And paves his way, with crowns, to reach her smile ;  
Who can resist her charms ?"—or, should ? Lorenzo !  
What mortal shall resist, where angels yield ?  
Pleasure's the mistress of ethereal powers ;  
For her contend the rival gods above ;  
Pleasure's the mistress of the world below ;



And well it is for man, that pleasure charms ;  
How would all stagnate, but for pleasure's ray !  
How would the frozen stream of action cease !  
What is the pulse of this so busy world ?  
The love of pleasure : that, thro' ev'ry vein,  
Throws motion, warmth ; and shuts out death from life.

Tho' various are the tempers of mankind,  
Pleasure's gay family holds all in chains :  
Some most affect the black ; and some, the fair ;  
Some honest pleasure court ; and some, obscene.  
Pleasures obscene are various, as the throng  
Of passions, that can err in human hearts ;  
Mistake their objects, or transgress their bounds.  
Think you there 's but one whoredom ? whoredom, all,  
But when our reason licenses delight.  
Dost doubt, Lorenzo ? thou shalt doubt no more.  
Thy father chides thy gallantries ; yet hugs  
An ugly, common harlot, in the dark.  
A rank adulterer with others' gold ;  
And that hag, vengeance, in a corner, charms.  
Hatred her brothel has, as well as love,  
Where horrid epicures debauch in blood.

Whate'er the motive, pleasure is the mark ;  
For her, the black assassin draws his sword ;  
For her, dark statesmen trim their midnight lamp,  
To which no single sacrifice may fall ;  
For her, the saint abstains ; the miser starves ;  
The stoic proud, for pleasure, pleasure scorn'd ;  
For her, affliction's daughters grief indulge,  
And find, or hope, a luxury in tears ;  
For her, guilt, shame, toil, danger, we defy ;  
And, with an aim voluptuous, rush on death.  
Thus universal her despotic power.

And as her empire wide, her praise is just.  
Patron of pleasure ! doater on delight !  
I am thy rival ; pleasure I profess ;  
Pleasure, the purpose of my gloomy song.  
Pleasure is nought but virtue's gayer name ;  
I wrong her still, I rate her worth too low ;  
Virtue the root, and pleasure is the flower ;  
And honest Epicurus' foes were fools.

But this sounds harsh, and gives the wise offence ;  
If o'erstrain'd wisdom still retains the name.  
How knits austerity her cloudy brow,

And blames, as bold, and hazardous, the praise  
Of pleasure, to mankind, unprais'd, too dear!  
Ye modern stoics! hear my soft reply;  
Their senses men will trust; we can't impose;  
Or, if we could, is imposition right?  
Own honey sweet; but, owning, add this sting;  
"When mix'd with poison, it is deadly too."  
Truth never was indebted to a lie.  
Is nought but virtue, to be prais'd, as good?  
Why then is health preferr'd before disease?  
What nature loves is good, without our leave.  
And where no future drawback cries, "beware;"  
Pleasure, though not from virtue, should prevail.  
'Tis balm to life, and gratitude to heaven;  
How cold our thanks for bounties unenjoy'd!  
The love of pleasure is man's eldest born,  
Born in his cradle, living to his tomb;  
Wisdom, her younger sister, tho' more grave,  
Was meant to minister, and not to mar,  
Imperial pleasure, queen of human hearts.  
Lorenzo! thou, her majesty's renown'd,  
Tho' uncoift, counsel, learned in the world!

Who think'st thyself a Murray, with disdain  
Mayst look on me. Yet, my Demosthenes !  
Canst thou plead pleasure's cause as well as I ?  
Know'st thou her nature, purpose, parentage ?  
Attend my song, and thou shalt know them all ;  
And know thyself ; and know thyself to be  
(Strange truth !) the most abstemious man alive.  
Tell not Calista ; she will laugh thee dead ;  
Or send thee to her hermitage with L——.  
Absurd presumption ! Thou, who never knew'st  
A serious thought ! shalt thou dare dream of joy ?  
No man e'er found a happy life by chance,  
Or yawn'd it into being, with a wish ;  
Or, with the snout of grov'ling appetite,  
E'er smelt it out, and grubb'd it from the dirt.  
An art it is, and must be learnt ; and learnt  
With unremitting effort, or be lost ;  
And leave us perfect blockheads in our bliss.  
The clouds may drop down titles and estates ;  
Wealth may seek us, but wisdom must be sought ;  
Sought before all ; but (how unlike all else  
We seek on earth !) 'tis never sought in vain.

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First, pleasure's birth, rise, strength, and grandeur  
see:

Brought forth by wisdom, nurs'd by discipline,  
By patience taught, by perseverance crown'd,  
She rears her head majestic ; round her throne  
Erected in the bosom of the just,  
Each virtue, lifted, forms her manly guard.  
For what are virtues ? (formidable name !)  
What, but the fountain, or defence, of joy ?  
Why then commanded ? need mankind commands,  
At once to merit, and to make, their bliss ?—  
Great Legislator ! scarce so great, as kind !  
If men are rational, and love delight,  
Thy gracious law but flatters human choice ;  
In the transgression lies the penalty ;  
And they the most indulge who most obey.

Of pleasure, next, the final cause explore ;  
Its mighty purpose, its important end.  
Not to turn human brutal, but to build  
Divine on human, pleasure came from heaven.  
In aid to reason was the goddess sent ;  
To call up all its strength by such a charm.

Pleasure, first, succors virtue ; in return,  
Virtue gives pleasure an eternal reign.  
What, but the pleasure of food, friendship, faith,  
Supports life nat'ral, civil, and divine ?  
'Tis from the pleasure of repast, we live ;  
'Tis from the pleasure of applause, we please ;  
'Tis from the pleasure of belief, we pray  
(All pray'r would cease, if unbeliev'd the prize) :  
It serves ourselves, our species, and our God ;  
And to serve more, is past the sphere of man.  
Glide, then, forever, pleasure's sacred stream !  
Through Eden as Euphrates ran, it runs,  
And fosters ev'ry growth of happy life ;  
Makes a new Eden where it flows ;—but such  
As must be lost, Lorenzo ! by thy fall.

“What mean I by thy fall ?”—Thou'lt shortly see,  
While pleasure's nature is at large display'd ;  
Already sung her origin, and ends.  
Those glorious ends, by kind, or by degree,  
When pleasure violates, 'tis then a vice,  
And vengeance too ; it hastens into pain.  
From due refreshment, life, health, reason, joy ;

From wild excess, pain, grief, distraction, death ;  
Heav'n's justice this proclaims, and that her love.  
What greater evil can I wish my foe,  
Than his full draught of pleasure, from a cask  
Unbroach'd by just Authority, ungaug'd  
By temperance, by reason unrefin'd ?  
A thousand demons lurk within the lee.  
Heav'n, others, and ourselves ! uninjur'd these,  
Drink deep, the deeper, then, the more divine ;  
Angels are angels from indulgence there ;  
'Tis unrepenting pleasure makes a god.

Dost think thyself a god from other joys ?  
A victim rather ! shortly sure to bleed.  
The wrong must mourn, can Heav'n's appointment fail ?  
Can man outwit Omnipotence ? strike out  
A self-wrought happiness unmeant by him  
Who made us, and the world we would enjoy ?  
Who forms an instrument, ordains from whence  
Its dissonance, or harmony, shall rise.  
Heav'n bid the soul this mortal frame inspire ;  
Bid virtue's ray divine inspire the soul  
With unprecarious flows of vital joy ;

And, without breathing, man as well might hope  
For life, as, without piety, for peace.

“Is virtue, then, and piety the same?”

No; piety is more; 'tis virtue's source;  
Mother of ev'ry worth, as that of joy.  
Men of the world this doctrine ill digest;  
They smile at piety; yet boast aloud  
Good will to men; nor know, they strive to part  
What nature joins, and thus confute themselves.  
With piety begins all good on earth;  
Tis the first born of rationality.  
Conscience, her first law broken, wounded lies;  
Enfeebled, lifeless, impotent to good;  
A feign'd affection bounds her utmost power.  
Some we can't love, but for th' Almighty's sake;  
A foe to God was ne'er true friend to man;  
Some sinister intent taints all he does,  
And, in his kindest actions, he's unkind.

On piety, humanity is built;

And, on humanity, much happiness;

And yet still more on piety itself.

A soul in commerce with her God, is heav'n;



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Feels not the tumults and the shocks of life ;  
The whirls of passions, and the strokes of heart.  
A Deity believ'd, is joy begun ;  
A Deity ador'd, is joy advanc'd ;  
A Deity belov'd, is joy matur'd.  
Each branch of piety delight inspires ;  
Faith builds a bridge from this world to the next,  
O'er death's dark gulf, and all its horror hides ;  
Praise, the sweet exhalation of our joy,  
That joy exalts, and makes it sweeter still ;  
Pray'r ardent opens heav'n, lets down a stream  
Of glory on the consecrated hour  
Of man, in audience with the Deity.  
Who worships the great God, that instant joins  
The first in heav'n, and sets his foot on hell.

Lorenzo ! when wast thou at church before ?  
Thou think'st the service long : but is it just ?  
Tho' just, unwelcome ; thou hadst rather tread  
Unhallow'd ground ; the muse, to win thine ear,  
Must take an air less solemn : she complies.  
Good conscience ! at the sound the world retires ?  
Verse disaffects it, and Lorenzo smiles ;

Yet has she her seraglio full of charms ;  
And such as age shall heighten, not impair.  
Art thou dejected ? Is thy mind o'ercast ?  
Amid her fair ones, thou the fairest choose,  
To chase thy gloom.—“ Go, fix some weighty truth ;  
Chain down some passion ; do some gen'rous good ;  
Teach ignorance to see, or grief to smile ;  
Correct thy friend ; befriend thy greatest foe ;  
Or, with warm heart, and confidence divine,  
Spring up, and lay strong hold on Him who made  
thee.”—

Thy gloom is scatter'd, sprightly spirits flow ;  
Tho' wither'd is thy vine, and harp unstrung.

Dost call the bowl, the viol, and the dance,  
Loud mirth, mad laughter ? wretched comforters !  
Physicians ! more than half of thy disease.  
Laughter, tho' never censur'd yet as sin  
(Pardon a thought that only seems severe),  
Is half immoral : is it much indulg'd ?  
By venting spleen, or dissipating thought,  
It shows a scorner, or it makes a fool ;  
And sins, as hurting others, or ourselves.

'Tis pride or emptiness, applies the straw,  
That tickles little minds to mirth effuse ;  
Of grief as impotent, portentous sign !  
The house of laughter makes a house of woe.  
A man triumphant is a monstrous sight ;  
A man dejected is a sight as mean.  
What cause for triumph, where such ills abound ?  
What for dejection, where presides a power,  
Who call'd us into being to be blest ?  
So grieve, as conscious grief may rise to joy ;  
So joy, as conscious joy to grief may fall.  
Most true, a wise man never will be sad ;  
But neither will sonorous, bubbling mirth,  
A shallow stream of happiness betray :  
Too happy to be sportive, he 's serene.

Yet, wouldst thou laugh (but at thy own expense),  
This counsel strange should I presume to give—  
“Retire and read thy Bible, to be gay.”  
There truths abound of sov'reign aid to peace ;  
Ah ! do not prize them less, because inspired,  
As thou, and thine, art apt and proud to do.  
If not inspir'd, that pregnant page had stood,

Time's treasure! and the wonder of the wise!  
Thou think'st, perhaps, thy soul alone at stake;  
Alas!—should men mistake thee for a fool;—  
What man of taste for genius, wisdom, truth,  
Tho' tender of thy fame, could interpose?  
Believe me, sense here acts a double part,  
And the true critic is a Christian too.

But these, thou think'st, are gloomy paths to joy.—  
True joy in sunshine ne'er was found at first;  
They, first, themselves offend, who greatly please;  
And travel only gives us sound repose.  
Heav'n sells all pleasure; effort is the price;  
The joys of conquest are the joys of man;  
And glory the victorious laurel spreads  
O'er pleasure's pure, perpetual, placid stream.

There is a time when toil must be preferr'd,  
Or joy, by mistimed fondness, is undone.  
A man of pleasure is a man of pains.  
Thou wilt not take the trouble to be blest.  
False joys, indeed, are born from want of thought;  
From thought's full bent, and energy, the true;  
And that demands a mind in equal poise,

Remote from gloomy grief and glaring joy.  
Much joy not only speaks small happiness,  
But happiness, that shortly must expire.  
Can joy, unbottom'd in reflection, stand ?  
And, in a tempest, can reflection live ?  
Can joy, like thine, secure itself an hour ?  
Can joy, like thine, meet accident unshocked ?  
Or ope the door to honest poverty ?  
Or talk with threat'ning death, and not turn pale ?  
In such a world, and such a nature, these  
Are needful fundamentals of delight :  
These fundamentals, give delight indeed ;  
Delight, pure, delicate, and durable ;  
Delight, unshaken, masculine, divine ;  
A constant, and a sound, but serious joy.  
Is joy the daughter of severity ?  
It is :—Yet far my doctrine from severe.  
“ Rejoice forever :” It becomes a man ;  
Exalts, and sets him nearer to the gods.  
“ Rejoice forever,” nature cries, “ Rejoice ;”  
And drinks to man, in her nectareous cup,  
Mix'd up of delicates for ev'ry sense ;

To the great Founder of the bounteous feast,  
Drinks glory, gratitude, eternal praise ;  
And he that will not pledge her, is a churl.  
Ill firmly to support, good fully taste,  
Is the whole science of felicity :  
Yet sparing pledge : her bowl is not the best  
Mankind can boast.—“ A rational repast ;  
Exertion, vigilance, a mind in arms,  
A military discipline of thought,  
To foil temptation in the doubtful field ;  
And ever-waking ardor for the right.”  
’Tis these, first give, then guard, a cheerful heart.  
Nought that is right, think little ; well aware,  
What reason bids, God bids ; by his command  
How aggrandiz’d the smallest thing we do !  
Thus, nothing is insipid to the wise ;  
To thee, insipid all, but what is mad ;  
Joys season’d high, and tasting strong of guilt.  
“ Mad ! (thou reply’st, with indignation fir’d)  
Of ancient sages proud to tread the steps,  
I follow nature.”—Follow nature still,  
But look it be thine own : Is conscience, then,

No part of nature? Is she not supreme?  
Thou regicide! O raise her from the dead!  
Then, follow nature; and resemble God.

When, spite of conscience, pleasure is pursued  
Man's nature is unnaturally pleas'd:  
And what's unnatural, is painful too  
At intervals, and must disgust ev'n thee!  
The fact thou know'st; but not, perhaps, the cause.  
Virtue's foundations with the world's were laid;  
Heav'n mix'd her with our make, and twisted close  
Her sacred int'rests with the strings of life.  
Who breaks her awful mandate, shocks himself,  
His better self: And is it greater pain,  
Our soul should murmur, or our dust repine?  
And one, in their eternal war, must bleed.

If one must suffer, which should least be spar'd?  
The pains of mind surpass the pains of sense:  
Ask, then, the gout, what torment is in guilt.  
The joys of sense to mental joys are mean:  
Sense on the present only feeds; the soul  
On past, and future, forages for joy.  
'Tis hers, by retrospect, thro' time to range;

And forward time's great sequel to survey.  
Could human courts take vengeance on the mind,  
Axes might rust, and racks, and gibbets, fall :  
Guard, then, thy mind, and leave the rest to fate.

Lorenzo ! wilt thou never be a man ?

The man is dead, who for the body lives,  
Lur'd, by the beating of his pulse, to list  
With ev'ry lust, that wars against his peace ;  
And sets him quite at variance with himself.  
Thyself, first, know ; then love : A self there is  
Of virtue fond, that kindles at her charms.  
A self there is, as fond of ev'ry vice,  
While ev'ry virtue wounds it to the heart ;  
Humility degrades it, justice robs,  
Blest bounty beggars it, fair truth betrays,  
And godlike magnanimity destroys.  
This self, when rival to the former, scorn ;  
When not in competition, kindly treat,  
Defend it, feed it :—But when virtue bids,  
Toss it, or to the fowls, or to the flames.  
And why ? 'Tis love of pleasure bids thee bleed ;  
Comply, or own self-love extinct, or blind.



For what is vice? Self-love in a mistake ;  
A poor blind merchant buying joys too dear.  
And virtue, what? 'Tis self-love in her wits,  
Quite skilful in the market of delight.  
Self-love's good sense is love of that dread Power,  
From whom herself, and all she can enjoy.  
Other self-love is but disguis'd self-hate ;  
More mortal than the malice of our foes ;  
A self-hate, now, scarce felt ; then felt full sore,  
When being, curs'd ; extinction, loud implor'd ;  
And ev'rything preferr'd to what we are.

Yet this self-love Lorenzo makes his choice  
And, in this choice triumphant, boasts of joy,  
How is his want of happiness betray'd,  
By disaffection to the present hour !  
Imagination wanders far afield :  
The future pleases : Why ? The present pains.—  
“ But that 's a secret.”—Yes, which all men know ;  
And know from thee, discover'd unawares.  
Thy ceaseless agitation, restless roll  
From cheat to cheat, impatient of a pause ;  
What is it ?—'Tis the cradle of the soul,

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From instinct sent, to rock her in disease,  
Which her physician, reason, will not cure.  
A poor expedient! yet thy best; and while  
It mitigates thy pain, it owns it too.

Such are Lorenzo's wretched remedies!  
The weak have remedies; the wise have joys.  
Superior wisdom is superior bliss.  
And what sure mark distinguishes the wise?  
Consistent wisdom ever wills the same;  
Thy fickle wish is ever on the wing.  
Sick of herself, is folly's character;  
As wisdom's is a modest self-applause.  
A change of evils is thy good supreme;  
Nor, but in motion, canst thou find thy rest.  
Man's greatest strength is shown in standing still.  
The first sure symptom of a mind in health,  
Is rest of heart, and pleasure felt at home.  
False pleasure from abroad her joys imports;  
Rich from within, and self-sustain'd, the true.  
The true is fix'd, and solid as a rock;  
Slipp'ry the false, and tossing, as the wave.  
This, a wild wanderer on earth, like Cain;

That, like the fabled, self-enamōr'd boy,  
Home-contemplation her supreme delight ;  
She dreads an interruption from without,  
Smit with her own condition ; and the more  
Intense she gazes, still it charms the more.

No man is happy, till he thinks, on earth  
There breathes not a more happy than himself :  
Then envy dies, and love o'erflows on all ;  
And love o'erflowing makes an angel here.  
Such angels all, entitled to repose  
On Him who governs fate : 'Tho' tempest frowns,  
Tho' nature shakes, how soft to lean on Heaven !  
To lean on Him, on whom archangels lean !  
With inward eyes, and silent as the grave,  
They stand collecting ev'ry beam of thought,  
Till their hearts kindle with divine delight ;  
For all their thoughts, like angels, seen of old  
In Israel's dream, come from, and go to heaven :  
Hence, are they studious of sequester'd scenes ;  
While noise, and dissipation, comfort thee.

Were all men happy, revellings would cease,  
That opiate for inquietude within.

Lorenzo! never man was truly blest,  
But it compos'd, and gave him such a cast,  
As folly might mistake for want of joy.  
A cast, unlike the triumph of the proud;  
A modest aspect, and a smile at heart.  
O for a joy from thy Philander's spring!  
A spring perennial, rising in the breast,  
And permanent, as pure! no turbid stream  
Of rapt'rous exaltation swelling high;  
Which, like land-floods, impetuous pour awhile,  
Then sink at once, and leave us in the mire.  
What does the man, who transient joy prefers?  
What, but prefer the bubbles to the stream?  
Vain are all sudden sallies of delight;  
Convulsions of a weak distemper'd joy.  
Joy's a fix'd state; a tenor, not a start.  
Bliss there is none, but unprecarious bliss:  
That is the gem: sell all, and purchase that.  
Why go a begging to contingencies,  
Not gain'd with ease, nor safely lov'd, if gain'd?  
At good fortuitous, draw back, and pause;  
Suspect it; what thou canst ensure, enjoy;

And nought but what thou giv'st thyself, is sure.

Reason perpetuates joy that reason gives,

And makes it as immortal as herself :

To mortals, nought immortal, but their worth.

Worth, conscious worth ! should absolutely reign ;

And other joys ask leave for their approach ;

Nor, unexamined, ever leave obtain.

Thou art all anarchy ; a mob of joys

Wage war, and perish in intestine broils ;

Not the least promise of internal peace !

No bosom-comfort ! or unborrow'd bliss !

Thy thoughts are vagabonds ; all outward-bound,

Mid sands, and rocks, and storms, to cruise for pleasure ;

If gain'd, dear-bought ; and better miss'd than gain'd.

Much pain must expiate, what much pain procur'd.

Fancy, and sense, from an infected shore,

Thy cargo bring ; and pestilence the prize,

Then, such thy thirst (insatiable thirst !

By fond indulgence but inflam'd the more !)

Fancy still cruises, when poor sense is tir'd.

Imagination is the Paphian shop,

Where feeble happiness, like Vulcan, lame,

Bids foul ideas, in their dark recess,  
And hot as hell (which kindled the black fires),  
With wanton art, those fatal arrows form,  
Which murder all thy time, health, wealth, and fame.  
Wouldst thou receive them, other thoughts there are,  
On angel-wing, descending from above,  
Which these, with art divine, would counterwork,  
And form celestial armor for thy peace.

In this is seen imagination's guilt ;  
But who can count her follies ? She betrays thee,  
To think in grandeur there is something great.  
For works of curious art, and ancient fame,  
Thy genius hungers, elegantly pain'd ;  
And foreign climes must cater for thy taste.  
Hence, what disaster !—Tho' the price was paid,  
That persecuting priest, the Turk of Rome,  
Whose foot (ye gods !) tho' cloven, must be kiss'd,  
Detain'd thy dinner on the Latian shore ;  
(Such is the fate of honest Protestants !)  
And poor magnificence is starv'd to death.  
Hence just resentment, indignation, ire !—  
Be pacified ; if outward things are great,

'T is magnanimity great things to scorn ;  
Pompous expenses, and parades august,  
And courts ; that insalubrious soil to peace.  
True happiness ne'er enter'd at an eye ;  
True happiness resides in things unseen.  
No smiles of fortune ever bless'd the bad,  
Nor can her frowns rob innocence of joys ;  
That jewel wanting, triple crowns are poor :  
So tell his holiness, and be reveng'd.

Pleasure, we both agree, is man's chief good ;  
Our only contest, what deserves the name.  
Give pleasure's name to nought, but what has pass'd  
Th' authentic seal of reason (which, like Yorke,  
Demurs on what it passes), and defies  
The tooth of time ; when past, a pleasure still ;  
Dearer on trial, lovelier for its age,  
And doubly to be priz'd, as it promotes  
Our future, while it forms our present, joy.  
Some joys the future overcast ; and some  
Throw all their beams that way, and gild the tomb.  
Some Joys endear eternity ; some give  
Abhorr'd annihilation dreadful charms.

Are rival joys contending for thy choice ?  
Consult thy whole existence, and be safe ;  
That oracle will put all doubt to flight.  
Short is the lesson, tho' my lecture long,  
Be good—and let heav'n answer for the rest.

Yet, with a sigh o'er all mankind, I grant,  
In this our day of proof, our land of hope,  
The good man has his clouds that intervene ;  
Clouds, that obscure his sublunary day,  
But never conquer : ev'n the best must own,  
Patience, and resignation, are the pillars  
Of human peace on earth. The pillars, these ;  
But those of Seth not more remote from thee,  
Till this heroic lesson thou hast learn'd ;  
To frown at pleasure, and to smile in pain.  
Fir'd at the prospect of unclouded bliss,  
Heav'n in reversion, like the sun, as yet  
Beneath th' horizon, cheers us in this world ;  
It sheds, on souls susceptible of light,  
The glorious dawn of our eternal day.

“ This (says Lorenzo) is a fair harangue :  
But can harangues blow back strong nature's stream ;



Or stem the tide Heav'n pushes thro' our veins,  
Which sweeps away man's impotent resolves,  
And lays his labor level with the world?"

Themselves men make their comment on mankind  
And think nought is, but what they find at home:  
Thus, weakness to chimera turns the truth.  
Nothing romantic has the muse prescrib'd.  
Above,\* Lorenzo saw the man of earth,  
The mortal man; and wretched was the sight.  
To balance that, to comfort, and exalt,  
Now see the man immortal: him, I mean,  
Who lives as such; whose heart, full-bent on Heaven,  
Leans all that way; his bias to the stars.  
The world's dark shades, in contrast set, shall raise  
His lustre more; tho' bright, without a foil:  
Observe his awful portrait, and admire;  
Nor stop at wonder; imitate, and live.

Some angel guide my pencil, while I draw,  
What nothing less than angel can exceed,  
A man on earth devoted to the skies,  
Like ships in seas, while in, above, the world.

\* In a former Night.

With aspect mild, and elevated eye,  
Behold him seated on a mount serene,  
Above the fogs of sense, and passion's storm ;  
All the black cares, and tumults, of this life,  
Like harmless thunders, breaking at his feet,  
Excite his pity, not impair his peace.  
Earth's genuine sons, the sceptred and the slave,  
A mingled mob ! a wand'ring herd ! he sees  
Bewilder'd in the vale ; in all unlike !  
His full reverse in all ! What higher praise ?

What stronger demonstration of the right ?

The present all their care ; the future, his.  
When public welfare calls, or private want,  
They give to fame ; his bounty he conceals.  
Their virtues varnish nature ; his, exalt.  
Mankind's esteem they court ; and he, his own.  
Theirs, the wild chase of false felicities ;  
His, the compos'd possession of the true.  
Alike throughout is his consistent peace,  
All of one color, and an even thread ;  
While party-color'd shreds of happiness,  
With hideous gaps between, patch up for them

A madman's robe ; each puff of fortune blows  
The tatters by, and shows their nakedness,  
He sees with other eyes than theirs : Where they  
Behold a sun, he spies a Deity ;  
What makes them only smile, makes him adore.  
Where they see mountains, he but atoms sees ;  
An empire, in his balance, weighs a grain.  
They things terrestrial worship, as divine ;  
His hopes immortal blow them by, as dust  
That dims his sight, and shortens his survey,  
Which longs, in infinite, to lose all bound.  
Titles and honors (if they prove his fate)  
He lays aside to find his dignity ;  
No dignity they find in aught besides.  
They triumph in externals (which conceal  
Man's real glory), proud of an eclipse.  
Himself too much he prizes to be proud,  
And nothing thinks so great in man, as man.  
Too dear he holds his int'rest, to neglect  
Another's welfare, or his right invade ;  
Their int'rest, like a lion, lives on prey.  
They kindle at the shadow of a wrong ;

Wrong he sustains with temper, looks on heaven,  
Nor stoops to think his injurer his foe ;  
Nought, but what wounds his virtue, wounds his peace.  
A cover'd heart their character defends ;  
A cover'd heart denies him half his praise.  
With nakedness his innocence agrees ;  
While their broad foliage testifies their fall.  
Their no-joys end, where his full feast begins ;  
His joys create, theirs murder, future bliss.  
To triumph in existence, his alone ;  
And his alone, triumphantly to think  
His true existence is not yet begun.  
His glorious course was, yesterday, complete ;  
Death, then, was welcome ; yet life still is sweet.

But nothing charms Lorenzo, like the firm,  
Undaunted breast——And whose is that high praise ?  
They yield to pleasure, tho' they danger brave,  
And show no fortitude, but in the field ;  
If there they show it, 'tis for glory shown ;  
Nor will that cordial always man their hearts.  
A cordial his sustains, that cannot fail ;  
By pleasure unsubstu'd, unbroke by pain,

He shares in that Omnipotence he trusts.  
All-bearing, All-attempting, till he falls ;  
And when he falls, writes VICI on his shield.  
From magnanimity, all fear above ;  
From nobler recompense, above applause ;  
Which owes to man's short out-look all its charms.

Backward to credit what he never felt,  
Lorenzo cries,—“ Where shines this miracle ?  
From what root rises this immortal man ?”  
A root that grows not in Lorenzo's ground ;  
The root dissect, nor wonder at the flower.

He follows nature (not like thee\*) ; and shows us  
An uninverted system of a man.  
His appetite wears reason's golden chain,  
And finds, in due restraint, its luxury.  
His passion, like an eagle well reclaim'd,  
Is taught to fly at nought, but infinite.  
Patient his hope, unanxious is his care,  
His caution fearless, and his grief (if grief  
The gods ordain) a stranger to despair.  
And why ?—Because affection, more than meet,

\* See Page 328, Line 21.

His wisdom leaves not disengag'd from heaven.  
Those secondary goods that smile on earth,  
He, loving, in proportion, loves in peace.  
They most the world enjoy, who least admire.  
His understanding 'scapes the common cloud  
Of fumes, arising from a boiling breast.  
His head is clear, because his heart is cool,  
By worldly competitions uninflam'd.  
The mod'rate movements of his soul admit  
Distinct ideas, and matur'd debate,  
An eye impartial, and an even scale ;  
Whence judgment sound, and unrepenting choice.  
Thus, in a double sense, the good are wise ;  
On its own dunghill, wiser than the world.  
What, then, the world ? It must be doubly weak ;  
Strange truth ! as soon would they believe the creed.  
Yet thus it is ; nor otherwise can be ;  
So far from aught romantic, what I sing.  
Bliss has no being, virtue has no strength,  
But from the prospect of immortal life.  
Who think earth all, or (what weighs just the same)  
Who care no farther, must prize what it yields ;

Fond of its fancies, proud of its parades.  
Who thinks earth nothing, can't its charms admire ;  
He can't a foe, tho' most malignant, hate,  
Because that hate would prove his greater foe.  
'Tis hard for them (yet who so loudly boast  
Good will to men ?) to love their dearest friend ;  
For may he not invade their good supreme,  
Where the least jealousy turns love to gall ?  
All shines to them, that for a season shines.  
Each act, each thought, he questions, " What its weight,  
Its color what, a thousand ages hence ?"—  
And what it there appears, he deems it now.  
Hence, pure are the recesses of his soul.  
The god-like man has nothing to conceal.  
His virtue, constitutionally deep,  
Has habit's firmness, and affection's flame ;  
Angels, allied, descend to feed the fire ;  
And death, which others slays, makes him a god.  
And now, Lorenzo ! bigot of this world !  
Wont to disdain poor bigots caught by heaven !  
Stand by thy scorn, and be reduc'd to nought :  
For what art thou ?—Thou boaster ! While thy glare,

Thy gaudy grandeur, and mere worldly worth,  
Like a broad mist, at distance strikes us most ;  
And, like a mist, is nothing when at hand ;  
His merit, like a mountain, on approach,  
Swells more, and rises nearer to the skies,  
By promise, now, and, by possession, soon,  
(Too soon, too much, it cannot be) his own.

From this thy just annihilation rise,  
Lorenzo ! rise to something, by reply.  
The world, thy client, listens, and expects ;  
And longs to crown thee with immortal praise,  
Canst thou be silent ? No ; for wit is thine ;  
And wit talks most, when least she has to say,  
And reason interrupts not her career.  
She'll say—That mists above the mountains rise ;  
And, with a thousand pleasantries, amuse  
She'll sparkle, puzzle, flutter, raise a dust,  
And fly conviction, in the dust she rais'd.

Wit, how delicious to man's dainty taste !—  
'Tis precious, as the vehicle of sense ;  
But, as its substitute, a dire disease.  
Pernicious talent ! flatter'd by the world,



By the blind world, which thinks the talent rare.  
Wisdom is rare, Lorenzo! Wit abounds;  
Passion can give it; sometimes wine inspires  
The lucky flash; and madness rarely fails.  
Whatever cause the spirit strongly stirs,  
Confers the bays, and rivals thy renown.  
For thy renown, 'twere well, was this the worst;  
Chance often hits it; and, to pique thee more,  
See dulness, blund'ring on vivacities,  
Shakes her sage head at the calamity,  
Which has expos'd, and let her down to thee.  
But wisdom, awful wisdom! which inspects,  
Discerns, compares, weighs, separates, infers,  
Seizes the right, and holds it to the last;  
How rare! in senates, synods, sought in vain;  
Or if there found, 'tis sacred to the few;  
While a lewd prostitute to multitudes,  
Frequent, as fatal, wit: in civil life,  
Wit makes an enterprizer; sense, a man.  
Wit hates authority; commotion loves,  
And thinks herself the lightning of the storm.  
In states 'tis dangerous; in religion, death:

Shall wit turn Christian, when the dull believe ?  
Sense is our helmet, wit is but the plume ;  
The plume exposes, 'tis our helmet saves.  
Sense is the diamond, weighty, solid, sound ;  
When cut by wit, it casts a brighter beam ;  
Yet, wit apart, it is a diamond still.  
Wit, widow'd of good sense, is worse than nought ;  
It hoists more sail to run against a rock.  
Thus, a half-Chesterfield is quite a fool ;  
Whom dull fools scorn, and bless their want of wit.

How ruinous the rock I warn thee shun,  
Where sirens sit to sing thee to thy fate !  
A joy, in which our reason bears no part,  
Is but a sorrow tickling, ere it stings.  
Let not the cooings of the world allure thee ;  
Which of her lovers ever found her true ?  
Happy ! of this bad world who little know ;—  
And yet, we much must know her, to be safe.  
To know the world, not love her, is thy point ;  
She gives but little, nor that little long.  
There is, I grant, a triumph of the pulse ;  
A dance of spirits, a mere froth of joy,

Our thoughtless agitation's idle child,  
That mantles high, that sparkles, and expires,  
Leaving the soul more vapid than before.  
An animal ovation! such as holds  
No commerce with our reason, but subsists  
On juices, thro' the well-ton'd tubes, well strain'd;  
A nice machine! scarce ever tun'd aright;  
And when it jars—thy sirens sing no more,  
Thy dance is done; the demi-god is thrown  
(Short apotheosis!) beneath the man,  
In coward gloom immers'd, or fell despair.

Art thou yet dull enough despair to dread,  
And startle at destruction? If thou art,  
Accept a buckler, take it to the field;  
(A field of battle is this mortal life!)  
When danger threatens, lay it on thy heart;  
A single sentence proof against the world.  
“Soul, body, fortune! ev'ry good pertains  
To one of these; but prize not all alike;  
The goods of fortune to thy body's health,  
Body to soul, and soul submit to God.”

Wouldst thou build lasting happiness? Do this ;  
Th' inverted pyramid can never stand.

Is this truth doubtful? It outshines the sun ;  
Nay, the sun shines not, but to show us this,  
The single lesson of mankind on earth.  
And yet—yet, what? No news! mankind is mad ;  
Such mighty numbers list against the right,  
(And what can't numbers, when bewitch'd, achieve?)  
They talk themselves to something like belief,  
That all earth's joys are theirs : as Athens' fool  
Grinn'd from the port, on ev'ry sail his own.

They grin ; but wherefore? And how long the  
laugh ?

Half ignorance, their mirth ; and half, a lie ;  
To cheat the world, and cheat themselves they smile.  
Hard either task! The most abandon'd own,  
That others, if abandon'd, are undone :  
Then, for themselves, the moment reason wakes,  
(And providence denies it long repose)  
O how laborious is their gayety !  
They scarce can swallow their ebullient spleen,  
Scarce muster patience to support the farce,

And pump sad laughter, till the curtain falls.  
Scarce, did I say? Some cannot sit it out;  
Oft their own daring hands the curtain draw,  
And show us what their joy by their despair.

The clotted hair! gor'd breast! blaspheming eye!  
Its impious fury still alive in death!—  
Shut, shut the shocking scene.—But heav'n denies  
A cover to such guilt; and so should man.  
Look round, Lorenzo! see the reeking blade;  
The envenom'd phial, and the fatal ball;  
The strangling cord, and suffocating stream;  
The loathsome rottenness, and foul decays  
From raging riot (slower suicides);  
And pride in these, more execrable still!—  
How horrid all to thought!—But horrors, these,  
That vouch the truth; and aid my feeble song.

From vice, sense, fancy, no man can be blest:  
Bliss is too great, to lodge within an hour:  
When an immortal being aims at bliss,  
Duration is essential to the name.  
O for a joy from reason! joy from that,  
Which makes man, man; and exercis'd aright,

Will make him more : a bounteous joy ! that gives,  
And promises ; that weaves, with art divine,  
The richest prospect into present peace :  
A joy ambitious ! joy in common held  
With thrones ethereal, and their greater far :  
A joy high-privileg'd from chance, time, death !  
A joy, which death shall double ! judgment, crown !  
Crown'd higher, and still higher, at each stage,  
Thro' blest eternity's long day ; yet still,  
Not more remote from sorrow, than from him,  
Whose lavish hand, whose love stupendous, pours,  
So much of Deity on guilty dust.  
There, O my Lucia ! may I meet thee there,  
Where not thy presence can improve my bliss !  
Affects not this the sages of the world ?  
Can nought affect them, but what fools them too ?  
Eternity, depending on an hour,  
Makes serious thought man's wisdom, joy, and praise.  
Nor need you blush (tho' sometimes your designs  
May shun the light) at your designs on heaven ;  
Sole point ! where over-bashful is your blame.  
Are you not wise ?—You know you are : yet hear

One truth, amid your num'rous schemes, mislaid,  
Or overlook'd, or thrown aside, if seen ;  
“ Our schemes to plan by this world, or the next,  
Is the sole diff'rence between wise, and fool.”  
All worthy men will weigh you in this scale ;  
What wonder, then, if they pronounce you light ?  
Is their esteem alone not worth your care ?  
Accept my simple scheme of common sense ;  
Thus, save your fame, and make two worlds your own.

The world replies not ;—but the world persists ;  
And puts the cause off to the longest day,  
Planning evasions for the day of doom.  
So far, at that re-hearing, from redress,  
They then turn witnesses against themselves.  
Hear that, Lorenzo ! nor be wise to-morrow.  
Haste, haste, a man by nature, is in haste ;  
For who shall answer for another hour ?  
'Tis highly prudent to make one sure Friend ;  
And that thou canst not do, this side the skies.

Ye sons of earth ! (nor willing to be more !)  
Since verse you think from priestcraft somewhat free,  
Thus, in an age so gay, the muse plain truths

(Truths, which, at church, you might have heard in  
prose)

Has ventur'd into light ; well-pleas'd the verse  
Should be forgot, if you the truths retain ;  
And crown her with your welfare, not your praise.  
But praise she need not fear : I see my fate ;  
And headlong leap, like Curtius, down the gulf.  
Since many an ample volume, mighty tome,  
Must die ; and die unwept ; O thou minute,  
Devoted Page ; go forth among thy foes ;  
Go, nobly proud of martyrdom for truth,  
And die a double death : mankind, incens'd,  
Denies thee long to live : nor shalt thou rest,  
When thou art dead ; in Stygian shades arraign'd  
By Lucifer, as traitor to his throne ;  
And bold blasphemer of his friend,—The World ;  
The World, whose legions cost him slender pay,  
And volunteers, around his banner swarm ·  
Prudent, as Prussia, in her zeal for Gaul.

“ Are all, then, fools ?” Lorenzo cries—Yes, all,  
But such as hold this doctrine (new to thee) ;  
“ The mother of true wisdom is the will ;”



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The noblest intellect, a fool without it.  
World-wisdom much has done. and more may do,  
In arts and sciences, in wars, and peace ;  
But art and science, like thy wealth, will leave thee,  
And make thee twice a beggar at thy death.  
This is the most indulgence can afford ;—  
“ Thy wisdom all can do, but—make thee wise.”  
Nor think this censure is severe on thee ;  
Satan, thy master, I dare call a dunce.

# NIGHT IX.

## THE CONSOLATION.

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—— Fatis Contraria Fata repondens.—VIRG.  
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INSCRIBED TO HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF NEWCASTLE,  
ONE OF HIS MAJESTY'S PRINCIPAL SECRETARIES OF STATE.

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A MORAL SURVEY OF THE NOCTURNAL HEAVENS—A  
NIGHT ADDRESS TO THE DIETY.

As when a traveller, a long day past  
In painful search of what he cannot find,  
At night's approach, content with the next cot,  
There ruminates, awhile, his labor lost ;  
Then cheers his heart with what his fate affords,  
And chants his sonnet to deceive the time,  
Till the due season calls him to repose :  
Thus I, long-travell'd in the ways of men,  
And dancing, with the rest, the giddy maze,

Where disappointment smiles at hope's career ;  
Warn'd by the languor of life's ev'ning ray,  
At length, have hous'd me in an humble shed ;  
Where, future wand'ring banish'd from my thought,  
And waiting, patient, the sweet hour of rest ;  
I chase the moments with a serious song.

Song soothes our pains ; and age has pains to soothe.

When age, care, crime, and friends embrac'd at heart,  
Torn from my bleeding breast, and death's dark shade,  
Which hovers o'er me, quench th' ethereal fire ;  
Canst thou, O night ! indulge one labor more ?  
One labor more indulge : then sleep, my strain !  
Till, haply, wak'd by Raphael's golden lyre,  
Where night, death, age, care, crime, and sorrow, cease ;  
To bear a part in everlasting lays ;  
Tho' far, far higher set, in aim, I trust,  
Symphonious to this humble prelude here.

Has not the muse asserted pleasures pure,  
Like those above ; exploding other joys ?  
Weigh what was urg'd, Lorenzo ! Fairly weigh ;  
And tell me, hast thou cause to triumph still ?  
I think, thou wilt forbear a boast so bold.

But if, beneath the favor of mistake,  
Thy smile 's sincere ; not more sincere can be  
Lorenzo's smile, than my compassion for him.  
The sick in body call for aid ; the sick  
In mind are covetous of more disease ;  
And when at worst, they dream themselves quite well.  
To know ourselves diseas'd, is half our cure.  
When nature's blush by custom is wip'd off,  
And conscience, deaden'd by repeated strokes,  
Has into manners naturaliz'd our crimes ;  
The curse of curses is, our curse to love ;  
To triumph in the blackness of our guilt,  
(As Indians glory in the deepest jet) ;  
And throw aside our senses, with our peace.

But, grant no guilt, no shame, no least alloy ;  
Grant joy and glory, quite unsullied, shone ;  
Yet, still, it ill deserves Lorenzo's heart.  
No joy, no glory, glitters in thy sight,  
But, thro' the thin partition of an hour,  
I see its sables wove by destiny,  
And that in sorrow buried ; this, in shame ;  
While howling furies ring the doleful knell ;

And conscience, now so soft thou scarce canst hear  
Her whisper, echoes their eternal peal.

Where, the prime actors of the last year's scene ;  
Their port so proud, their buskin, and their plume ?  
How many sleep, who kept the world awake  
With lustre, and with noise ! Has death proclaim'd  
A truce, and hung his sated lance on high ?  
'Tis brandish'd still ; nor shall the present year  
Be more tenacious of her human leaf,  
Or spread of feeble life a thinner fall.

But needless monuments to wake the thought ;  
Life's gayest scenes speak man's mortality ;  
Tho' in a style more florid, full as plain,  
As mausoleums, pyramids, and tombs.  
What are our noblest ornaments, but deaths  
Turn'd flatterers of life, in paint, or marble,  
The well-stain'd canvas, or the featur'd stone ?  
Our fathers grace, or rather haunt, the scene ;  
Joy peoples her pavilion from the dead.

“ Profess'd diversions ! cannot these escape ? ”—  
Far from it : these present us with a shroud ;  
And talk of death, like garlands o'er a grave.

As some bold plunderers, for buried wealth,  
We ransack tombs for pastime; from the dust  
Call up the sleeping hero; bid him tread  
The scene for our amusement: how like gods  
We sit; and, wrapt in immortality,  
Shed gen'rous tears on wretches born to die;  
Their fate deploring, to forget our own!

What, all the pomps, and triumphs of our lives,  
But legacies in blossom? Our lean soil,  
Luxuriant grown, and rank in vanities,  
From friends interr'd beneath; a rich manure!  
Like other worms, we banquet on the dead;  
Like other worms, shall we crawl on, nor know  
Our present frailties, or approaching fate?

Lorenzo! such the glories of the world!  
What is the world itself? thy world?—A grave.  
Where is the dust that has not been alive?  
The spade, the plough, disturb our ancestors;  
From human mould we reap our daily bread.  
The globe around earth's hollow surface shakes,  
And is the ceiling of her sleeping sons.  
O'er devastation we blind revels keep;

Whole buried towns support the dancer's heel.  
The moist of human frame the sun exhales ;  
Winds scatter, thro' the mighty void, the dry ;  
Earth repossesses part of what she gave,  
And the freed spirit mounts on wings of fire ;  
Each element partakes our scatter'd spoils ;  
As nature, wide, our ruins spread ; man's death  
Inhabits all things, but the thought of man.

Nor man alone ; his breathing bust expires,  
His tomb is mortal ; empires die : where, now,  
The Roman ? Greek ? They stalk, an empty name !  
Yet few regard them in this useful light ;  
Tho' half our learning is their epitaph.  
When down thy vale, unlock'd by midnight thought,  
That loves to wander in thy sunless realms,  
O death ! I stretch my view ; what visions rise !  
What triumphs ! toils imperial ! arts divine !  
In wither'd laurels glide before my sight ?  
What lengths of far-fam'd ages, billow'd high  
With human agitation, roll along  
In unsubstantial images of air !  
The melancholy ghosts of dead renown,

Whisp'ring faint echoes of the world's applause,  
With penitential aspect, as they pass,  
All point at earth, and hiss at human pride,  
The wisdom of the wise, and prancings of the great.

But, O Lorenzo! far the rest above  
Of ghastly nature, and enormous size,  
One form assaults my sight, and chills my blood,  
And shakes my frame. Of one departed world  
I see the mighty shadow; oozy wreath  
And dismal sea-weed crown her; o'er her urn  
Reclin'd, she weeps her desolated realms,  
And bloated sons; and, weeping, prophesies  
Another's dissolution, soon, in flames.  
But, like Cassandra, prophesies in vain;  
In vain, to many; not, I trust, to thee.

For, know'st thou not, or art thou loth to know,  
The great decree, the counsel of the skies?  
Deluge and conflagration, dreadful powers!  
Prime ministers of vengeance! chain'd in caves  
Distinct, apart the gaint furies roar;  
Apart; or such their horrid rage for ruin,  
In mutual conflict would they rise, and wage



Eternal war, till one was quite devour'd.  
But not for this, ordain'd their boundless rage ;  
When Heav'n's inferior instruments of wrath,  
War, famine, pestilence, are found too weak  
To scourge a world for her enormous crimes,  
These are let loose, alternate : down they rush,  
Swift and tempestuous, from th' eternal throne,  
With irresistible commission arm'd,  
The world, in vain corrected, to destroy,  
And ease creation of the shocking scene.

Seest thou, Lorenzo ! what depends on man ?  
The fate of nature ; as for man, her birth.  
Earth's actors change earth's transitory scenes,  
And make creation groan with human guilt.  
How must it groan, in a new deluge whelm'd,  
But not of waters ! At the destin'd hour,  
By the loud trumpet summon'd to the charge,  
See, all the formidable sons of fire,  
Eruptions, earthquakes, comets, lightnings, play  
Their various engines ; all at once disgorge  
Their blazing magazines ; and take, by storm,  
This poor terrestrial citadel of man.

Amazing period! when each mountain-height  
Outburns Vesuvius; rocks eternal pour  
Their melted mass, as rivers once they pour'd;  
Stars rush; and final ruin fiercely drives  
Her ploughshare o'er creation!—while aloft,  
More than astonishment! if more can be!  
Far other firmament than e'er was seen,  
Than e'er was thought by man! far other stars!  
Stars animate, that govern these of fire;  
Far other sun!—a sun, O how unlike  
The babe at Bethle'm! how unlike the man  
That groan'd on Calvary!—Yet he it is;  
That man of sorrows! O how chang'd! What pomp!  
In grandeur terrible, all heav'n descends!  
And gods, ambitious, triumph in his train.  
A swift archangel, with his golden wing,  
As blots and clouds, that darken and disgrace  
The scene divine, sweeps stars and suns aside.  
And now, all dross remov'd, Heav'n's own pure day,  
Full on the confines of our æther, flames.  
While (dreadful contrast!) far, how far beneath!  
Hell bursting, belches forth her blazing seas,

And storms sulphureous ; her voracious jaws  
Expanding wide, and roaring for her prey.

Lorenzo ! welcome to this scene ; the last  
In nature's course ; the first in wisdom's thought.  
This strikes, if aught can strike thee ; this awakes  
The most supine ; this snatches man from death.  
Rouse, rouse, Lorenzo, then, and follow me,  
Where truth, the most momentous man can hear,  
Loud calls my soul, and ardor wings her flight,  
I find my inspiration in my theme ;  
The grandeur of my subject is my muse.

At midnight, when mankind is wrapt in peace,  
And worldly fancy feeds on golden dreams :  
To give more dread to man's most dreadful hour,  
At midnight, 'tis presum'd, this pomp will burst <sup>200</sup>  
From tenfold darkness ; sudden, as the spark  
From smitten steel ; from nitrous grain, the blaze.  
Man, starting from his couch, shall sleep no more !  
The day is broke, which never more shall close !  
Above, around, beneath, amazement all !  
Terror and glory join'd in their extremes .  
Our God in grandeur, and our world on fire !

All nature struggling in the pangs of death !  
Dost thou not hear her ? dost thou not deplore  
Her strong convulsions, and her final groan ?  
Where are we now ? Ah me ! the ground is gone,  
On which we stood, Lorenzo ! While thou mayst,  
Provide more firm support, or sink forever !  
Where ? how ? from whence ? Vain hope ! it is too  
late !

Where, where, for shelter, shall the guilty fly,  
When consternation turns the good man pale ?

Great day ! for which all other days were made ;  
For which earth rose from chaos ; man from earth ;  
And an eternity, the date of gods,  
Descended on poor earth-created man !  
Great day of dread, decision, and despair !  
At thought of thee, each sublunary wish  
Lets go its eager grasp, and drops the world ;  
And catches at each reed of hope in heaven.  
At thought of thee !—And art thou absent then ?  
Lorenzo ! no ; 'tis here ;—it is begun ;—  
Already is begun the grand assize,  
In thee, in all : deputed conscience scales

The dread tribunal, and forestalls our doom ;  
Forestalls ; and, by forestalling, proves it sure.  
Why on himself should man void judgment pass ?  
Is idle nature laughing at her sons ?  
Who conscience sent, her sentence will support,  
And God above assert that God in man.

Thrice happy they ! that enter now the court  
Heav'n opens in their bosoms : but, how rare,  
Ah me ! that magnanimity, how rare !  
What hero, like the man who stands himself ;  
Who dares to meet his naked heart alone ;  
Who hears, intrepid, the full charge it brings,  
Resolv'd to silence future murmurs there ?  
The coward flies ; and, flying, is undone.  
(Art thou a coward ? No) : the coward flies ;  
Thinks, but thinks slightly ; asks, but fears to know ;  
Asks, " What is truth ? " with Pilate ; and retires ;  
Dissolves the court, and mingles with the throng ;  
Asylum sad ! from reason, hope, and Heav'n !

Shall all, but man, look out with ardent eye,  
For that great day, which was ordain'd for man ?  
O day of consummation ! mark supreme

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(If men are wise) of human thought ! nor least,  
Or in the sight of angels, or their King !  
Angels, whose radiant circles, height o'er height,  
Order o'er order, rising, blaze o'er blaze,  
As in a theatre, surround this scene,  
Intent on man, and anxious for his fate,  
Angels look out for thee, for thee, their Lord,  
To vindicate his glory ; and for thee,  
Creation universal calls aloud,  
To disinvolve the moral world, and give  
To nature's renovation brighter charms.

Shall man alone, whose fate, whose final fate,  
Hangs on that hour, exclude it from his thought ?  
I think of nothing else ; I see ! I feel it !  
All nature, like an earthquake, trembling round !  
All deities, like summer's swarms, on wing !  
All basking in the full meridian blaze !  
I see the Judge enthron'd ! the flaming guard !  
The volume open'd ! open'd every heart !  
A sunbeam pointing out each secret thought !  
No patron ! intercessor none ! now past  
The sweet, the clement, mediatorial hour !

For guilt no plea! to pain, no pause! no bound!  
Inexorable, all! and all, extreme!

Nor man alone; the foe of God and man,  
From his dark den, blaspheming, drags his chain,  
And rears his brazen front, with thunder scarr'd;  
Receives his sentence, and begins his hell.

All vengeance past, now, seems abundant grace:  
Like meteors in a stormy sky, how roll  
His baleful eyes! he curses whom he dreads;  
And deems it the first moment of his fall.

'Tis present to my thought!—And, yet, where is it?  
Angels can't tell me; angels cannot guess  
The period; from created beings lock'd  
In darkness. But the process, and the place,  
Are less obscure; for these may man inquire.  
Say, thou great close of human hopes and fears!  
Great key of hearts! great finisher of fates!  
Great end! and great beginning! say, Where art thou?  
Art thou in time, or in eternity?  
Nor in eternity, nor time, I find thee.  
These, as two monarchs, on their borders meet,  
(Monarchs of all elaps'd, or unarriv'd!)

As in debate, how best their powers allied  
May swell the grandeur, or discharge the wrath,  
Of Him, whom both their monarchies obey.

Time, this vast fabric for him built (and doom'd  
With him to fall) now bursting o'er his head ;  
His lamp, the sun, extinguish'd ; from beneath  
The frown of hideous darkness, calls his sons  
From their long slumber ; from earth's heaving womb  
To second birth ; contemporary throng !  
Rous'd at one call, upstarting from one bed,  
Press'd in one crowd, appall'd with one amaze,  
He turns them o'er, Eternity ! to thee.  
Then (as a king depos'd disdains to live)  
He falls on his own scythe ; nor falls alone ;  
His greatest foe falls with him ; Time, and he  
Who murder'd all Time's offspring, Death, expire.

Time was ! Eternity now reigns alone !  
Awful Eternity ! offended queen !  
And her resentment to mankind, how just !  
With kind intent soliciting access,  
How often has she knock'd at human hearts !  
Rich to repay their hospitality,



How often call'd! and with the voice of God!  
Yet bore repulse, excluded as a cheat!  
A dream! while foulest foes found welcome there!  
A dream, a cheat, now all things but her smile.

For, lo! her twice ten thousand gates thrown wide,  
As thrice from Indus to the frozen pole,  
With banners, streaming as the comet's blaze,  
And clarions, louder than the deep in storms,  
Sonorous, as immortal breath can blow,  
Pour forth their myriads, potentates, and powers,  
Of light, of darkness; in a middle field,  
Wide, as creation! populous, as wide!  
A neutral region! there to mark th' event  
Of that great drama, whose preceding scenes  
Detain'd them close spectators, thro' a length  
Of ages, rip'ning to this grand result;  
Ages, as yet unnumber'd but by God;  
Who now, pronouncing sentence, vindicates  
The rights of virtue, and his own renown.

Eternity, the various sentence past,  
Assigns the sever'd throng distinct abodes,  
Sulphureous, or ambrosial: What ensues?

The deed predominant ! the deed of deeds !  
Which makes a hell of hell, a heav'n of heav'n.  
The goddess, with determin'd aspect, turns  
Her adamantine key's enormous size  
Thro' destiny's inextricable wards,  
Deep driving ev'ry bolt, on both their fates.  
Then, from the crystal battlements of heaven,  
Down, down, she hurls it thro' the dark profound,  
Ten thousand thousand fathom ; there to rust,  
And ne'er unlock her resolution more.  
The deep resounds, and hell, thro' all her glooms,  
Returns, in groans, the melancholy roar.

O how unlike the chorus of the skies !  
O how unlike those shouts of joy, that shake  
The whole ethereal ! How the concave rings  
Nor strange ! when deities their voice exalt ;  
And louder far, than when creation rose,  
To see creation's godlike aim, and end,  
So well accomplish'd ! so divinely clos'd !  
To see the mighty Dramatist's last act  
(As meet) in glory rising o'er the rest.  
No fancied god, a God indeed, descends,

To solve all knots ; to strike the moral home ;  
To throw full day on darkest scenes of time ;  
To clear, commend, exalt, and crown the whole.  
Hence, in one peal of loud, eternal praise,  
The charm'd spectators thunder their applause ;  
And the vast void beyond, applause resounds.

What then am I?—

Amidst applauding worlds,  
And worlds celestial, is there found on earth,  
A peevish, dissonant, rebellious string,  
Which jars in the grand chorus, and complains ?  
Censure on thee, Lorenzo ! I suspend,  
And turn it on myself ; how greatly due !  
All, all is right, by God ordain'd, or done ;  
And who, but God, resum'd the friends he gave ?  
And have I been complaining, then, so long ?  
Complaining of his favors ; pain, and death ?  
Who, without pain's advice, would e'er be good ?  
Who, without death, but would be good in vain ?  
Pain is to save from pain ; all punishment,  
To make for peace ; and death to save from death ;  
And second death, to guard immortal life ;

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To rouse the careless, the presumptuous awe,  
And turn the tide of souls another way ;  
By the same tenderness divine ordain'd,  
That planted Eden, and high-bloom'd for man,  
A fairer Eden, endless, in the skies.

Heav'n gives us friends to bless thè present scene ;  
Resumes them, to prepare us for the next.  
All evils natural are moral goods ;  
All discipline, indulgence, on the whole.  
None are unhappy ; all have cause to smile,  
But such as to themselves that cause deny.  
Our faults are at the bottom of our pains ;  
Error, in act or judgment, is the source  
Of endless sighs : We sin, or we mistake,  
And nature tax, when false opinion stings.  
Let impious grief be banish'd, joy indulg'd ;  
But chiefly then, when grief puts in her claim.  
Joy from the joyous, frequently betrays,  
Oft lives in vanity, and dies in woe.  
Joy, amidst ills, corroborates, exalts ;  
'Tis joy, and conquest ; joy, and virtue too.  
A noble fortitude in ills delights

Heav'n, earth, ourselves ; 'tis duty, glory, peace.

Affliction is the good man's shining scene ;

Prosperity conceals his brightest ray ;

As night to stars, woe lustre gives to man.

Heroes in battle, pilots in the storm,

And virtue in calamities, admire.

The crown of manhood is a winter-joy ;

An evergreen, that stands the northern blast,

And blossoms in the rigor of our fate.

'Tis a prime part of happiness, to know

How much unhappiness must prove our lot ;

A part which few possess ! I'll pay life's tax,

Without one rebel murmur, from this hour,

Nor think it misery to be a man ;

Who thinks it is, shall never be a god.

Some ills we wish for, when we wish to live.

What spoke proud passion ?\*—"With my being  
lost!"

Presumptuous ! blasphemous ! absurd ! and false !

The triumph of my soul is,—that I am ;

And therefore that I may be—What ? Lorenzo !

\* Referring to the First Night.

Look inward, and look deep ; and deeper still ;  
Unfathomably deep our treasure runs  
In golden veins, thro' all eternity !  
Ages, and ages, and succeeding still  
New ages, where this phantom of an hour,  
Which courts, each night, dull slumbers for repair,  
Shall wake, and wonder, and exult, and praise,  
And fly thro' infinite, and all unlock ;  
And (if deserv'd) by heav'n's redundant love,  
Made half-adorable itself, adore ;  
And find, in adoration, endless joy !  
Where thou, not master of a moment here,  
Frail as the flow'r, and fleeting as the gale,  
Mayst boast a whole eternity, enrich'd  
With all a kind Omnipotence can pour.  
Since Adam fell, no mortal, uninspir'd,  
Has ever yet conceived, or ever shall,  
How kind is God, how great (if good) is man.  
No man too largely from heav'n's love can hope.  
If what is hop'd he labors to secure.

Ills ? There are none : All-Gracious ! none from Thee ;  
From man full many ! num'rous is the race

Of blackest ills, and those immortal too,  
Begot by madness on fair liberty ;  
Heav'n's daughter, hell-debauch'd ! her hand alone  
Unlocks destruction to the sons of men,  
Fast barr'd by thine ; high-wall'd with adamant,  
Guarded with terrors, reaching to this world,  
And cover'd with the thunders of thy law ;  
Whose threats are mercies, whose injunctions, guides,  
Assisting, not restraining, reason's choice ;  
Whose sanctions, unavoidable results  
From nature's course, indulgently reveal'd ;  
If unreveal'd, more dangerous, nor less sure.  
Thus, an indulgent Father warns his sons,  
"Do this ; fly that"—nor always tells the cause ;  
Pleas'd to reward as duty to his will,  
A conduct needful to their own repose.

Great God of wonders ! (if, thy love survey'd,  
Aught else the name of wonderful retains)  
What rocks are these, on which to build our trust ?  
Thy ways admit no blemish ; none I find ;  
Or this alone—"that none is to be found."  
Not one, to soften censure's hardy crime ;

Not one, to palliate peevish grief's complaint,  
Who, like a demon, murm'ring from the dust,  
Dares into judgment call her Judge.—Supreme!  
For all I bless thee ; most, for the severe ;  
Her\* death—my own at hand—the fiery gulf,  
That flaming bound of wrath Omnipotent !  
It thunders ;—but it thunders to preserve ;  
It strengthens what it strikes ; its wholesome dread  
Averts the dreaded pain ; its hideous groans  
Join heav'n's sweet hallelujahs in thy praise,  
Great source of good alone : how kind in all !  
In vengeance, kind ! pain, death, Gehenna, save.

Thus, in Thy world material, mighty Mind !  
Not that alone which solaces, and shines,  
The rough and gloomy challenges our praise.  
The winter is as needful as the spring ;  
The thunder, as the sun ; a stagnate mass  
Of vapors breeds a pestilential air ;  
Nor more propitious the Favonian breeze  
To nature's health, than purifying storms ;  
The dread volcano ministers to good.

\* Lucia.



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Its smother'd flames might undermine the world.  
Loud Ætnas fulminate in love to man ;  
Comets good omens are, when duly scann'd ;  
And, in their use, eclipses learn to shine.

Man is responsible for ills receiv'd ;  
Those we call wretched are a chosen band,  
Compell'd to refuge in the right, for peace.  
Amid my list of blessings infinite,  
Stand this the foremost, " that my heart has bled."  
'Tis heav'n's last effort of good-will to man ;  
When pain can't bless, heav'n quits us in despair.  
Who fails to grieve, when just occasion calls,  
Or grieves too much, deserves not to be blest ,  
Inhuman, or effeminate, his heart ;  
Reason absolves the grief, which reason ends.  
May heav'n ne'er trust my friend with happiness,  
Till it has taught him how to bear it well,  
By previous pain ; and made it safe to smile !  
Such smiles are mine, and such may they remain ;  
Nor hazard their extinction, from excess.  
My change of heart a change of style demands ;

The consolation cancels the complaint,  
And makes a convert of my guilty song.  
As when o'erlabor'd, and inclined to breathe,  
A panting traveller some rising ground,  
Some small ascent has gain'd, he turns him round,  
And measures with his eye the various vale,  
The fields, woods, meads, and rivers he has past ;  
And, satiate of his journey, thinks of home  
Endear'd by distance, nor affects more toil ;  
Thus I, though small, indeed, is that ascent  
The muse has gain'd, review the paths she trod ;  
Various, extensive, beaten but by few ;  
And, conscious of her prudence in repose,  
Pause ; and with pleasure meditate an end,  
Though still remote ; so fruitful is my theme.  
Thro' many a field of moral, and divine,  
The muse has stray'd ; and much of sorrow seen  
In human ways : and much of false and vain ;  
Which none, who travel this bad road, can miss.  
O'er friends deceas'd full heartily she wept ;  
Of love divine the wonders she display'd ;  
Prov'd man immortal ; show'd the source of joy ;

The grand tribunal rais'd ; assign'd the bounds  
Of human grief: in few, to close the whole,  
The moral muse has shadow'd out a sketch,  
Though not in form, nor with a Raphael-stroke,  
Of most our weakness needs believe, or do,  
In this our land of travel, and of hope,  
For peace on earth, or prospect of the skies.

What then remains ?—Much ! much ! a mighty debt  
To be discharged : these thoughts, O night ! are thine ;  
From thee they came, like lovers' secret sighs,  
While others slept. So, Cynthia (poets feign)  
In shadows veil'd, soft sliding from her sphere,  
Her shepherd cheer'd ; of her enamor'd less  
Than I of thee. And art thou still unsung,  
Beneath whose brow, and by whose aid I sing,  
Immortal silence !——Where shall I begin ?  
Where end ? Or how steal music from the spheres,  
To sooth their goddess ?

O majestic night !  
Nature's great ancestor ! day's elder born !  
And fated to survive the transient sun !  
By mortals, and immortals, seen with awe !

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A starry crown thy raven brow adorns,  
An azure zone, thy waist clouds, in heav'n's loom  
Wrought thro' varieties of shape and shade,  
In ample folds of drapery divine,  
Thy flowing mantle form, and, heav'n throughout,  
Voluminously pour thy pompous train.  
Thy gloomy grandeurs (nature's most august,  
Inspiring aspect !) claim a grateful verse ;  
And, like a fable curtain starr'd with gold,  
Drawn o'er my labors past, shall close the scene.

And what, O man ! so worthy to be sung ?  
What more prepares us for the songs of heaven ?  
Creation of archangels is the theme !  
What, to be sung, so needful ? What so well  
Celestial joys prepares us to sustain ?  
The soul of man, His face designed to see,  
Who gave these wonders to be seen by man,  
Has here a previous scene of objects great,  
On which to dwell ; to stretch to that expanse  
Of thought, to rise to that exalted height  
Of admiration, to contract that awe,  
And give her whole capacities that strength,

Which best may qualify for final joy.

The more our spirits are enlarg'd on earth,  
The deeper draught shall they receive of heaven.

Heav'n's King, whose face unveil'd consummates bliss;  
Redundant bliss! which fills that mighty void,  
The whole creation leaves in human hearts!  
Thou, who didst touch the lip of Jesse's son,  
Wrapt in sweet contemplation of these fires,  
And set his harp in concert with the spheres!  
While of thy works material the supreme  
I dare attempt, assist my daring song.  
Loose me from earth's inclosure, from the sun's  
Contracted circle set my heart at large;  
Eliminate my spirit, give it range  
Through provinces of thought yet unexplor'd;  
Teach me, by this stupendous scaffolding,  
Creation's golden steps, to climb to Thee.  
Teach me with art great nature to control,  
And spread a lustre o'er the shades of night.  
Feel I thy kind assent? And shall the sun  
Be seen at midnight, rising in my song?

Lorenzo! come, and warm thee: thou, whose heart,

Whose little heart is moor'd within a nook  
Of this obscure terrestrial, anchor weigh.  
Another ocean calls, a nobler port ;  
I am thy pilot, I thy prosp'rous gale.  
Gainful thy voyage through yon azure main ;  
Main, without tempest, pirate, rock, or shore ;  
And whence thou mayst import eternal wealth ;  
And leave to beggar'd minds the pearl and gold.  
Thy travels dost thou boast o'er foreign realms ?  
Thou stranger to the world ! thy tour begin ;  
Thy tour through nature's universal orb.  
Nature delineates her whole chart at large,  
On soaring souls, that sail among the spheres ;  
And man how purblind, if unknown the whole !  
Who circles spacious earth, then travels here,  
Shall own, he never was from home before !  
Come, my Prometheus,\* from thy pointed rock  
Of false ambition if unchain'd, we'll mount ;  
We'll, innocently, steal celestial fire,  
And kindle our devotion at the stars ;  
A theft, that shall not chain, but set thee free.

\* Night the Eighth.

Above our atmosphere's intestine wars,  
Rain's fountain-head, the magazine of hail,  
Above the northern nests of feather'd snows,  
The brew of thunders, and the flaming forge  
That forms the crooked lightning ; 'bove the caves  
Where infant tempests wait their growing wings,  
And tune their tender voices to that roar,  
Which, soon perhaps, shall shake a guilty world ;  
Above misconstrued omens of the sky,  
Far-travell'd comets' calculated blaze,  
E lance thy thought, and think of more than man.  
Thy soul, till now, contracted, wither'd, shrunk,  
Blighted by blasts of earth's unwholesome air,  
Will blossom here ; spread all her faculties  
To these bright ardors ; ev'ry power unfold,  
And rise into sublimities of thought ;  
Stars teach, as well as shine. At nature's birth,  
Thus their commission ran—" Be kind to man."  
Where art thou, poor benighted traveller !  
The stars will light thee ; tho' the moon should fail.  
Where art thou, more benighted ! more astray !

In ways immoral? The stars call thee back;  
And, if obey'd their counsel, set thee right.

This prospect vast, what is it?—Weigh'd aright,  
'Tis nature's system of divinity,  
And ev'ry student of the night inspires.  
'Tis elder scripture, writ by God's own hand;  
Scripture authentic! uncorrupt by man.  
Lorenzo! with my radius (the rich gift  
Of thought nocturnal!) I'll point out to thee  
Its various lessons; some that may surprise  
An un-adept in mysteries of night;  
Little, perhaps, expected in her school,  
Nor thought to grow on planet, or on star.  
Bulls, lions, scorpions, monsters here we feign;  
Ourselves more monstrous, not to see what here  
Exists indeed;—a lecture to mankind.

What read we here?—Th' existence of a God?—  
Yes; and of other beings, man above;  
Natives of æther! sons of higher climes!  
And, what may move Lorenzo's wonder more,  
Eternity is written in the skies.  
And whose eternity?—Lorenzo! thine;



Mankind's eternity. Nor faith alone,  
Virtue grows here; here springs the sov'reign cure  
Of almost ev'ry vice; but chiefly thine;  
Wrath, pride, ambition, and impure desire.

Lorenzo! thou canst wake at midnight too,  
Tho' not on morals bent: ambition, pleasure!  
Those tyrants I for thee so lately fought\*  
Afford their harass'd slaves but slender rest.  
Thou, to whom midnight is immoral noon,  
And the sun's noontide blaze prime dawn of day;  
Not by thy climate, but capricious crime,  
Commencing one of our antipodes!  
In thy nocturnal rove, one moment halt,  
'Twixt stage and stage, of riot, and cabal;  
And lift thine eye (if bold an eye to lift,  
If bold to meet the face of injur'd Heaven,)  
To yonder stars: for other ends they shine,  
Than to light revellers from shame to shame,  
And, thus, be made accomplices in guilt.

Why from yon arch, that infinite of space,  
With infinite of lucid orbs replete,

\* Night the Eighth.

Which set the living firmament on fire,  
At the first glance, in such an overwhelm  
Of wonderful, on man's astonish'd sight,  
Rushes Omnipotence?—To curb our pride;  
Our reason rouse, and lead it to that Power,  
Whose love lets down these silver chains of light;  
To draw up man's ambition to himself,  
And bind our chaste affections to his throne.  
Thus the three virtues, least alive on earth,  
And welcom'd on heav'n's coast with most applause,  
An humble, pure, and heav'nly-minded heart,  
Are here inspir'd:—And canst thou gaze too long?

Nor stands thy wrath depriv'd of its reproof,  
Or unupbraided by this radiant choir.

The planets of each system represent  
Kind neighbors; mutual amity prevails;  
Sweet interchange of rays, receiv'd, return'd;  
Enlight'ning, and enlighten'd! All, at once,  
Attracting, and attracted! Patriot-like,  
None sins against the welfare of the whole;  
But their reciprocal, unselfish aid,  
Affords an emblem of millennial love.

Nothing in nature, much less conscious being,  
Was e'er created solely for itself:  
Thus man his sov'reign duty learns in this  
Material picture of benevolence.

And know, of all our supercilious race,  
Thou most inflammable! thou wasp of men!  
Man's angry heart, inspected, would be found  
As rightly set, as are the starry spheres;  
'Tis nature's structure, broke by stubborn will,  
Breeds all that uncelestial discord there.  
Wilt thou not feel the bias nature gave?  
Canst thou descend from converse with the skies,  
And seize thy brother's throat?—For what—a clod,  
An inch of earth? The planets cry, "Forbear."  
They chase our double darkness; nature's gloom,  
And (kinder still!) our intellectual night.

And see, day's amiable sister sends  
Her invitation, in the softest rays  
Of mitigated lustre; courts thy sight,  
Which suffers from her tyrant-brother's blaze.  
Night grants thee the full freedom of the skies,  
Nor rudely reprimands thy lifted eye;

With gain, and joy, she bribes thee to be wise.  
Night opes the noblest scenes, and sheds an awe,  
Which gives those venerable scenes full weight,  
And deep reception, in th' intender'd heart ;  
While light peeps thro' the darkness, like a spy ;  
And darkness shows its grandeur by the light.  
Nor is the profit greater than the joy,  
If human hearts at glorious objects glow,  
And admiration can inspire delight.

What speak I more, than I, this moment, feel ?  
With pleasing stupor first the soul is struck  
(Stupor ordain'd to make her truly wise !)  
Then into transport starting from her trance,  
With love, and admiration, how she glows !  
This gorgeous apparatus ! this display !  
This ostentation of creative power !  
This theatre !—what eye can take it in ?  
By what divine enchantment was it rais'd,  
For minds of the first magnitude to launch  
In endless speculation, and adore ?  
One sun by day, by night ten thousand shine ;  
And light us deep into the Deity,

How boundless in magnificence and might?  
O what a confluence of ethereal fires,  
From urns unnumber'd, down the steep of heaven,  
Streams to a point, and centres in my sight!  
Nor tarries there; I feel it at my heart.  
My heart, at once, it humbles, and exalts;  
Lays it in dust, and calls it to the skies.  
Who sees it, unexalted, and unaw'd?  
Who sees it, and can stop at what is seen?  
Material offspring of Omnipotence!  
Inanimate, all-animating birth!  
Work worthy him who made it? worthy praise!  
All praise! praise more than human! nor denied  
Thy praise divine!—But tho' man, drown'd in sleep,  
Withholds his homage, not alone I wake;  
Bright legions swarm unseen, and sing, unheard  
By mortal ear, the glorious architect,  
In this his universal temple, hung  
With lustres, with innumerable lights,  
That shed religion on the soul; at once,  
The temple, and the preacher! O how loud  
It calls devotion! genuine growth of night!

Devotion ! daughter of astronomy !  
An undevout astronomer is mad.  
True ; all things speak a God ; but in the small,  
Men trace out him ; in great, he seizes man.  
Seizes, and elevates, and wraps, and fills  
With new inquiries, 'mid associates new.  
Tell me, ye stars ! ye planets ! tell me, all  
Ye starr'd, and planeted, inhabitants ! what is it ?  
What are these sons of wonder ? say, proud arch !  
(Within whose azure palaces they dwell)  
Built with divine ambition ! in disdain  
Of limit built ! built in the taste of heaven !  
Vast concave ! ample dome ! wast thou design'd  
A meet apartment for the Deity ?—  
Not so ; that thought alone thy state impairs,  
Thy lofty sinks, and shallows thy profound,  
And straightens thy diffusive ; dwarfs the whole,  
And makes an universe an orrery.  
But when I drop mine eye, and look on man,  
Thy right regain'd, thy grandeur is restor'd,  
O nature ! wide flies off th' expanding round.  
As when whole magazines, at once, are fir'd

The smitten air is hollow'd by the blow ;  
The vast displosion dissipates the clouds ;  
Shock'd æther's billows dash the distant skies ;  
Thus (but far more) th' expanding round flies off,  
And leaves a mighty void, a spacious womb,  
Might teem with new creation ; reinflam'd  
Thy luminaries triumph, and assume  
Divinity themselves. Nor was it strange,  
Matter high-wrought to such surprising pomp,  
Such godlike glory, stole the style of gods,  
From ages dark, obtuse, and steep'd in sense ;  
For, sure, to sense, they truly are divine,  
And half-absolv'd idolatry from guilt ;  
Nay, turn'd it into virtue. Such it was  
In those, who put forth all they had of man  
Unlost, to lift their thought, nor mounted higher ;  
But, weak of wing, on planets perch'd ; and thought  
What was their highest, must be their ador'd.

But they how weak, who could no higher mount ?  
And are there, then, Lorenzo ! those, to whom  
Unseen, and unexistent, are the same ?  
And if incomprehensible is join'd,

Who dare pronounce it madness, to believe ?  
Why has the mighty Builder thrown aside  
All measure in his work ; stretch'd out his line  
So far, and spread amazement o'er the whole ?  
Then (as he took delight in wide extremes),  
Deep in the bosom of his universe,  
Dropp'd down that reasoning mite, that insect, man,  
To crawl, and gaze, and wonder at the scene ?—  
That man might ne'er presume to plead amazement  
For disbelief of wonders in himself.  
Shall God be less miraculous, than what  
His hand has form'd ? shall mysteries descend  
From unmysterious ? things more elevate  
Be more familiar ? uncreated lie  
More obvious than created, to the grasp  
Of human thought ? the more of wonderful  
Is heard in him, the more we should assent.  
Could we conceive him, God he could not be ;  
Or he not God, or we could not be men.  
A God alone can comprehend a God ;  
Man's distance how immense ! On such a theme,  
Know this, Lorenzo ! (seem it ne'er so strange)



Nothing can satisfy, but what confounds ;

Nothing, but what astonishes, is true.

The scene thou seest attests the truth I sing,  
And ev'ry star sheds light upon thy creed.

These stars, this furniture, this cost of heaven,  
If but reported, thou hadst ne'er believ'd ;

But thine eye tells thee, the romance is true.

The grand of nature is th' Almighty's oath,  
In reason's court, to silence unbelief.

How my mind, op'ning at this scene, imbibes  
The moral emanations of the skies,  
While nought, perhaps, Lorenzo less admires !  
Has the great Sov'reign sent ten thousand worlds  
To tell us, he resides above them all,  
In glory's unapproachable recess ?  
And dare earth's bold inhabitants deny  
The sumptuous, the magnific embassy  
A moment's audience ? turn we, nor will hear  
From whom they come, or what they would impart  
For man's emolument ; sole cause that stoops  
Their grandeur to man's eye ? Lorenzo ! rouse ;  
Let thought, awaken'd, take the lightning's wing,

And glance from east to west, from pole to pole.  
Who sees, but is confounded, or convinc'd ?  
Renounces reason, or a God adores ?  
Mankind was sent into the world to see !  
Sight gives the science needful to their peace ;  
That obvious science asks small learning's aid.  
Wouldst thou on metaphysic pinions soar ?  
Or wound thy patience amid logic thorns ?  
Or travel history's enormous round ?  
Nature no such hard task enjoins : she gave  
A make to man directive of his thought ;  
A make set upright, pointing to the stars,  
As who should say, "Read thy chief lesson there."  
Too late to read this manuscript of heav'n,  
When, like a parchment-scroll, shrunk up by flames,  
It folds Lorenzo's lesson from his sight.

Lesson how radiant ! not the God alone,  
I see his ministers ; I see, diffus'd  
In various orders, essences sublime,  
Of radiant offices, of various plume,  
In heav'nly liveries, distinctly, clad,  
Azure, green, purple, pearl, or downy gold,

Or all commix'd ; they stand, with wings outspread,  
List'ning to catch the Master's least command,  
And fly thro' nature ere the moment ends ;  
Numbers innumerable !—Well conceiv'd  
By pagan, and by Christian ! O'er each sphere  
Presides an angel, to direct its course,  
And feed, or fan, its flames ; or to discharge  
Other high trust unknown. For who can see  
Such pomp of matter, and imagine, mind,  
For which alone inanimate was made,  
More sparingly dispens'd ? That nobler son,  
Far liker the great Sire !—'Tis thus the skies  
Inform us of superiors numberless,  
As much, in excellence, above mankind,  
As above earth, in magnitude, the spheres.  
These, as a cloud of witnesses, hang o'er us ;  
In a throng'd theatre are all our deeds ;  
Perhaps, a thousand demigods descend  
On every beam we see, to walk with men.  
Awful reflection ! Strong restraint from ill !  
Yet, here, our virtue finds still stronger aid  
From these ethereal glories sense surveys.

Something like magic strikes from this blue vault ;  
With just attention is it view'd ? We feel  
A sudden succor, unimplor'd, unthought ;  
Nature herself does half the work of man.  
Seas, rivers, mountains, forests, deserts, rocks,  
The promontory's height, the depth profound,  
Of subterranean, excavated grots,  
Black-brow'd, and vaulted high, and yawning wide  
From nature's structure, or the scoop of time ;  
If ample of dimension, vast of size,  
Ev'n these an aggrandizing impulse give ;  
Of solemn thought enthusiastic heights  
Ev'n these infuse.—But what of vast in these ?  
Nothing ;—or we must own the skies forgot.  
Much less in art.—Vain art ! Thou pigmy power !  
How dost thou swell, and strut, with human pride,  
To show thy littleness ! What childish toys,  
Thy wat'ry columns squirted to the clouds !  
Thy basin'd rivers, and imprison'd seas !  
Thy mountains moulded into forms of men !  
Thy hundred-gated capitals ! or those  
Where three days' travel left us much to ride ;

Gazing on miracles by mortals wrought,  
Archways triumphal, theatres immense,  
Or adding gardens pendent in mid-air!  
Or temples proud to meet their gods half way!  
Yet these affect us in no common kind.  
What then the force of such superior scenes?  
Enter a temple, it will strike an awe:  
What awe from this the Deity has built?  
A good man seen, tho' silent, counsel gives:  
The touch'd spectator wishes to be wise:  
In a bright mirror his own hands have made,  
Here we see something like the face of God.  
Seems it not then enough, to say, Lorenzo!  
To man abandon'd, "Hast thou seen the skies?"  
And yet, so thwarted nature's kind design  
By daring man, he makes her sacred awe  
(That guard from ill) his shelter, his temptation  
To more than common guilt, and quite inverts  
Celestial art's intent. The trembling stars  
See crimes gigantic, stalking thro' the gloom  
With front erect, that hide their head by day,  
And taking night still darker by their deeds.

Slumb'ring in covert, till the shades descend,  
Rapine, and murder, link'd, now prowl for prey.  
The miser earths his treasure ; and the thief,  
Watching the mole, half beggars him ere morn,  
Now plots, and foul conspiracies, awake ;  
And, muffling up their horrors from the moon,  
Havoc and devastation they prepare,  
And kingdoms tott'ring in the field of blood.  
Now sons of riot in mid-revel rage.  
What shall I do ?—suppress it ? or proclaim ?—  
Why sleeps the thunder ? Now, Lorenzo ! now,  
His best friend's couch the rank adulterer  
Ascends secure ; and laughs at gods and men.  
Prepost'rous madmen, void of fear or shame,  
Lay their crimes bare to these chaste eyes of heaven ;  
Yet shrink, and shudder at a mortal's sight.  
Were moon and stars, for villains only made ?  
To guide, yet screen them, with tenebrious light ?  
No ; they were made to fashion the sublime  
Of human hearts, and wiser make the wise.

Those ends were answer'd once ; when mortals liv'd  
Of stronger wing, of Aquiline ascent

In theory sublime. O how unlike  
Those vermin of the night, this moment sung,  
Who crawl on earth, and on her venom feed !  
Those ancient sages, human stars ! They met  
Their brothers of the skies, at midnight hour :  
Their counsel ask'd ; and, what they ask'd, obey'd.  
The Stagyrite, and Plato, he who drank  
The poison bowl, and he of Tusculum,  
With him of Corduba, (immortal names !)  
In these unbounded, and Elysian, walks,  
An area, fit for gods, and godlike men,  
They took their nightly round, thro' radiant paths  
By seraphs trod ; instructed, chiefly, thus,  
To tread in their bright footsteps here below ;  
To walk in worth still brighter than the skies.  
There, they contracted their contempt of earth ;  
Of hopes eternal kindled, there, the fire ;  
There, as in near approach, they glow'd, and grew  
(Great visitants !) more intimate with God,  
More worth to men, more joyous to themselves.  
Thro' various virtues, they, with ardor, ran  
The zodiac of their learn'd, illustrious lives.

In Christian hearts, O for a pagan zeal !  
A needful, but opprobrious pray'r ! As much  
Our ardor less, as greater is our light.  
How monstrous this in morals ! Scarce more strange  
Would this phenomenon in nature strike,  
A sun that froze us, or a star that warm'd.

What taught these heroes of the moral world ?  
To these thou giv'st thy praise, give credit too.  
These doctors ne'er were pension'd to deceive thee ;  
And pagan tutors are thy taste.—They taught,  
That, narrow views betray to misery :  
That, wise it is to comprehend the whole :  
That, virtue rose from nature, ponder'd well,  
The single base of virtue built to heaven :  
That, God, and nature, our attention claim :  
That, nature is the glass reflecting God,  
As, by the sea, reflected is the sun,  
Too glorious to be gazed on in his sphere :  
That, mind immortal, loves immortal aims :  
That, boundless mind affects a boundless space :  
That, vast surveys, and the sublime of things,  
The soul assimilate, and make her great :



That, therefore, heav'n her glories, as a fund  
Of inspiration, thus spreads out to man.  
Such are their doctrines ; such the night inspir'd  
    And what more true ? What truth of greater weight ?  
The soul of man was made to walk the skies ;  
Delightful outlet of her prison here !  
There, disincumber'd from her chains, the ties  
Of toys terrestrial, she can rove at large ;  
There, freely can respire, dilate, extend,  
In full proportion let loose all her powers ;  
And, undeluded, grasp at something great.  
Nor, as a stranger, does she wander there ;  
But, wonderful herself, thro' wonder strays ;  
Contemplating their grandeur, finds her own ;  
Dives deep in their economy divine,  
Sits high in judgment on their various laws,  
And, like a master, judges not amiss.  
Hence, greatly pleas'd, and justly proud, the soul  
Grows conscious of her birth celestial ; breathes  
More life, more vigor, in her native air ;  
And feels herself at home among the stars ;  
And, feeling, emulates her country's praise.

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What call we, then, the firmament, Lorenzo?—  
As earth the body, since, the skies sustain  
The soul with food, that gives immortal life,  
Call it, the noble pasture of the mind ;  
Which there expatiates, strengthens, and exults,  
And riots thro' the luxuries of thought.  
Call it, the garden of the Deity,  
Blossom'd with stars, redundant in the growth  
Of fruit ambrosial ; moral fruit to man.  
Call it, the breast-plate of the true high-priest,  
Ardent with gems oracular, that give,  
In points of highest moment, right response ;  
And ill-neglected, if we prize our peace.

Thus, have we found a true astrology ;  
Thus have we found a new, and noble sense,  
In which alone stars govern human fates.  
O that the stars (as some have feign'd) let fall  
Bloodshed, and havoc, on embattled realms,  
And rescu'd monarchs from so black a guilt !  
Bourbon ! this wish hoy gen'rous in a foe !  
Wouldst thou be great, wouldst thou become a god,  
And stick thy deathless name among the stars,

For mighty conquests on a needle's point ?  
Instead of forging chains for foreigners,  
Bastile thy tutor : grandeur all thy aim ?  
As yet thou know'st not what it is : how great,  
How glorious, then, appears the mind of man,  
When in it all the stars, and planets, roll !  
And what it seems, it is : great objects make  
Great minds, enlarging as their views enlarge ;  
Those still more godlike, as these more divine.  
And more divine than these, thou canst not see.  
Dazzled, o'erpower'd with the delicious draught  
Of miscellaneous splendors, how I reel  
From thought to thought inebriate without end !  
An Eden, this ! a Paradise unlost !  
I meet the Deity in ev'ry view,  
And tremble at my nakedness before Him !  
O that I could but reach the tree of life !  
For here it grows unguarded from our taste ;  
No flaming sword denies our entrance here ;  
Would man but gather, he might live forever.  
Lorenzo ! much of moral hast thou seen.  
Of curious arts art thou more fond ? Then mark

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The mathematic glories of the skies,  
In number, weight, and measure, all ordain'd.  
Lorenzo's boasted builders, chance, and fate,  
Are left to finish his aerial towers ;  
Wisdom, and choice, their well-known characters  
Here deep impress ; and claim it for their own.  
Tho' splendid all, no splendor void of use ;  
Use rivals beauty ; art contends with power ;  
No wanton waste, amid effuse expense ;  
The great Economist adjusting all  
To prudent pomp, magnificently wise.  
How rich the prospect ! and forever new !  
And newest to the man that views it most ;  
For newer still in infinite succeeds.  
Then, these aerial racers, O how swift !  
How the shaft loiters from the strongest string !  
Spirit alone can distance the career.  
Orb above orb ascending without end !  
Circle in circle, without end, inclos'd !  
Wheel within wheel ; Ezekiel ! like to thine !  
Like thine, it seems a vision, or a dream ;  
Tho' seen, we labor to believe it true !

What involution! What extent! What swarms  
Of worlds, that laugh at earth! immensely great,  
Immensely distant from each other's spheres!  
What, then, the wondrous space through which they  
roll?

At once it quite ingulphs all human thought;  
'Tis comprehension's absolute defeat,  
Nor think thou seest a wild disorder here;  
Thro' this illustrious chaos to the sight,  
Arrangement neat, and chastest order, reign.  
The path prescrib'd, inviolably kept,  
Upbraids the lawless sallies of mankind.  
Worlds, ever thwarting, never interfere;  
What knots are tied! How soon are they dissolv'd,  
And set the seeming married planets free!  
They rove forever, without error rove;  
Confusion unconfus'd! nor less admire  
This tumult untumultuous; all on wing!  
In motion, all! yet what profound repose!  
What fervid action, yet no noise! as aw'd  
To silence, by the presence of their Lord;  
Or hush'd by His command, in love to man,

And bid let fall soft beams on human rest,  
Restless themselves. On yon cærulean plain,  
In exultation to their God, and thine,  
They dance, they sing eternal jubilee,  
Eternal celebration of His praise.

But, since their song arrives not at our ear,  
Their dance perplex'd exhibits to the sight  
Fair hieroglyphic of His peerless power.  
Mark how the labyrinthian turns they take,  
The circles intricate, and mystic maze,  
Weave the grand cypher of Omnipotence ;  
To gods, how great ! how legible to man !

Leaves so much wonder greater wonder still ?  
Where are the pillars that support the skies ?  
What more than Atlantean shoulder props  
Th' incumbent load ? What magic, what strange art,  
In fluid air these pond'rous orbs sustains ?  
Who would not think them hung in golden chains ?—  
And so they are ; in the high will of Heaven,  
Which fixes all ; makes adamant of air,  
Or air of adamant ; makes all of nought,  
Or nought of all ; if such the dread decree.

Imagine from their deep foundations torn  
The most gigantic sons of earth, the broad  
And tow'ring Alps, all tost into the sea ;  
And, light as down, or volatile as air ;  
Their bulks enormous dancing on the waves,  
In time, and measure, exquisite ; while all  
The winds, in emulation of the spheres,  
Tune their sonorous instruments aloft ;  
The concert swell, and animate the ball.  
Would this appear amazing ? What, then, worlds,  
In a far thinner element sustain'd,  
And acting the same part, with greater skill,  
More rapid movement, and for nobler ends ?

More obvious ends to pass, are not these stars  
The seats majestic, proud imperial thrones,  
On which angelic delegates of heaven,  
At certain periods, as the sov'reign nods,  
Discharge high trusts of vengeance, or of love ;  
To clothe, in outward grandeur, grand design,  
And acts most solemn still more solemnize ?

Ye citizens of air ! what ardent thanks,  
What full effusion of the grateful heart,

Is due from man indulg'd in such a sight !  
A sight so noble ! and a sight so kind !  
It drops new truths at ev'ry new survey !  
Feels not Lorenzo something stir within,  
That sweeps away all period ? As these spheres  
Measure duration, they no less inspire  
The godlike hope of ages without end.  
The boundless space, thro' which these rovers take  
Their restless roam, suggests the sister thought  
Of boundless time. Thus, by kind nature's skill,  
To man unlabor'd, that important guest,  
Eternity, finds entrance at the sight ;  
And an eternity, for man ordain'd,  
Or these his destin'd midnight counsellors,  
The stars, had never whisper'd it to man.  
Nature informs, but ne'er insults, her sons.  
Could she then kindle the most ardent wish  
To disappoint it ?—That is blasphemy.  
Thus of thy creed a second article,  
Momentous, as th' existence of a God,  
Is found (as I conceive) where rarely sought ;  
And thou mayst read thy soul immortal, here.



Here, then, Lorenzo ! on these glories dwell ;  
Nor want the gilt, illuminated roof,  
That calls the wretched gay to dark delights.  
Assemblies ?—This is one divinely bright ;  
Here, unendanger'd in health, wealth, or fame,  
Range thro' the fairest, and the sultan scorn.  
He, wise as thou, no crescent holds so fair,  
As that, which on his turban awes a world ;  
And thinks the moon is proud to copy Him.  
Look on her, and gain more than worlds can give,  
A mind superior to the charms of power.  
Thou muffled in delusions of this life !  
Can yonder moon turn ocean in his bed,  
From side to side, in constant ebb, and flow,  
And purify from stench his wat'ry realms ?  
And fails her moral influence ? Wants she power  
To turn Lorenzo's stubborn tide of thought  
From stagnating on earth's infected shore,  
And purge from nuisance his corrupted heart ?  
Fails her attraction when it draws to heaven ?  
Nay, and to what thou valu'st more, earth's joy ?  
Minds elevate, and panting for unseen,

And defecate from sense, alone obtain  
Full relish of existence undeflower'd,  
The life of life, the zest of worldly bliss.  
All else on earth amounts—to what? To this;  
“Bad to be suffer'd: Blessings to be left:”  
Earth's richest inventory boasts no more.

Of higher scenes be, then, the call obey'd.  
O let me gaze!—of gazing there's no end.  
O let me think! thought too is wilder'd here;  
In midway flight imagination tires;  
Yet soon reprunes her wing to soar anew,  
Her point unable to forbear, or gain;  
So great the pleasure, so profound the plan!  
A banquet, this, where men, and angels, meet,  
Eat the same manna, mingle earth, and heaven.  
How distant some of these nocturnal suns!  
So distant (says the sage), 'twere not absurd  
To doubt, if beams, set out at nature's birth,  
Are yet arriv'd at this so foreign world;  
'Tho' nothing half so rapid as their flight.  
An eye of awe and wonder let me roll.  
And roll forever; who can satiate sight

In such a scene ? in such an ocean wide  
Of deep astonishment ? where depth, height, breadth,  
Are lost in their extremes ; and where to count  
The thick-sown glories in this field of fire,  
Perhaps a seraph's computation fails.  
Now, go, ambition ! boast thy boundless might  
In conquest, o'er the tenth part of a grain.

And yet Lorenzo calls for miracles,  
To give his tott'ring faith a solid base.  
Why call for less than is already thine ?  
Thou art no novice in theology :  
What is a miracle ?—'Tis a reproach,  
'Tis an implicit satire, on mankind ;  
And while it satisfies, it censures too.  
To common sense, great nature's course proclaims  
A deity ; when mankind falls asleep,  
A miracle is sent, as an alarm,  
To wake the world, and prove Him o'er again,  
By recent argument, but not more strong.  
Say, which imports more plentitude of power,  
Or Nature's laws to fix, or to repeal ?  
To make a sun, or stop his mid career ?

To countermand his orders, and send back  
The flaming courier to the frightened east,  
Warm'd, and astonish'd, at his ev'ning ray ?  
Or bid the moon, as with her journey tir'd,  
In Ajalon's soft, flow'ry vale repose ?  
Great things are these ; still greater, to create.  
From Adam's bow'r look down thro' the whole train  
Of miracles ;—restless is their power ?  
They do not, can not, more amaze the mind,  
Than this, call'd unmiraculous survey,  
If duly weigh'd, if rationally seen,  
If seen with human eyes. The brute, indeed,  
Sees nought but spangles here ; the fool, no more.  
Say'st thou, " The course of nature governs all" ?  
The course of nature is the art of God.  
The miracles thou call'st for, this attest ;  
For say, could nature nature's course control ?  
But, miracles apart, who sees HIM not,  
Nature's Controller, Author, Guide, and End ?  
Who turns his eye on nature's midnight face,  
But must inquire—" What hand behind the scene,  
What arm almighty, put these wheeling globes

In motion, and wound up the vast machine ?  
Who rounded in his palm these spacious orbs ?  
Who bowl'd them flaming thro' the dark profound,  
Num'rous as glitt'ring gems of morning dew,  
Or sparks from populous cities in a blaze,  
And set the bosom of old night on fire ?  
Peopled her desert, and made horror smile ?"  
Or, if the military style delights thee,  
(For stars have fought their battles, leagued with man)  
" Who marshals this bright host ? Enrolls their names ?  
Appoints their posts, their marches, and returns,  
Punctual, at stated periods ? Who disbands  
These vet'ran troops, their final duty done,  
If e'er disbanded ?"—HE, whose potent word,  
Like the loud trumpet, levy'd first their powers  
In night's inglorious empire, where they slept  
In beds of darkness ; arm'd them with fierce flames,  
Arrang'd, and disciplin'd, and cloth'd in gold ;  
And call'd them out of Chaos to the field,  
Where now they war with vice and unbelief.  
O let us join this army ! Joining these,  
Will give us heart intrepid, at that hour,

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When brighter flames shall cut a darker night ;  
When these strong demonstrations of a God  
Shall hide their heads, or tumble from their spheres,  
And one eternal curtain cover all !

Struck at that thought, as new awak'd, I lift  
A more enlighten'd eye, and read the stars  
To man still more propitious ; and their aid  
(Tho' guiltless of idolatry) implore ;  
Nor longer rob them of their noblest name.  
O ye dividers of my time ! Ye bright  
Accomptants of my days, and months, and years,  
In your fair calendar distinctly mark'd !  
Since that authentic, radiant register,  
Tho' man inspects it not, stands good against him ;  
Since you, and years, roll on, tho' man stands still ;  
Teach me my days to number, and apply  
My trembling heart to wisdom ; now beyond  
All shadows of excuse for fooling on.  
Age smooths our path to prudence : sweeps aside  
The snares, keen appetite, and passion, spread  
To catch stray souls ; and, woe to that grey head,  
Whose folly would undo, what age has done !

Aid, then, aid, all ye stars!—much rather, THOU,  
Great ARTIST! THOU, whose finger set aright  
This exquisite machine, with all its wheels,  
Tho' intervolv'd, exact; and pointing out  
Life's rapid, and irrevocable flight,  
With such an index fair, as none can miss,  
Who lifts an eye, nor sleeps till it is clos'd.  
Open mine eye, dread DEITY! to read  
The tacit doctrine of thy works; to see  
Things as they are, unalter'd thro' the glass  
Of worldly wishes. Time, eternity!  
( 'Tis these, mismeasur'd, ruin all mankind)  
Set them before me; let me lay them both  
In equal scale, and learn their various weight.  
Let time appear a moment, as it is;  
And let eternity's full orb, at once,  
Turn on my soul, and strike it into Heaven.  
When shall I see far more than charms me now?  
Gaze on creation's model in thy breast  
Unveil'd, nor wonder at the transcript more?  
When, this vile, foreign dust, which smothers all  
That travel earth's deep vale, shall I shake off?

When shall my soul her incarnation quit,  
And, re-adopted to thy blest embrace,  
Obtain her apotheosis in THEE ?

Dost think, Lorenzo ! this is wand'ring wide ?  
No, 'tis directly striking at the mark ;  
To wake thy dead devotion was my point ;\*  
And how I bless night's consecrating shades,  
Which to a temple turn a universe ;  
Fill us with great ideas, full of Heaven,  
And antidote the pestilential earth !  
In ev'ry storm, that either frowns, or falls,  
What an asylum has the soul in prayer !  
And what a fane is this, in which to pray !  
And what a God must dwell in such a fane !  
O what a genius must inform the skies !  
And is Lorenzo's salamander-heart  
Cold, and untouch'd, amid these sacred fires ?  
O ye nocturnal sparks ! ye glowing embers,  
On Heav'n's broad hearth ! Who burn, or burn no  
more,  
Who blaze, or die, as great JEHOVAH's breath



Or blows you, or forbears ; assist my song ;  
Pour your whole influence ; exorcise his heart,  
So long possest ; and bring him back to man.

And is Lorenzo a demurrer still ?

Pride in thy parts provokes thee to contest  
Truth, which, contested, put thy parts to shame.  
Nor shame they more Lorenzo's head, than heart ;  
A faithless heart, how despicably small !  
Too strait, aught great, or gen'rous, to receive !  
Fill'd with an atom ! fill'd, and foul'd, with self !  
And self mistaken ! self, that lasts an hour !  
Instincts and passions, of the nobler kind,  
Lie suffocated there ; or they alone,  
Reason apart, would wake high hope ; and open,  
To ravish'd thought, that intellectual sphere,  
Where Order, Wisdom, Goodness, Providence,  
Their endless miracles of love display,  
And promise all the truly great desire.  
The mind that would be happy, must be great ;  
Great in its wishes ; great, in its surveys.  
Extended views a narrow mind extend ;  
Push out its corrugate, expansive make,

Which, ere-long, more than planets shall embrace.  
A man of compass makes a man of worth ;  
Divine contemplate, and become divine.

As man was made for glory, and for bliss,  
All littleness is an approach to woe ;  
Open thy bosom, set thy wishes wide,  
And let in manhood ; let in happiness ;  
Admit the boundless theatre of thought  
From nothing, up to God ; which makes a man.  
Take God from nature, nothing great is left  
Man's mind is in a pit, and nothing sees ;  
Man's heart is in a jakes, and loves the mire.  
Emerge from thy profound ; erect thine eye ;  
See thy distress ! How close art thou besieg'd  
Besieg'd by nature, the proud sceptic's foe !  
Inclos'd by these innumerable worlds,  
Sparkling conviction on the darkest mind,  
As in a golden net of Providence,  
How art thou caught, sure captive of belief !  
From this thy blest captivity, what art,  
What blasphemy to reason, sets thee free !  
This scene is Heav'n's indulgent violence :

Canst thou bear up against this tide of glory ?  
What is earth bosom'd in these ambient orbs,  
But, faith in God impos'd, and press'd on man ?  
Dar'st thou still litigate thy desp'rate cause,  
Spite of these num'rous, awful, witnesses,  
And doubt the deposition of the skies ?  
O how laborious is thy way to ruin !

Laborious ? 'Tis impracticable quite ;  
To sink beyond a doubt, in this debate,  
With all his weight of wisdom, and of will,  
And crime flagitious, I defy a fool.  
Some wish they did ; but no man disbelieves.  
God is a spirit : spirit cannot strike  
These gross, material organs ; God by man  
As much is seen, as man a God can see,  
In these astonishing exploits of power.  
What order, beauty, motion, distance, size !  
Concertion of design, how exquisite !  
How complicate, in their divine police !  
Apt means ! great ends ! consent to gen'ral good !—  
Each attribute of these material gods,  
So long (and that with specious pleas) ador'd,

A sep'rate conquest gains o'er rebel thought ;  
And leads in triumph the whole mind of man.

Lorenzo ! this may seem harangue to thee ;  
Such all is apt to seem, that thwarts our will.  
And dost thou, then, demand a simple proof  
Of this great master-moral of the skies,  
Unskill'd, or disinclin'd, to read it there ?  
Since 'tis the basis, and all drops without it,  
Take it, in one compact, unbroken chain.  
Such proof insists on an attentive ear ;  
'Twill not make one amid a mob of thoughts,  
And, for thy notice, struggle with the world.  
Retire ;——the world shut out ;——thy thoughts call  
home ;—

Imagination's airy wing repress ;—  
Lock up thy senses ;—let no passion stir ;—  
Wake all to reason ;—let her reign alone ;—  
Then, in thy soul's deep silence, and the depth  
Of nature's silence, midnight, thus inquire,  
As I have done ; and shall inquire no more.  
In nature's channel, thus the questions run.

“What am I ? and from whence ?—I nothing know,

But that I am ; and, since I am, conclude  
Something eternal. Had there ere been nought,  
Nought still had been : eternal there must be.—  
But what eternal ?—Why not human race ?  
And Adam's ancestors without an end ?—  
That's hard to be conceiv'd ; since ev'ry link  
Of that long-chain'd succession is so frail ;  
Can ev'ry part depend, and not the whole ?  
Yet grant it true ; new difficulties rise ;  
I'm still quite out at sea ; nor see the shore.  
Whence earth, and these bright orbs ?—Eternal too ?—  
Grant matter was eternal ; still these orbs  
Would want some other father ;—much design  
Is seen in all their motions, all their makes ;  
Design implies intelligence, and art :  
That can't be from themselves—or man. That art  
Man scarce can comprehend, could man bestow ?  
And nothing greater, yet allow'd, than man.—  
Who, motion, foreign to the smallest grain,  
Shot thro' vast masses of enormous weight ?  
Who bid brute matter's restive lump assume  
Such various forms, and gave it wings to fly ?

Has matter innate motion? Then each atom,  
Asserting its indisputable right  
To dance, would form a universe of dust:  
Has matter none? Then whence these glorious forms,  
And boundless flights, from shapeless, and repos'd?  
Has matter more than motion? has it thought,  
Judgment, and genius? is it deeply learn'd  
In mathematics? has it fram'd such laws,  
Which, but to guess, a Newton made immortal?—  
If so, how each sage atom laughs at me,  
Who think a clod inferior to a man!  
If art, to form; and counsel, to conduct:  
And that with greater far, than human skill,  
Resides not in each block:—a Godhead reigns.—  
Grant, then, invisible, eternal mind;  
That granted, all is solv'd.—But, granting that,  
Draw I not o'er me a still darker cloud?  
Grant I not that which I can ne'er conceive?  
A being without origin, or end!—  
Hail, human liberty! There is no God—  
Yet, why? On either scheme that knot subsists;  
Subsist it must, in God, or human race;

If in the last, how many knots beside,  
Indissoluble all?—Why choose it there,  
Where, chosen, still subsist ten thousand more?  
Reject it, where, that chosen, all the rest  
Dispers'd, leave reason's whole horizon clear?  
This is not reason's dictate: reason says,  
Close with the side where one grain turns the scale;  
What vast preponderance is here! Can reason  
With louder voice exclaim—believe a God?  
And reason heard, is the sole mark of man.  
What things impossible must man think true,  
On any other system! And how strange  
To disbelieve, through mere credulity!"

If, in this chain, Lorenzo finds no flaw,  
Let it forever bind him to belief.  
And where the link, in which a flaw he finds?—  
And, if a God there is, that God how great!"  
How great that pow'r whose providential care  
Thro' these bright orbs' dark centres darts a ray!  
Of nature universal threads the whole!  
And hangs creation, like a precious gem,  
Tho' little, on the footstool of His throne!

That little gem, how large ! A weight let fall  
From a fixt star, in ages can it reach  
This distant earth ? Say, then, Lorenzo ! where,  
Where, ends this mighty building ? where, begin  
The suburbs of creation ? where, the wall  
Whose battlements look o'er into the vale  
Of non-existence ?—nothing's strange abode !  
Say, at what point of space Jehovah dropp'd  
His slacken'd line, and laid his balance by ;  
Weigh'd worlds, and measured infinite, no more ?  
Where, rears His terminating pillar high  
Its extra-mundane head ? and says, to gods,  
In characters illustrious as the Sun,

I stand, the plan's proud period ; I pronounce  
The work accomplish'd ; the creation clos'd :  
Shout, all ye gods ; nor shout, ye gods, alone ;  
Of all that lives, or, if devoid of life,  
That rests, or rolls, ye heights, and depths, resound !  
Resound ! resound ! ye depths, and heights, resound !  
Hard are those questions ?—answer harder still.

Is this the sole exploit, the single birth,  
The solitary son, of pow'r divine ?



Or has th' Almighty FATHER, with a breath,  
Impregnated the womb of distant space ?  
Has He not bid, in various provinces,  
Brother creations the dark bowels burst  
Of night primæval ; barren, now, no more ?  
And He the central sun, transpiercing all  
Those giant-generations, which disport,  
And dance, as motes, in his meridian ray ;  
That ray withdrawn, benighted, or absorb'd,  
In that abyss of horror, whence they sprung ;  
While chaos triumphs, repossesst of all  
Rival creation ravish'd from his throne ?  
Chaos ! of nature both the womb, and grave !

Think'st thou, my scheme, Lorenzo, spread too wide ?  
Is this extravagant ?—No ; this is just ;  
Just, in conjecture, tho' 'twere false in fact.  
If 'tis an error, 'tis an error sprung  
From noble root, high thought of the Most High.  
But wherefore error ? Who can prove it such ?—  
He that can set Omnipotence a bound.  
Can man conceive beyond what God can do ?  
Nothing, but quite impossible, is hard.

He summons into being, with like ease,  
A whole creation, and a single grain.  
Speaks He the word? a thousand worlds are born!—  
A thousand worlds? There's space for millions more;  
And in what space can his great fiat fail?  
Condemn me not, cold critic! but indulge  
The warm imagination. Why condemn?  
Why not indulge such thoughts, as swell our hearts  
With fuller admiration of that power,  
Who gives our hearts with such high thoughts to swell?  
Why not indulge in His augmented praise?  
Darts not His glory a still brighter ray,  
The less is left to chaos, and the realms  
Of hideous night, where fancy strays aghast!  
And, tho' most talkative, makes no report?

Still seems my thought enormous? Think again:—  
Experience 'self shall aid thy lame belief.  
Glasses (that revelation to the sight!)  
Have they not led us deep in the disclose  
Of fine-spun nature, exquisitely small;  
And tho' demonstrated, still ill conceived?  
If, then, on the reverse, the mind would mount

In magnitude, what mind can mount too far,  
To keep the balance, and creation poise?  
Defect alone can err on such a theme;  
What is too great, if we the cause survey?  
Stupendous Architect! thou, thou art all!  
My soul flies up and down in thoughts of thee,  
And finds herself but at the centre still!  
I AM, thy name! existence, all thine own!  
Creation's nothing; flatter'd much, if styl'd  
"The thin, the fleeting atmosphere of God."

O for the voice—of what? of whom?—What voice  
Can answer to my wants, in such ascent,  
As dares to deem one universe too small?  
Tell me, Lorenzo! (for now fancy glows,  
Fir'd in the vortex of Almighty power)  
Is not this home creation, in the map  
Of universal nature, as a speck,  
Like fair Britannia in our little ball;  
Exceeding fair, and glorious, for its size,  
But, elsewhere, far outmeasur'd, far outshone?  
In fancy (for the fact beyond us lies)  
Canst thou not figure it, an isle, almost

Too small for notice, in the vast of being ;  
Sever'd by mighty seas of unbuilt space,  
From other realms ; from ample continents ;  
Of higher life, where nobler natives dwell ;  
Less Northern, less remote from Deity,  
Glowing beneath the line of the Supreme ;  
Where souls in excellence make haste, put forth  
Luxuriant growths ; nor the late autumn wait  
Of human worth, but ripen soon to gods ?

Yet why drown fancy in such depths as these ?  
Return, presumptuous rover ! and confess  
The bounds of man ; nor blame them, as too small.  
Enjoy we not full scope in what is seen ?  
Full ample the dominions of the sun !  
Full glorious to behold ! How far, how wide,  
The matchless monarch, from his flaming throne,  
Lavish of lustre, throws his beams about him,  
Farther, and faster, than a thought can fly,  
And feeds his planets with eternal fires !  
This Heliopolis, by greater far,  
Than the proud tyrant of the Nile, was built ;  
And He alone, who built it, can destroy.

Beyond this city, why strays human thought ?  
One wonderful, enough for man to know !  
One infinite, enough for man to range !  
One firmament, enough for man to read !  
O what voluminous instruction here !  
What page of wisdom is deny'd him ? None ;  
If learning his chief lesson, makes him wise.  
Nor is instruction here our only gain ;  
There dwells a noble pathos in the skies,  
Which warms our passions, proselytes our hearts.  
How eloquently shines the glowing pole !  
With what authority it gives its charge,  
Demonstrating great truths in style sublime.  
Tho' silent, loud ! heard earth around ; above  
The planets heard ; and not unheard in hell ;  
Hell has her wonder, tho' too proud to praise.  
Is earth, then, more infernal ? has she those,  
Who neither praise (Lorenzo !) nor admire ?  
Lorenzo's admiration, pre-engag'd,  
Ne'er ask'd the moon one question ; never neld  
Least correspondence with a single star ;  
Ne'er rear'd an altar to the queen of Heaven

Walking in brightness ; or her train ador'd.  
Their sublunary rivals have long since  
Engross'd his whole devotion ; stars malign,  
Which made their fond astronomer run mad ;  
Darken his intellect, corrupt his heart ;  
Cause him to sacrifice his fame and peace  
To momentary madness, call'd delight.  
Idolater, more gross than ever kiss'd  
The lifted hand to Luna, or pour'd out  
The blood to Jove !—O Thou, to whom belongs  
All sacrifice ! O thou great Jove unfeign'd !  
Divine Instructor ! thy first volume, this  
For man's perusal ; all in capitals !  
In moon, and stars (Heav'n's golden alphabet !)  
Emblaz'd to seize the sight ; who runs, may read ;  
Who reads, can understand. 'Tis unconfin'd  
To Christian land, or Jewry ; fairly writ,  
In language universal, to mankind :  
A language, lofty to the learn'd ; yet plain,  
To those that feed the flock, or guide the plough,  
Or, from its husk, strike out the bounding grain.  
A language worthy the Great Mind, that speaks !

Preface, and comment, to the sacred page !  
Which oft refers its reader to the skies,  
As pre-supposing his first lesson there,  
And scripture-self a fragment, that unread,  
Stupendous book of wisdom, to the wise !  
Stupendous book ! and open'd, night ! by thee.

By thee much open'd, I confess, O Night !  
Yet more I wish ; but how shall I prevail ?  
Say, gentle night ! whose modest, maiden beams  
Give us a new creation, and present  
The world's great picture soften'd to the sight ;  
Nay, kinder far, far more indulgent still,  
Say, thou, whose mild dominion's silver key  
Unlocks our hemisphere, and sets to view  
Worlds beyond number ; worlds conceal'd by day  
Behind the proud, and envious star of noon !  
Canst thou not draw a deeper scene ?—and show  
The mighty potentate, to whom belong  
These rich regalia pompously display'd  
To kindle that high hope ? like him of Uz,  
I gaze around ; I search on ev'ry side—  
O for a glimpse of Him my soul adores !

As the chas'd hart, amid the desert waste,  
Pants for the living stream ; for Him who made her,  
So pants the thirsty soul, amid the blank  
Of sublunary joys. Say, goddess ! where ?  
Where blazes His bright court ? Where burns His  
Throne ?

Thou know'st ; for thou art near him ; by thee, round  
His grand pavilion, sacred fame reports  
The sable curtains drawn. If not, can none  
Of thy fair daughter-train, so swift of wing,  
Who travel far, discover where he dwells ?  
A star his dwelling pointed out below.  
Ye Pleiades ! Arcturus ! Mazeroth !  
And thou, Orion ! of still keener eye !  
Say, ye, who guide the wilder'd in the waves,  
And bring them out of tempest into port !  
On which hand must I bend my course to find Him ?  
These courtiers keep the secret of their King ;  
I wake whole nights, in vain, to steal it from them.  
I wake, and, waking, climb night's radiant scale,  
From sphere to sphere ; the steps by nature set  
For man's ascent ; at once to tempt, and aid ;



To tempt his eye, and aid his tow'ring thought ;  
Till it arrives at the great goal of all.

In ardent contemplation's rapid car,  
From earth as from my barrier, I set out.  
How swift I mount ! diminish'd earth recedes :  
I pass the moon ; and, from her further side,  
Pierce heav'n's blue curtain ; strike into remote ;  
Where, with his lifted tube, the subtil sage  
His artificial, airy journey takes,  
And to celestial lengthens human sight.

I pause at ev'ry planet on my road,  
And ask for Him, who gives their orbs to roll,  
Their foreheads fair to shine. From Saturn's ring,  
In which, of earths an army might be lost,  
With the bold comet, take my bolder flight,  
Amid those sov'reign glories of the skies,  
Of independent, native lustre, proud ;  
The souls of systems ! and the lords of life,  
Thro' their wide empires !—what behold I now ?  
A wilderness of wonders burning round ;  
Where larger suns inhabit higher spheres ;  
Perhaps the villas of descending gods !

Nor halt I here ; my toil is but begun ;  
'Tis but the threshold of the Deity ;  
Or, far beneath it, I am grovelling still.  
Nor is it strange : I built on a mistake ;  
The grandeur of his works, whence folly sought  
For aid, to reason sets his glory higher ;  
Who built thus high for worms (mere worms to Him) ;  
O where, Lorenzo ! must the Builder dwell ?

Pause, then ! and, for a moment, here respire—  
If human thought can keep its station here.  
Where am I ?—where is earth ?—nay, where art thou,  
O sun ?—Is the sun turn'd recluse ?—and are  
His boasted expeditions short to mine ?—  
To mine, how short ! On nature's Alps I stand,  
And see a thousand firmaments beneath !  
A thousand systems ! as a thousand grains !  
So much a stranger, and so late arriv'd,  
How can man's curious spirit not inquire,  
What are the natives of this world sublime,  
Of this so foreign, unterrestrial sphere,  
Where mortal, untranslated, never stray'd ?

“ O ye, as distant from my little home,

As swiftest sunbeams in an age can fly!  
Far from my native element I roam,  
In quest of new, and wonderful, to man.  
What province this, of His immense domain,  
Whom all obeys? or mortals here, or gods?  
Ye bord'ers on the coasts of bliss! what are you?  
A colony from heav'n? or, only rais'd,  
By frequent visit from heav'n's neighboring realms,  
To secondary gods, and half divine?—  
Whate'er your nature, this is past dispute,  
Far other life you live, far other tongue  
You talk, far other thought, perhaps, you think,  
Than man. How various are the works of God!  
But say, what thought? Is reason here enthron'd,  
And absolute? Or sense in arms against her?  
Have you two lights? Or need you no reveal'd?  
Enjoy your happy realms their golden age?  
And had your Eden an abstemious Eve?  
Our Eve's fair daughters prove their pedigree,  
And ask their Adams—'Who would not be wise?'  
Or, if your mother fell, are you redeem'd?  
And if redeem'd—is your Redeemer scorn'd?

Is this your final residence? if not,  
Change your own scene, translated? or by death?  
And if by death; what death?—Know you disease?  
Or horrid war?—With war, this fatal hour,  
Europa groans (so call we a small field,  
Where kings run mad). In our world, death deposes  
Intemperance to do the work of age;  
And, hanging up the quiver nature gave him,  
As slow of execution, for dispatch  
Sends forth imperial butchers; bids them slay  
Their sheep (the silly sheep they fleec'd before.)  
And toss him twice ten thousand at a meal.  
Sit all your executioners on thrones?  
With you, can rage for plunder make a god?  
And bloodshed wash out ev'ry other stain?—  
But you, perhaps, can't bleed: from matter gross  
Your spirits clean, are delicately clad  
In fine-spun ether; privileg'd to soar,  
Unloaded, uninfected; how unlike  
The lot of man! how few of human race  
By their own mud unmurder'd! how we wage  
Self-war eternal!—Is your painful day

Of hardy conflict o'er ? or, are you still  
Raw candidates at school ? and have you those  
Who disaffect reversions, as with us ?—  
But what are we ? you never heard of man,  
Or earth ; the bedlam of the universe !  
Where reason (undiseas'd with you) runs mad,  
And nurses folly's children as her own ;  
Fond of the foulest. In the sacred mount  
Of holiness, where reason is pronounc'd  
Infallible ; and thunders, like a god ;  
Ev'n there, by saints, the demons are outdone ;  
What these think wrong, our saints refine to right ;  
And kindly teach dull hell her own black arts ;  
Satan, instructed, o'er their morals smiles.—  
But this, how strange to you, who know not man !  
Has the least rumor of our race arriv'd ?  
Call'd here Elijah, in his flaming car ?  
Pass'd by you the good Enoch, on his road  
To those fair fields, whence Lucifer was hurl'd ;  
Who brush'd, perhaps, your sphere, in his descent,  
Stain'd your pure crystal ether, or let fall  
A short eclipse from his portentous shade ?

O! that the fiend had lodg'd on some broad orb  
Athwart his way ; nor reach'd his present home,  
Then blacken'd earth with footsteps foul'd in hell,  
Nor wash'd in ocean, as from Rome he past  
To Britain's isle ; too, too, conspicuous there !'

But this is all digression : where is He,  
That o'er Heav'n's battlements the felon hurl'd  
To groans, and chains, and darkness ? where is He,  
Who sees creation's summit in a vale ?  
He, whom, while man is man, he can't but seek ;  
And if he finds commences more than man ?  
O for a telescope His throne to reach !  
Tell me, ye learn'd on earth ! or blest above !  
Ye searching, ye Newtonian angels ! tell,  
Where, your great Master's orb ? his planets, where ?  
Those conscious statellites, those morning-stars,  
First-born of Deity ! from central love,  
By veneration most profound, thrown off ;  
By sweet attraction, no less strongly drawn,  
Aw'd, and yet raptur'd ; raptur'd, yet serene ;  
Past thought, illustrious, but with borrow'd beams ;  
In still approaching circles, still remote,

Revolving round the sun's eternal sire ?  
Or sent in lines direct, on embassies  
To nations—in what latitude ?—Beyond  
Terrestrial thought's horizon!—And on what  
High errands sent ?—Here human effort ends ;  
And leaves me still a stranger to His throne.

Full well it might ! I quite mistook my road,  
Born in age more curious, than devout ;  
More fond to fix the place of heav'n, or hell,  
Than studious this to shun, or that secure.  
'Tis not the curious, but the pious path,  
That leads me to my point : Lorenzo ! know,  
Without or star, or angel, for their guide,  
Who worship God, shall find Him. Humble love,  
And not proud reason, keeps the door of heav'n ;  
Love finds admission, where proud science fails,  
Man's science is the culture of his heart ;  
And not to lose his plummet in the depths  
Of nature, or the more profound of God.  
Either to know, is an attempt that sets  
The wisest on a level with the fool.  
To fathom nature, (ill-attempted here !)

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Past doubt, is deep philosophy above ;  
Higher degrees in bliss archangels take,  
As deeper learn'd ; the deepest, learning still.  
For, what a thunder of Omnipotence  
(So might I dare to speak) is seen in all !  
In man ! in earth ! in more amazing skies !  
Teaching this lesson, pride is loth to learn—  
“ Not deeply to discern, not much to know,  
Mankind was born to wonder, and adore.”

And there is cause for higher wonder still,  
Than that which struck us from our past surveys ?  
Yes ; and for deeper adoration too.  
From my late airy travel unconfin'd,  
Have I learned nothing ?—Yes, Lorenzo ! This :  
Each of these stars is a religious house ;  
I saw their altars smoke, their incense rise,  
And heard hosannas ring through every sphere,  
A seminary fraught wih future gods.  
Nature all o'er is consecrated ground,  
Teeming with growths immortal, and divine.  
The great Proprietor's all-bounteous hand  
Leaves nothing waste ; but sows these fiery fields



With seeds of reason, which to virtues rise  
Beneath his genial ray ; and, if escap'd  
The pestilential blasts of stubborn will,  
When grown mature, are gather'd for the skies.  
And is devotion thought too much on earth,  
When beings, so superior, homage boast,  
And triumph in prostrations to the throne ?

But wherefore more of planets, or of stars ?  
Ethereal journeys, and, discovered there,  
Ten thousand worlds, ten thousand ways devout ?  
All nature sending incense to the throne,  
Except the bold Lorenzos of our sphere ?  
Op'ning the solemn sources of my soul,  
Since I have pour'd, like feign'd Eridanus,  
My flowing numbers o'er the flaming skies,  
Nor see, of fancy, or of fact, what more,  
Invites the muse—here turn we, and review  
Our past nocturnal landscape wide :—then, say,  
Say, then, Lorenzo ! with what burst of heart,  
The whole, at once, revolving in his thought,  
Must man exclaim, adoring, and aghast ?  
“ O what a root ! O what a branch is here !

O what a Father ! what a family !  
Worlds ! systems ! and creations !—and creations,  
In one agglomerated cluster, hung,  
Great Vine !\* on thee ; on thee the cluster hangs ;  
The filial cluster ! infinitely spread  
In glowing globes, with various being fraught ;  
And drinks (nectareous draught !) immortal life.  
Or, shall I say (for who can say enough ?)  
A constellation of ten thousand gems,  
(And, O ! of what dimension ! of what weight !)  
Set in one signet, flames on the right hand  
Of Majesty divine ! the blazing seal,  
That deeply stamps on all created mind,  
Indelible, His sovereign attributes,  
Omnipotence, and love ; that, passing bound ;  
And this, surpassing that. Nor stop we here  
For want of pow'r in God, but thought in man.  
Even this acknowledg'd, leaves us still in debt ;  
If greater aught, that greater all is thine,  
Dread Sire !—accept this miniature of thee ;

\* John xv. 1.

And pardon an attempt from mortal thought,  
In which archangels might have failed, unblamed."

How such ideas of th' Almighty's pow'r,  
And such ideas of th' Almighty's plan,  
(Ideas not absurd) distend the thought  
Of feeble mortals ! nor of them alone !  
The fulness of the Deity breaks forth  
In inconceivable to men, and gods.  
Think, then ; O think ; nor ever drop the thought ;  
How low must man descend, when gods adore !—  
Have I not, then, accomplish'd my proud boast ?  
Did I not tell thee,\* " we would mount, Lorenzo ?  
And kindle our devotion at the stars ?"

And have I fail'd ? and did I flatter thee ?  
And art all adamant ? and dost confute  
All urg'd, with one irrefragable smile ?  
Lorenzo ! mirth how miserable here !  
Swear by the stars, by Him who made them, swear,  
Thy heart, henceforth, shall be as pure as they :  
Then thou, like them, shalt shine ; like them, shalt rise  
From low to lofty ; from obscure to bright ;

\* Page 384.

By due gradation, Nature's sacred law.  
The stars, from whence?—ask Chaos—he can tell.  
These bright temptations to idolatry,  
From darkness, and confusion, took their birth;  
Sons of deformity! From fluid dregs  
Tartarean, first they rose to masses rude;  
And then to spheres opaque; then dimly shone;  
Then brighten'd; then blaz'd out in perfect day.  
Nature delights in progress; in advance  
From worse to better: but, when minds ascend,  
Progress, in part, depends upon themselves.  
Heav'n aids exertion; greater makes the great;  
The voluntary little lessens more.  
O be a man! and thou shalt be a god!  
And half self-made!—ambition how divine!  
O thou, ambitious of disgrace alone!  
Still undevout? unkindled?—Tho' high taught,  
School'd by the skies; and pupil of the stars;  
Rank coward to the fashionable world!  
Art thou asham'd to bend thy knee to heaven?  
Curst fume of pride, exhaled from deepest hell!  
Pride in religion is man's highest praise.

Bent on destruction ! and in love with death !  
Not all these luminaries quench'd at once,  
Were half so sad as one benighted mind !  
Which gropes for happiness, and meets despair.  
How, like a widow in her weeds, the night,  
Amid her glimm'ring tapers, silent sits !  
How sorrowful, how desolate, she weeps  
Perpetual dews, and saddens nature's scene !  
A scene more sad sin makes the darken'd soul ;  
All comfort kills, nor leaves one spark alive.

Tho' blind of heart, still open is thine eye :  
Why such magnificence in all thou seest ?  
Of matter's grandeur, know, one end is this,  
To tell the rational, who gazes on it—  
“Tho' that immensely great, still greater he,  
Whose breast, capacious, can embrace, and lodge,  
Unburden'd, nature's universal scheme ;  
Can grasp creation with a single thought ;  
Creation grasp ; and not exclude its Sire”—  
To tell him farther—“It behoves him much  
To guard th' important, yet-depending fate  
Of being, brighter than a thousand suns ;

One single ray of thought outshines them all."—  
And if man hears obedient, soon he'll soar  
Superior heights, and on his purple wing,  
His purple wing bedrop'd with eyes of gold,  
Rising, where thought is now denied to rise,  
Look down triumphant on these dazzling spheres.

Why then persist?—no mortal ever liv'd  
But, dying, he pronounc'd (when words are true!)  
The whole that charms thee, absolutely vain;  
Vain and far worse!—Think thou, with dying men;  
O condescend to think as angels think!  
O tolerate a chance for happiness!  
Our nature such, ill choice ensures ill fate;  
And hell had been, tho' there had been no God.  
Dost thou not know, my new astronomer!  
Earth, turning from the sun, brings night to man?  
Man, turning from his God, brings endless night;  
Where thou canst read no morals, find no friend,  
Amend no manners, and expect no peace.  
How deep the darkness! and the groan, how loud!  
And far, how far, from lambent are the flames!  
Such is Lorenzo's purchase! such his praise!

The proud, the politic, Lorenzo's praise !  
Tho' in his ear, and level'd at his heart,  
I've half read o'er the volume of the skies.

For think not thou hast heard all this from me ;  
My song but echoes what great Nature speaks ;  
What has she spoken ? Thus the goddess spoke,  
Thus speaks forever :—" Place at nature's head,  
A sov'reign, which o'er all things rolls his eye,  
Extends his wing, promulgates his commands,  
But, above all, diffuses endless good ;  
To whom, for sure redress, the wrong'd may fly ;  
The vile, for mercy ; and the pain'd, for peace ;  
By whom the various tenants of these spheres,  
Diversified in fortunes, place, and powers,  
Rais'd in enjoyment, as in worth they rise,  
Arrive at length (if worthy such approach)  
At that blest fountain-head, from which they stream ;  
Where conflict past redoubles present joy ;  
And present joy looks forward on increase ;  
And that on more ; no period ! ev'rr ep  
A double boon ! a promise, and a bliss."  
How easy sits this scheme on human hearts !

It suits their make ; it soothes their vast desires ;  
Passion is pleas'd ; and reason asks no more ;  
'Tis rational ! 'tis great !—But what is thine ?  
It darkens ! shocks ! excruciates ! and confounds !  
Leaves us quite naked, both of help, and hope,  
Sinking from bad to worse ; few years, the sport  
Of fortune ; then, the morsel of despair.  
Say, then, Lorenzo ! (for thou know'st it well)  
What's vice ?—Mere want of compass in our thought.  
Religion, what ?—The proof of common-sense ;  
How art thou hooted, where the least prevails !  
Is it my fault, if these truths call thee fool ?  
And thou shalt never be miscall'd by me.  
Can neither shame, nor terror, stand thy friend ?  
And art thou still an insect in the mire ?  
How, like thy guardian angel, have I flown ;  
Snatch'd thee from earth ; escorted thee thro' all  
Th' ethereal armies ; walk'd thee, like a god,  
Thro' splendors of first magnitude, arrang'd  
On either hand ; clouds thrown beneath thy feet ;  
Close-cruis'd on the bright Paradise of God ;  
And almost introduced thee to the Throne !



And art thou still carousing, for delight,  
Rank poison ; first, fermenting to mere froth,  
And then subsiding into final gall ?  
To beings of sublime, immortal make,  
How shocking is all joy, whose end is sure !  
Such joy more shocking still, the more it charms !  
And dost thou choose what ends, ere well begun ?  
And infamous, as short ? And dost thou choose  
(Thou, to whose palate glory is so sweet)  
To wade into perdition, thro' contempt,  
Not of poor bigots only, but thy own ?  
For I have peep'd into thy cover'd heart,  
And seen it blush beneath a boastful brow ;  
For, by strong guilt's most violent assault,  
Conscience is but disabled, not destroy'd.

O thou most awful being and most vain !  
Thy will, how frail ! how glorious is thy power !  
Tho' dread Eternity has sown her seeds  
Of bliss, and woe, in thy despotic breast ;  
Tho' Heav'n, and hell, depend upon thy choice ;  
A butterfly comes 'cross, and both are fled.  
Is this a picture of a rational ?

This horrid image, shall it be most just ?  
Lorenzo! No it cannot,—shall not be,  
If there is force in reason ; or, in sounds  
Chanted beneath the glimpses of the moon,  
A magic, at this planetary hour,  
When slumber locks the general lip, and dreams  
Thro' senseless mazes, hunt souls uninspired.  
Attend—the sacred mysteries begin—  
My solemn night-born adjuration hear ;  
Hear, and I 'll raise thy spirit from the dust ;  
While the stars gaze on this enchantment new ;  
Enchantment, not infernal, but divine !

“ By silence, death's peculiar attribute ;  
By darkness, guilt's inevitable doom ;  
By darkness, and by silence, sisters dread !  
That draw the curtain round night's ebon throne,  
And raise ideas, solemn as the scene ;  
By night, and all of awful, night presents  
To thought, or sense (of awful much, to both,  
The goddess brings !) by these her trembling fires,  
Like Vesta's, ever burning ; and, like her's,  
Sacred to thoughts immaculate, and pure !

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By these bright orators, that prove, and praise,  
And press thee to revere, the Deity,  
Perhaps, too, aid thee, when revered awhile,  
To reach his throne ; as stages of the soul,  
Thro' which, at different periods, she shall pass,  
Refining gradual, for her final height,  
And purging off some dross at every sphere !  
By this dark pall thrown o'er the silent world !  
By the world's kings, and kingdoms most renowned,  
From short ambition's zenith set forever ;  
Sad presage to vain boasters now in bloom !  
By the long list of swift mortality,  
From Adam downward to this ev'ning's knell,  
Which midnight waves in fancy's startled eye ;  
And shocks her with a hundred centuries  
Round death's black banner throng'd, in human  
thought !  
By thousands now resigning their last breath,  
And calling thee—wert thou so wise to hear !  
By tombs o'er tombs arising ; human earth ;  
Ejected to make room for—human earth ;  
The monarch's terror ! and the sexton's trade !

By pompous obsequies, that shun the day,  
The torch funereal, and the nodding plume,  
Which makes poor man's humiliation proud,  
Boast of our ruin! triumph of our dust!  
By the damp vault that weeps o'er royal bones;  
And the pale lamp, that shows the ghastly dead,  
More ghastly, thro' the thick incumbent gloom!  
By visits (if there are) from darker scenes,  
The gliding spectre, and the groaning grove!  
By groans, and graves, and miseries that groan  
For the grave's shelter! by desponding men,  
Senseless to pains of death, from pangs of guilt!  
By guilt's last audit! by yon moon in blood,  
The rocking firmament, the falling stars,  
And thunder's last discharge, great nature's knell!  
By second chaos; and eternal night"—  
Be wise—nor let Philander blame my charm;  
But own not ill-discharged my double debt,  
Love to the living; duty to the dead.

For know, I'm but executor; he left  
This moral legacy; I make it o'er  
By his command; Philander hear in me;

And heav'n in both. If deaf to these, oh! hear  
Florello's tender voice; his weal depends  
On thy resolve; it trembles at thy choice;  
For his sake love thyself: example strikes  
All human hearts; a bad example more;  
More still, a father's; that ensures his ruin.  
As parent of his being, wouldst thou prove  
Th' unnatural parent of his miseries,  
And make him curse the being which thou gav'st?  
Is this the blessing of so fond a father?  
If careless of Lorenzo! spare, oh! spare,  
Florello's father, and Philander's friend;  
Florello's father ruin'd, ruins him;  
And from Philander's friend the world expects  
A conduct, no dishonor to the dead.  
Let passion do, what nobler motive should;  
Let love, and emulation, rise in aid  
To reason—and persuade thee to be—blest.

This seems not a request to be denied;  
Yet (such th' infatuation of mankind!)  
'Tis the most hopeless, man can make to man.  
Shall I, then, rise in argument, and warmth;

And urge Philander's posthumous advice,  
From topics yet unbroach'd?—  
But oh! I faint! my spirits fail!—nor strange;  
So long on wing, and in no middle clime;  
To which my great Creator's glory call'd:  
And calls, but, now, in vain. Sleep's dewy wand,  
Has strok'd my drooping lids, and promises  
My long arrear of rest; the downy god  
(Wont to return with our returning peace)  
Will pay, ere long, and bless me with repose.  
Haste, haste, sweet stranger! from the peasant's cot,  
The ship-boy's hammock, or the soldier's straw,  
Whence sorrow never chased thee; with thee bring  
Not hideous visions, as of late; but draughts  
Delicious of well-tasted, cordial rest;  
Man's rich restorative; his balmy bath,  
That supples, lubricates, and keeps in play,  
The various movements of this nice machine,  
Which asks such frequent periods of repair.  
When tir'd with vain rotations of the day;  
Sleep winds us up for the succeeding dawn;  
Fresh we spin on, till sickness clogs our wheels,

Or death quite breaks the spring, and motion ends.  
When will it end with me ?

—“Thou only know'st,  
Thou, whose broad eye the future and the past,  
Joins to the present, making one of three  
To mortal thought! Thou know'st, and thou alone,  
All-knowing!—all-unknown!—and yet well known!  
Near, tho' remote! and, tho' unfathom'd, felt!  
And, tho' invisible, forever seen!  
And seen in all! the great, and the minute:  
Each globe above, with its gigantic race,  
Each flow'r, each leaf, with its small people swarm'd,  
(Those puny vouchers for Omnipotence!)  
To the first thought, that asks 'from whence?' declare  
Their common source. Thou fountain running o'er  
In rivers of communicated joy!  
Who gav'st us speech for far, far humbler themes!  
Say, by what name shall I presume to call  
Him I see burning in these countless suns,  
As Moses in the bush? Illustrious Mind!  
The whole creation less, far less, to thee,  
Than that to the creation's ample round,

How shall I name thee?—how my laboring soul  
Heaves underneath the thought, too big for birth!

“Great System of Perfections! mighty Cause  
Of causes mighty! Cause uncaus'd! sole Root  
Of nature, that luxuriant growth of God!

First Father of effects! that progeny  
Of endless series; where the golden chain's  
Last link admits a period, who can tell?

Father of all that is or heard, or hears!

Father of all that is or seen, or sees!

Father of all that is, or shall arise!

Father of this immeasurable mass

Of matter multiform; or dense, or rare;

Opaque, or lucid; rapid, or at rest;

Minute, or passing bound! in each extreme

Of like amaze, and mystery, to man.

Father of these bright millions of the night!

Of which the least full godhead had proclaim'd,

And thrown the gazer on his knee—or, say,

Is appellation higher still, thy choice?

Father of matter's temporary lords!

Father of spirits! nobler offspring! sparks




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Of high paternal glory ; rich endow'd  
With various measures, and with various modes  
Of instinct, reason, intuition ; beams  
More pale, or bright from day divine, to break  
The dark of matter organiz'd (the ware  
Of all created spirit) ; beams, that rise  
Each over other in superior light,  
Till the last ripens into lustre strong,  
Of next approach to Godhead. Father fond  
(Far fonder than e'er bore that name on earth)  
Of intellectual beings ! beings blest  
With pow'rs to please thee ; not of passive ply  
To laws they know not ; beings lodg'd in seats  
Of well-adapted joys ; in diff'rent domes  
Of this imperial palace for thy sons ;  
Of this proud, populous, well-policied,  
Tho' boundless habitation, plann'd by Thee ;  
Whose several clans their several climates suit ;  
And transposition, doubtless, would destroy.  
Or, oh ! indulge, immortal King ! indulge  
A title, less august indeed, but more  
Endearing ; ah ! how sweet in human ears !

Sweet in our ears ! and triumph in our hearts !  
Father of immortality to man !  
A theme that lately\* set my soul on fire.  
And Thou the next ! yet equal ; Thou, by whom  
That blessing was convey'd ; far more ! was bought ;  
Ineffable the price ! by whom all worlds  
Were made ; and one, redeem'd ! illustrious Light  
From Light illustrious ! Thou, whose regal power,  
Finite in time, but infinite in space,  
On more than adamantine basis fix'd,  
O'er more, far more, than diadems, and thrones,  
Inviolably reigns : the dread of gods !  
And oh ! the Friend of man ! beneath whose foot,  
And by the mandate of whose awful nod,  
All regions, revolutions, fortunes, fates,  
Of high, of low, of mind, and matter, roll  
Thro' the short channels of expiring time,  
Or shoreless ocean of eternity,  
Calm, or tempestuous, (as thy spirit breathes)  
In absolute subjection !—And, O Thou  
The glorious third ! distinct, not separate !

\* Night the Sixth and Seventh.



Beaming from both! with both incorporate!  
And (strange to tell!) incorporate with dust!  
By condescension, as thy glory, great,  
Enshrin'd in man! of human hearts, if pure,  
Divine inhabitant! the tie divine  
Of heav'n with distant earth! by whom, I trust,  
(If not inspir'd) uncensur'd this address  
To Thee, to them—to whom?—mysterious power!  
Reveal'd—yet unreveal'd! darkness in light!  
Number in unity! our joy! our dread!  
The triple bolt that lays all wrong in ruin!  
That animates all right, the triple sun!  
Sun of the soul! her never-setting sun!  
Triune, unutterable, unconceiv'd,  
Absconding, yet demonstrable, great God!  
Greater than greatest! better than the best!  
Kinder than kindest! with soft pity's eye,  
Or (stronger still to speak it) with thine own,  
From thy bright home, from that high firmament,  
Where thou, from all eternity, hast dwelt;  
Beyond archangels' unassisted ken;  
From far above what mortals highest call;

From elevation's pinnacle ; look down,  
Through—what ? confounding interval ! thro' all,  
And more, than lab'ring fancy can conceive ;  
Thro' radiant ranks of essences unknown ;  
Thro' hierarchies from hierarchies detach'd  
Round various banners of Omnipotence,  
With endless change of rapturous duties fir'd ;  
Thro' wond'rous beings' interposing swarms,  
All clust'ring at the call, to dwell in Thee ;  
Thro' this wide waste of worlds ; this vista vast,  
All sanded o'er with suns ; suns turn'd to night  
Before thy feeblest beam—look down—down—down,  
On a poor breathing particle in dust,  
Or, lower,—an immortal in his crimes.  
His crimes forgive ! forgive his virtues, too !  
Those smaller faults ; half-converts to the right.  
Nor let me close these eyes, which never more  
May see the sun (tho' night's descending scale  
Now weighs up morn), unpitied, and unblest !  
In thy displeasure dwells eternal pain ;  
Pain, our aversion ; pain, which strikes me now ;  
And, since all pain is terrible to man,

Tho' transient, terrible ; at thy good hour,  
Gently, ah gently, lay me in my bed,  
My clay-cold bed ! by nature, now, so near ;  
By nature, near ; still nearer by disease !  
Till then, be this, an emblem of my grave ;  
Let it out-preach the preacher ; ev'ry night  
Let it outcry the boy at Philip's ear ;  
That tongue of death ! that herald of the tomb !  
And when (the shelter of thy wing implor'd)  
My senses, sooth'd, shall sink in soft repose ;  
O sink this truth still deeper in my soul,  
Suggested by my pillow, sign'd by fate,  
First, in fate's volume, at the page of man—  
Man's sickly soul, tho' turn'd and toss'd forever,  
From side to side, can rest on nought but Thee ;  
Here, in full trust ; hereafter, in full joy.  
On Thee, the promis'd, sure, eternal down  
Of spirits toil'd in travel thro' this vale.  
Nor of that pillow shall my soul despond ;  
For—love almighty ! love almighty (sing,  
Exult, creation ! ) love almighty, reigns !

That death of death! that cordial of despair!  
And loud eternity's triumphant song!

“Of whom, no more:—for, O thou Patron-God!  
Thou God, and Mortal! thence more God to man!  
Man's theme eternal! man's eternal theme!  
Thou canst not 'scape uninjur'd from our praise.  
Uninjur'd from our praise can He escape,  
Who, disembosom'd from the Father, bows  
The Heav'n of Heav'ns, to kiss the distant earth,  
Breathes out in agonies a sinless soul!  
Against the cross death's iron sceptre breaks!  
From famish'd ruin plucks her human prey!  
Throws wide the gates celestial to his foes!  
Their gratitude, for such a boundless debt,  
Deputes their suff'ring brothers to receive!  
And, if deep human guilt in payment fails;  
As deeper guilt, prohibits our despair!  
Injoins it, as our duty, to rejoice!  
And (to close all), omnipotently kind,  
Takes his delights among the sons of Men.”\*

\* Prov. chap. viii.

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What words are these!—And did they come from  
Heaven?

And were they spoke to man? to guilty man?  
What are all mysteries to love like this!  
The song of Angels, all the melodies  
Of choral gods, are wafted in the sound;  
Heal and exhilarate the broken heart,  
Tho' plung'd, before, in horrors dark as night;  
Rich prelibation of consummate joy!  
Nor wait we dissolution to be blest.

This final effort of the moral muse,  
How justly titled!\* nor for me alone;  
For all that read; what spirit of support,  
What heights of CONSOLATION, crown my song?

Then, farewell NIGHT! of darkness, now, no more:  
Joy breaks, shines, triumphs; 'tis eternal DAY.  
Shall that which rises out of nought complain  
Of a few evils, paid with endless joys?

\* The Consolation.

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My soul! henceforth, in sweetest union join  
The two supports of human happiness,  
Which some, erroneous, think can never meet ;  
True taste of life, and constant thought of death ;  
The thought of death, sole victor of its dread ;  
Hope be thy joy, and probity thy skill ;  
Thy patron, he, whose diadem has dropp'd  
Yon gems of Heav'n ; eternity, thy prize ;  
And leave the racers of the world their own,  
Their feather, and their froth, for endless toils :  
They part with all for that which is not bread ;  
They mortify, they starve, on wealth, fame, power ;  
And laugh to scorn the fools that aim at more.  
How must a spirit late escap'd from earth,  
Suppose Philander's, Lucia's, or Narcissa's,  
The truth of things, new blazing in its eye,  
Look back, astonish'd, on the ways of men,  
Whose lives' whole drift is to forget their graves !  
And when our present privilege is past,  
To scourge us with due sense of its abuse,  
The same astonishment will seize us all.  
What then must pain us, would preserve us now.



Lorenzo ! 'tis not yet too late : Lorenzo !  
Seize wisdom, ere 'tis torment to be wise ;  
That is, seize wisdom, ere she seizes thee.  
For, what, my small philosopher ! is hell !  
'Tis nothing but full knowledge of the truth,  
When truth, resisted long, is sworn our foe ;  
And calls eternity to do her right.

Thus, darkness aiding intellectual light,  
And sacred silence whispering truths divine,  
And truths divine converting pain to peace,  
My song the midnight raven has outwing'd,  
And shot, ambitious of unbounded scenes,  
Beyond the flaming limits of the world,  
Her gloomy flight. But what avails the flight  
Of fancy when our hearts remain below ?  
Virtue abounds in flatterers, and foes ;  
Tis pride, to praise her ; penance, to perform.  
To more than words, to more than worth of tongue.  
Lorenzo ! rise, at this auspicious hour ;  
An hour, when Heav'n's most intimate with man ;  
When, like a falling star, the ray divine  
Glides swift into the bosom of the just ;

And just are all, determin'd to reclaim ;  
Which sets that title high, within thy reach.  
Awake, then, thy Philander calls : awake !  
Thou, who shalt wake, when the creation sleeps ;  
When, like a taper, all these suns expire ;  
When time, like him of Gaza in his wrath,  
Plucking the pillars that support the world,  
In nature's ample ruins lies entom'd ;  
And midnight, universal midnight ! reigns.

THE END.







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